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NO. 84

RENEWED ATTACKS WEST OF THE MEUSE

Germans Succeeded in Regaining Footing in Two Small Works

WERE REPULSED EAST OF HAUCOURT; HEAVY LOSSES

Southeast of Bethincourt the French Had Advantage in Grenade Fighting

Paris, April 8.—The Germans renewed their attacks south and east of Haucourt, in the Verdun region, last night and gained a footing in two small field works between Haucourt and Hill No. 287, the war office announced today. Fighting with grenades between Bethincourt and Chantancourt turned to the advantage of the French.

East of the Meuse there was intermittent bombardment of French positions. Near Fort Vaux the Germans made an attack with grenades and were repulsed.

The text of the communication follows:

"In the Argonne there was fighting at La Fille Morte, where we exploded two small mines with success. At Hill No. 285 we occupied the southern side of a mine crater created by the explosion of a German mine.

West of Meuse.
"West of the Meuse the Germans last night renewed their attacks against our positions south and east of Haucourt. At the latter point, in spite of repeated efforts, the enemy found it impossible to dislodge us. We poured out upon him a murderous fire which caused him heavy losses.

"South of Haucourt the Germans succeeded in gaining a footing in two small works between Haucourt and Hill No. 287 which we had occupied.

French Had Advantage.
"Southeast of Bethincourt there was a continuation of the fighting, with hand grenades in the communicating trenches on the road between Bethincourt and Chantancourt, which resulted in some advantage to us.

"East of the Meuse there was intermittent bombardment of our positions. An attack with hand grenades against one of our trenches of the Vaux fort was repulsed by our fire.

"In the Vosges the night passed quietly.

"In the Vosges a reconnaissance in an endeavor to occupy one of our small posts at Langeleldkopf, south of Stenmarch, was dispersed by our artillery."

German Claim.

Berlin, April 8.—The war office announced today the capture of French positions more than two kilometers wide in the Verdun region west of the Meuse.

HELLMUTH WILL ACT FOR THE GOVERNMENT

Toronto Barrister Chosen for Fuse Inquiry; Liberal Counsel Not Selected Yet

Ottawa, April 8.—The government has selected its counsel for the inquiry to be made into the fuse contracts before Chief Justice Meredith and Mr. Justice Duff. I. F. Hollnuth, K. C., of Toronto, a leader of the Ontario bar with much experience in investigation, will act. He was one of the government's counsel in the marriage law reference before the Supreme court.

The counsel for the Liberals has not been appointed as yet. The men mentioned include W. N. Tilley, of Toronto, and Alime Geoffroy, K. C., of Montreal. F. B. Carvell, member for Carleton, N. B., and George W. Kytte, member for Richmond, N. S., will be associated in an advisory capacity with whomever is chosen as counsel.

The date for the commencement of the inquiry has not been set as yet, but there is to be no unnecessary delay, and quite possibly a start will be made the week after next. That General Sir Sam Hughes is expected back in Ottawa at the end of next week. The investigation will not begin until he has arrived.

NORWAY AND NAVAL MEN OF BELLIGERENTS

Berlin, April 8.—A dispatch from Christiania says:
"The Norwegian government has agreed with the German, British, French and Russian governments that the men belonging to the navies of belligerents who, under international law, are subject to internment in Norway, shall be permitted to return home in case they are incapacitated for service by poor health."

FORTY-ONE TO-DAY; BRAVE KING ALBERT



New York, April 8.—One hundred thousand members of the Daughters of the American Revolution put on sale throughout the United States today 10,000,000 little Belgian flags in an effort to raise a fund of \$1,000,000 for the benefit of destitute women and children in Belgium and Northern Poland. The day was selected because it is the forty-first birthday anniversary of King Albert of Belgium.

DISTINGUISHED MEN WILL GO TO PARIS

Entente Conference on Economic Questions Will Be Opened April 20

POINCARÉ TO PRESIDE AT OPENING SESSION

Paris, April 8.—The conference of the Entente powers for discussion of economic and commercial questions will assemble in Paris on April 20. It will be attended by many distinguished delegates, including cabinet ministers from the various countries.

The sessions will extend over four days. President Poincaré will preside at the opening. The principal topic of discussion will be mutual exchange of commodities under a tariff system favorable to the allied nations.

Mr. Hughes.

London, April 8.—The real attitude of the imperial government towards the proposal that Mr. Hughes, prime minister of Australia, attend the Entente conference at Paris at which post-war economic questions will be discussed, will be revealed in parliament next week. During the last few days this matter has given rise to some rather undignified dickerings.

"He may very well go on behalf of the British dominions," says the Daily Telegraph, "for although he is not actually accredited by any one of them save the Australian Commonwealth, nobody will deny that he represents what we may call the spirit of the overseas dominions to a degree unsurpassed by any public man of the empire. Nor do we imagine that the susceptibilities of the other great dominions will be wounded. We only wish Sir Robert Borden were here to speak for Canada. The conference will only discuss; it will not commit the countries represented to any cut-and-dried scheme."

Spanish Minister.

Madrid, April 8.—Dr. Alfonso Costa, minister of finance, was en route to Paris today. The report gained circulation that he will attend the Entente economic conference which is to begin in Paris on April 20.

VANDVENTER TOOK MORE THAN 400 MEN

More Details of Success in Region of Arusha, German East Africa

London, April 8.—The British success in German East Africa reported yesterday include the capture of more than 400 men, according to an official statement issued this morning. This statement is as follows:

"Further reports from the south indicate that Maj.-Gen. Vandventer's success in the Arusha district was more extensive than at first appeared. The number of Germans surrounded and compelled to capitulate was considerable. The German casualties were numerous. Already 17 Europeans and 404 native soldiers have surrendered with machine guns and large quantities of ammunition. More prisoners remain to be brought in."

CHEATS TREASURY FOR MILLIONAIRES

Mackenzie-Mann Group Relieved of Payment of Registry Office Fees

THIRTEEN THOUSAND LOST TO PROVINCE

Attorney-General Bowser Recommended That Lumber Concern Be Given Favor

Legislative Prison Gallery.

April 8.

In this season of deficits in the financial operations of the province a loss of ten or twelve thousand dollars to the revenue is a serious matter, and when the loss is occasioned by an act of the government to relieve persons or corporations from payments which they could well afford to make the loss is one which cannot be forgiven.

When the Canadian Northern promoters and their associates are costing the province so much in other ways, a little thing like the loss of a few thousand dollars does not count, but the people of British Columbia will be deeply concerned in this further indication of the manner in which these particular millionaires are given favored consideration at every turn.

The men who were relieved of paying registry office fees to the amount of some thirteen thousand dollars are such men as Sir William Mackenzie, Sir Donald Mann, Col. A. D. Davidson and D. B. Hanna, heads of the Canadian Northern system; Col. A. D. McEneaney, of Vancouver, one of the wealthiest men on this coast; Hon. Peter Jansen, a multi-millionaire rancher and banker of the state of Nebraska; and R. H. Horne Payne, a well known English financier.

The commercial and industrial operations of the Canadian Northern group in this province have been followed by bankruptcy in practically every instance. There was the case of the Canadian North Pacific Fisheries, which went into liquidation. The Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir), with heavily watered stock, could not be made to pay, and there is the confession of the present minister of mines of the province that it was in order to cover up the real cause of his failure to make good that the American mine manager employed after the Mackenzie-Mann interests purchased the property brought about the labor troubles which worked such injury to Vancouver Island. The failures of the railway plans of the syndicate are patent to the people of this city, and have been for years now.

In their manipulations of the timber resources of the province the group have fared as badly—or, rather, the province has fared badly at their hands. The Canadian Western Lumber Company, Limited, is a corporation which has among its directors the men named above, and associated with it is the Columbia River Lumber Company, Limited. They are practically bankrupt, too, and have had to effect a reorganization, but even then are not able to find the money to pay off their debt. There are debenture holders in the first-named company to the extent of \$1,629,314 sterling, and in the other to the extent of \$1,384,214 sterling, and first mortgages securing them have been executed in favor of the British Empire Trust Company Limited, as trustee on lands situated in the Victoria and New Westminster districts.

These instruments had to be filed in the land registry offices here, and in the Royal City, and the fees payable to the province would have aggregated \$18,873.46. By an order-in-council dated May 13, 1915, on a memorandum from Hon. W. J. Bowser, attorney-general, and approved the same day after the signature of W. J. Bowser, president member of the executive council, the companies were permitted to register the mortgages on payment of fees of \$100 here and the same sum in New Westminster.

The memorandum recites the mortgage arrangements, and that "owing to the financial conditions which have existed during the past year or two in this province it became impossible for the said lumber companies to carry on their business" and further recites: "And whereas the said two companies have spent many millions of dollars in this province, and under such reorganization it is fully expected they will continue to carry on their very large business, employing many men in connection therewith:

"And whereas if full registration fees are required to be paid on registration of the above two debenture mortgages, so to be executed as aforesaid, the same will to that extent use up money which would otherwise be available towards a reduction of liabilities; and to that extent will make it more difficult for the said companies to carry on business under present financial conditions:

"And whereas for the reason set forth in the annexed memorandum and

in circulars A and B respectively hereunto annexed it is deemed advisable not to require payment of full fees on registration of the two above in part recited first mortgages so to be executed as aforesaid:

For these reasons the memorandum recommends that the sum of two hundred dollars be accepted. The public accounts committee is investigating this matter and Mr. Bowser has intimated that he wants to give his explanation to the committee.

ERROR IN REPORT OF HEARING BEFORE OTTAWA COMMITTEE

Ottawa, April 8.—In the press reports sent to the Middle West and the Pacific coast yesterday afternoon and last night of the investigation before the public accounts committee of the dredging contract at Victoria, B. C., an error occurred. The name of the sub-contractor was given as C. E. McDonald, when it should have been C. E. McDonald.

The main contractors are Grant Smith & Co., and McDonald, Ltd., against whom no charge has been made in any way in the evidence brought out before the committee.

WILSON EXPECTED TO TAKE ACTION

Germany Must Keep Promise or Diplomatic Relations Will Be Broken

MOVE LOOKED FOR AT NEXT CABINET MEETING

Washington, April 8.—It is reported that President Wilson has decided that Germany must absolutely pledge—and show that the pledge will be observed—that she will not countenance further attacks without warning on unarmed belligerent or neutral merchantmen, or diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany will be broken off. Action in this direction probably will be taken at the cabinet meeting next Tuesday, it is said.

Administration circles understand that the president plans sharp action. He does not intend to declare war or even make any intimation of war, but simply to declare that the United States cannot maintain friendly relations with a government which seems to violate its pledges.

HUGHES WILL TAKE ADVANCED POSITION

Australian Prime Minister to Attend Entente Conference; Subjects for Discussion

Paris, April 8.—Mr. Hughes, prime minister of Australia, who will be a delegate to the entente economic conference which will be opened here on April 20, is expected to take an advanced position for a joint tariff system which would establish minimum rates among the allied countries and their overseas dominions and less reasonable rates to the countries now hostile.

Other subjects to be taken up are:
1. An understanding concerning all legislation intended to regulate commercial relations among the belligerents, such as the execution of contracts, the recovery of credits, sequestration of goods and the subject of patents.

2. Precautionary measures to be taken against invasion of any of the allied countries by German products after the passage from the state of war to a state of peace.

3. Reparation for war damages.

4. Reduction of postal, telegraphic and telephonic rates among the allied countries.

5. Agreements relative to the international transport of goods.

6. Creation of an international patent office.

7. The commercial regime of the overseas dominions and colonies of the allied countries.

8. Internationalization of laws concerning stock companies.

9. Measures intended to reduce metal circulation through an international chamber of compensation, and a postal check system.

10. Uniform principles to be inscribed in the laws relative to false designation of merchandise.

11. Falsification.

12. Legislation regarding the loss and theft of bonds payable to bearer.

SNOW IN IOWA.

Des Moines, Ia., April 8.—Snow was general to-day over this section.

In circulars A and B respectively hereunto annexed it is deemed advisable not to require payment of full fees on registration of the two above in part recited first mortgages so to be executed as aforesaid.

For these reasons the memorandum recommends that the sum of two hundred dollars be accepted. The public accounts committee is investigating this matter and Mr. Bowser has intimated that he wants to give his explanation to the committee.

DENY PALEMBANG SUNK BY TORPEDO

Intimated Germans Have Sent Similar Reply About Sex to States

NORWEGIAN S. S. ARENA SUNK WITHOUT WARNING

French Passenger Liner Was Shelled Without Warning; Three British Ships Sunk

The Hague, April 8.—The German government informed Holland today that the Dutch steamship Palembang was not sunk by a torpedo from a German submarine, as no German submarines were operating at the time in the vicinity of the spot where the Palembang was sent down.

A dispatch received here today from Berlin intimates that a similar reply is en route to Washington regarding the sinking of the Channel steamer Sussex, on which there were several Americans.

Without Warning.
Copenhagen, April 8.—The Norwegian consul at Rotterdam reported today that the Norwegian steamship Arena, sunk a few days ago, was torpedoed by a German submarine without warning.

Without Warning.
Marseilles, April 8.—The large French passenger steamship Colbert was shelled without warning by a submarine in the Mediterranean, but being under a full head of steam escaped her aggressor by superior speed, at the same time sending out wireless warning of the submarine's presence to other ships in the vicinity.

The Colbert is of 5,349 tons gross and 277 feet long with a beam of 47 feet. She was built in 1905 at French yards on the Mediterranean.

Three British Ships.

London, April 8.—Dispatches received by Lloyds today told of the loss of three British merchant vessels—the Chantala, 4,949 tons gross; the Brautoun, 4,575 tons gross, and the Clyde.

The Chantala was torpedoed by a German submarine. No mention of the fate of the crew was made in the dispatch. The Chantala plied between England and India and was built in 1915.

The Brautoun was sunk by a mine. She arrived at Spezia, Italy, on Dec. 18 from Philadelphia, but no mention has been made of her since in shipping lists.

The Clyde also struck a mine. The members of her crew were saved.

THREW AWAY SOME OF BEST TROOPS

Germans Continued to Make Sacrifices West of the Meuse

Paris, April 8.—A wounded artillery officer says that the Germans are losing just as many men in their attempt to turn the position of Le Mort Homme, west of the Meuse, as they did to reach the fringe of the Douaumont plateau, east of the Meuse.

"The fighting on Wednesday," he said, "degenerated into a sheer massacre of some of the Kaiser's best troops, including the 14th Hanoverians, whose flag is decorated with the Iron Cross, and the 2nd Bavarians whose honorary colonel is Prince Rupprecht."

"In point of numbers and ferocity of fighting this action was the most important since that of March 7, when at Vaux we tore a gash in the German ranks which can never be repaired."

Mowed Down.
"The onslaught on Wednesday lasted seven hours, during which the Germans attacked ten times. They failed completely to take Bethincourt despite the fact that our few defenders had to submit to a continuous crossfire. Once they got within 50 yards of our first house, our fire suddenly opened fire on them at short range. I can not recall what happened without a shudder. Within five minutes the whole attacking column bit the dust, and that was the last effort made against Bethincourt that day."

"Farther east they managed to bend our line slightly, entering Haucourt, which is a quarter of a mile south of Bethincourt, but it cost them many men after mounds of dead and dying and all they got were shapeless heaps of bricks, which from Hill No. 304 our guns now rake from end to end."

GERMANS ATTEMPTED TO WRECK MUNITIONS PLANT IN VANCOUVER

Believed Plotters Threw Bomb Into Basement of American Can Company's Big Factory Last Evening; Explosion Was a Failure: German Was Arrested Several Days Ago; Now at Vernon.

Vancouver, April 8.—That the terrific explosion which wrecked the basement of the American Can Company's big Railway street plant last evening was not caused by the service of the Vancouver Gas Company, was the declaration made today by C. Bain, business manager of the gas company. This statement strengthens the police theory that the big factory, which employs 390 persons, was deliberately "bombed" by German sympathizers who previously had made threats against the plant because of the fact that munitions were being made there.

R. W. Wiley, superintendent of the American Can Company, stated today that he had no statement to issue, as he was in entire ignorance of the cause of the explosion.

It was shortly after 6 o'clock when the explosion took place. The watchman had just passed through the basement and was in the act of punching the time clock at the other end of the building, when with a deafening roar, the concussion took place.

PLOT AGAINST LIFE OF PIERPONT MORGAN

Reported Anarchists in States Also Would Kill Some European Monarchs

San Francisco, April 8.—The existence of a nation-wide organization that is plotting the assassination of J. P. Morgan, was confirmed today by State's Attorney Hoynes, of Chicago, and A. Bruce Bielaski, chief of the bureau of investigation of the department of justice in Washington, according to private advices received here.

State's Attorney Hoynes admitted that he had information of an alleged plot by anarchists to assassinate not only Mr. Morgan, but also Charles M. Schwab and all the rulers of Europe held accountable for the war.

Anonymous Letters.
Theodore Kikka, a handwriting expert here, has been engaged by the department of justice, it was learned today, to help trace the writers of the anonymous letters which have been sent from San Francisco, Seattle and Portland to Mr. Morgan. More than twenty such letters have been turned over to Kikka, according to a man who is closely connected with the office of Don C. Rathbun, the chief investigator here for the department of justice.

Chief Bielaski, at Washington, admitted that he had heard of a secret organization in San Francisco which had sent threats to Mr. Morgan. He declined to give out further details and said no evidence had been found of its actual existence.

Arrests Expected.

It was admitted here yesterday by a man closely connected with the investigation that the arrest of some of the members of the organization was expected hourly.

"We already know the names of some of the men," this man said.

According to State's Attorney Hoynes, who came into possession of his information regarding the existence of the organization through the investigations of the activities of Jean Cronos, supposed to have worked with a group of anarchists in an attempt to slay scores of prominent men at the banquet to Archbishop Mundelein at the University club in Chicago, the anarchists in this new plot wished to make a violent protest against war. They, therefore, conspired to slay the rulers of those countries responsible for bringing on the war, and the men who have been active in furnishing the allied nations with munitions of war as being responsible for the prolongation of the conflict.

Damage Not Serious.

Further investigation is being made today. Several gas experts are examining the wrecked meter, while the police are prosecuting their inquiries.

The damage to the building was not serious, and the work at which the employees were engaged will not be seriously interfered with. The gas service was renewed within one hour after the explosion had taken place.

RECORDS BROKEN.

Philadelphia, April 8.—Pennsylvania and New Jersey to-day experienced record-breaking April snowstorms. Six inches of snow covered the ground in many sections.

COLD AT KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, Mo., April 8.—Kansas City to-day experienced bitter cold and heavy snowfall.

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INDEPENDENT CREAMERY BUTTER Per lb.....	SELECTED PICNIC HAM, per lb.....	16c
AYLMER ORANGE MARMALADE 2-lb. tin.....	FRESH ROASTED JUMBO PEANUTS 2 lbs. for.....	25c
RASPBERRY AND APPLE OR STRAWBERRY AND APPLE JAM Per jar.....	FRESH MIXED BISCUITS, per lb.....	15c
OKANAGAN STRAWBERRY and APPLE JAM 4-lb. tin.....	TOMATOES Large can.....	10c
PURITY ROLLED OATS, per 8-lb sack (not seven).....	PEAS, BEANS, OR CORN per can.....	10c
PURITY BREAKFAST FOOD, 5 lb. sack.....	FINE LOCAL POTATOES, nice and mealy; 100-lb. sack.....	\$1.25
ROYAL STANDARD OR KING'S QUALITY FLOUR, sack.....	FANCY ASHCROFT POTATOES 100-lb. sack.....	\$1.85
C. & Y. BREAD FLOUR, the best Bread Flour to be had; 49-lb. sack.....	ANTI-COMBINE COFFEE, very fine. 1-lb. tin.....	35c
	PEANUT BUTTER 1-lb. tin.....	25c
	SHREDDED OR DESICATED COCOANUT Per lb.....	20c

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GUNS BUSY YESTERDAY ON ST. ELOI FRONT

French Repulsed Attack at Haucourt; Made Progress in Bethincourt Region

London, April 8.—The following official communication was issued last night:

"Yesterday at St. Eloi the enemy succeeded in regaining a portion of the ground we had captured on March 27. The fighting continues.

"Last night, after a heavy bombardment, a small enemy raiding party entered one of our trenches north of the River Ancre, but was quickly driven out.

"To-day there has been artillery activity about Souchez, Poullette, St. Eloi and Ypres.

French Report.

Paris, April 8.—The French made a grenade attack at Bethincourt and Hill 265, northwest of Verdun, and made progress in the communicating trenches in the same region, according to the official communication issued last night. A German attack over a front of about a mile and a quarter around Haucourt was repulsed.

The text of the report follows:

"In Belgium our heavy artillery has carried out a destructive fire on German organizations at Middelkerke and Langemarck.

"West of the Meuse, after a violent bombardment lasting several hours, the enemy directed against our positions to the south and on the eastern out-

skirts of the village of Haucourt a strong attack on a front of about two kilometres. Stopped by our curtain of fire and the intense fire of our mitrailleuses, the enemy was unable to reach his goal, and was forced to retreat to his trenches, leaving on the ground numerous dead.

Made Progress.

"Southeast of Bethincourt we made, through the use of grenades, some progress in the communicating trenches, captured last night by the enemy between Bethincourt and Hill 265.

"A rather violent bombardment of Le Mort Homme and Cumleux village has occurred.

"East of the Meuse and in the Woivre there has been artillery fighting.

"On the rest of the front there have been the usual bombardments."

Belgian Report.

The following report was issued last evening:

"A small surprise attack last night against one of our advanced posts near Steenstraete was repulsed. This afternoon a rather violent artillery duel took place in the sector of Ramscapelle and Dixmude."

MR. ASQUITH WORKS BY DAY AND NIGHT

London Chronicle's Defence of Him; His Triumph in Commons

London, April 8.—One of the commonest reproaches made against Mr. Asquith is that he takes matters too easily. The Daily Chronicle editorially remarks:

"Indolent critics who tax the prime minister with their own fault would do well to observe his time table during the last few days. His visit to Italy followed immediately on a busy visit to Paris, and it was one long round of consultations and public functions in which it is universally acknowledged he gave of his best and rendered the cause of the Anglo-Italian alliance a signal service. He left Italy on Wednesday and traveled straight through to London, without a break in his journey, though not without receiving a visit from the French premier and his finance minister at Paris, during the stoppage of his train there. He reached Charing Cross at 4 o'clock in the morning after these exhausting experiences and in the afternoon he was at his place in the cabinet, presiding over an important meeting. The afternoon saw him in the House of Commons answering questions and making a statement.

No Advertising.

"Now energy of this kind, which only an extraordinary constitution renders possible, may easily be overlooked because there is no element of advertising in it, and yet it is precisely the kind of energy which his business and duties demand. Because Mr. Asquith sticks to his work and because that work allows him little leisure in war time to run over the country making speeches, people who have not a tithe of his industry like to pretend he is idle. If he acted less and talked more such pretence would be impossible.

"It is inevitable that a democracy should appreciate better the kind of work it sees than that kind which it cannot see, and for our part, having regard to this inevitable condition of politics, we wish he could see his way to speak rather oftener, but it ought to be more widely realized that what keeps him silent is not inertia, but prodigious energy in supporting his unrivalled burden."

Designs.

Prior to Mr. Asquith's return from the continent doubts and fears were paramount among politicians as to his ability to checkmate the moves which had been made to undermine his leadership. The Westminster Gazette says:

"Mr. Asquith found that in his absence a little group of people who pursue him with unrelenting hostility had prepared what they imagined to be a fatal trap for him. The married men's agitation is to have its climax in parliament one day next week when, according to their calculations, either Mr. Asquith or Mr. Bonar Law will be driven to resign, and in either case the coalition will be broken up."

"Mr. Asquith has said he will not carry the Military Service Act beyond single men. Mr. Bonar Law has said he will not remain in the government if the Unionist party votes against him. It only remains, therefore, to obtain a vote of the Unionist party in favour of compulsion for married men to require Mr. Bonar Law to resign or the prime minister to go back on his word, and either course, it is agreed, must be fatal."

Royal Reception.

When Mr. Asquith appeared in the House after his return he was accorded a royal reception. He knocked the bottom out of the conspiracy by declaring that the government was not going to be rushed into a premature decision on the recruiting problem and the position of unmarried married men. He intimated plainly that he was not going to allow himself to be hustled by either the "jingo" groups in the Commons or by newspaper campaigns outside the House.

The government's position was strengthened by the debate which followed on the payment of M. P.'s salaries.

Henry Duke, the eloquent K. C., followed with a vehement onslaught on "the intrigues and cabal, underground plotting and secret manoeuvres."

Asquith Conquered.

After that, as the Chronicle's parliamentary correspondent says, nothing mattered. The conspirators were scattered in confusion. The battle was won. Asquith came, he saw, he conquered.

STATES DISAPPOINTED HIM, STATES SPAHN

German Deputy Looked for Some Help for Germany; Ebert's Speech

Berlin, April 6.—(Delayed)—Following the speech of historical importance made in the Reichstag yesterday by Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, Dr. Peter Spahn, leader of the Centre party, and Friedrich Ebert, leader of the Socialists, took up the speaker's words and endeavored to expand upon the chancellor's declarations concerning Belgium and the relations between Germany and the United States. Dr. Spahn said the United States had shown that its sympathy favored Britain. Dr. Ebert said neutral rights must be respected conscientiously and that unrestricted use of the torpedo must be opposed "with the utmost sharpness."

Dr. Spahn endeavored to expand the chancellor's words into a declaration that Belgium, whatever its formal status after the war may be, "must remain politically, militarily and economically in German hands."

For this interpretation, however, the chancellor's words furnish no basis. He is disappointed.

Taking up the American question, Dr. Spahn said:

"The press, the people and the government of the United States have shown by their conduct that their sympathies and business interests favor Great Britain and not Germany. The United States has become a regular arsenal and base of supplies on a large scale for our enemies. The American government has bound itself where we were concerned to the formal letter of the law and has employed regularly a more generous interpretation of the regulations of neutrality only for the states hostile to us. Much has been permitted there which if done by us would have been used in the United States to provoke an outbreak of hatred against us."

Dr. Spahn referred to the prolonged negotiations with the United States in regard to the submarine question, saying in that connection:

"Americans of German descent have indeed endeavored to create a sentiment for our view, unfortunately without success. It is incomprehensible, in view of the sound business instinct of the Americans, that the interests connected in the legitimate export trade continually bow to British encroachment on maritime rights. The hopes placed in the American congress in this regard have been disappointed."

Ebert's Words.

Herr Ebert said he welcomed the enunciation by the chancellor of a more definite peace programme but declared he had no expectation of any response from the governments at London, Paris and Petrograd, although it was evident the inclination for peace was increasing among those peoples.

Therefore, he continued, Germany must continue the war of defence of the Fatherland, and the Socialists, who as representatives of the working classes would be the chief sufferers from the project in the throttling of German trade and industry, must continue to support the government resolutely.

"We believe sharp defensive measures are justified against the British, who plan to strangle and starve us," he continued. "We are fighting for our existence. Therefore no one can complain if we answer the British starvation plans with submarine warfare. The British government makes ruthless use of the right of capture at sea and submarine warfare is the only measure of self-preservation against this."

"Neutrals cannot be held responsible for this plan. We, therefore, must proceed with the utmost sharpness unrestricted use of the torpedo. The rights of neutrals naturally must be respected most conscientiously in the use of the submarine."

A GERMAN FORCE IN E. AFRICA SURPRISED; TAKEN BY BRITISH

London, April 8.—Another success for the British in East Africa is reported by Lieut.-Gen. Jan C. Smuts, commander of the British expeditionary forces operating against the Germans, in the following dispatch:

"As the result of a movement commenced on the afternoon of Monday, mounted troops under Gen. Vandervort successfully surprised a German force with machine guns stationed on a mound in a stronghold in the Arusha region. This force was surrounded during the course of Tuesday, and surrendered Thursday morning."

GERMAN GOVT. TAKES OVER TEA AND COFFEE

Berlin, April 8.—The government yesterday expropriated coffee, tea and chicory and appointed a committee to regulate their distribution. The regulation applies to persons having in their possession ten kilograms (about 22 pounds) of unroasted coffee or five kilograms of tea or more.

It is announced that there is a visible supply of coffee sufficient for about six weeks, that the army's needs are covered for four weeks and that there is enough tea for about a year.

DISTURBANCES FOLLOWED.

Amoy, China, April 8.—The withdrawal of the troops from Choibei in Fokien province, was followed by local disturbances. Mobs attacked and looted the tax and salt office.

F. L. Haynes means watchmaker and jeweler.

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We furnish the home from basement to garret. Credit given where references are satisfactory.

STANDARD FURNITURE CO.
731 Pandora Avenue

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, April 8.—The following casualty list was issued last night:

Infantry.

Killed in action—Pte. F. P. Juleau, Montreal; Pte. D. Dolan, Kingston, Ont.; Pte. J. H. Briggs, Owen Sound, Ont.; Pte. J. Croft, Welland, Ont.; Cpl. Francis R. Armstrong, St. John, N. B.; Pte. A. Telford, Scotland; Pte. S. J. Tyler, Montreal; Lee-Cpl. D. W. McLeod, Hamilton, Ont.; Pte. C. McFarlane, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; Pte. S. Collins, Orono, Ont.; Pte. E. Biffin, Montreal; Pte. A. W. Deltz, Edmonton; Lee-Cpl. Thos. Carlin, England; Pioneer Albert Fraser, Toronto; Pte. T. Miller, Australia; Pte. Harrison Moss, Australia; Pte. F. Singleton, England; Pte. Jack Walker, Australia.

Accidentally killed—Pte. A. M. Angus, Scotland.

Died of wounds—Pte. R. E. Forster, Montreal; Pte. W. G. Arthell, Broughton, N. B.; Pte. L. McCook, Charlottetown, P. E. I.; Pte. J. Whalley, Woodrow, Sask.; Pte. John Canoy, Ireland; Pte. E. Simpson, England; Pte. M. T. Lynch, Channel Islands; Pte. W. J. Mussen, Ireland; Pte. Wm. Callings, England; Pte. R. J. Russell, England.

Died—Pte. W. Dunne, Scotland.

Severely wounded—Pte. J. Land, St. Andrew, Manx; Sgt. D. Palmer, Rexton, N. B.; Pte. J. I. Marner, Hawkesbury, Ont.; Pte. L. A. Hayward, Upper Golden Grove, N. B.; Pte. Donald Knox, Regina; Pte. S. Mallette, Montreal; Pte. Geo. Alecock, New Westminster, B. C.; Pte. E. Barnes, England.

Wounded—Pte. J. Beaton, Montreal; Pioneer A. B. Healey, Toronto; Pte. W. H. Green, Toronto; Pte. F. Blakeley, Chatham, N. B.; Pte. G. Sturgeon, Cordova, Newfoundland; Pte. J. E. Corbett, British West Indies; Pte. J. Bassford, England; Pte. Gerald Charles, England; Slightly wounded—Gunner R. M. Cowan, St. John, N. B.; Gunner G. Salisbury, Silver Creek, N. Y.; Driver Arthur Young, St. Catharines, Ont.

Seriously ill—Sgt. Cyril W. B. Morse, Stollarton, N. S.

Engineers.

Killed in action—Lee-Cpl. B. W. Mills, Koroques, B. C.

Medical Service.

Wounded—Pte. R. Boyce, Ireland.

How You May Reduce Your Weight

Overweightness is a very unpleasant condition, especially in the present day, when slender figures are so fashionable, and every reader of this paper has noticed the tendency of some people to put on an excessive amount of fat.

If you happen to be one of those whose weight is more than it should be, don't try to starve yourself. At all you want, but go to your druggist and get out of orlene in capsule form and take one with each meal.

Oil of orlene increases the oxygen-carrying power of the blood and dissolves the fatty tissue. In many cases at nearly the rate of one lb. per day. Be sure to get oil of orlene in capsule form. It is sold only in original sealed packages. Any cheap druggist has it or a large size has will be sent on receipt of \$1.00. Address D. J. Little Drug Co., Box 129, Montreal, Can.



BABY CAMERON-WALLER.

Brought up from Birth on Virol.

80, Aldridge Road,
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Dear Sir,

This is my youngest son, aged 2 years. He was brought up from birth on Virol, and this photograph shows the result. His six brothers and sisters were all Virol babies and are splendid children. I cannot speak too highly of what Virol has done for them all, and I recommend it wherever I go.

EDITH CAMERON-WALLER.

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Sold everywhere in tins at 75c. for 8 oz., \$1.25 for 16 oz.

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Spring Housecleaning is a simple matter if you have an O-Cedar Polish Mop and a bottle of O-Cedar Polish in your home. They take the work and backache out of house cleaning. Instead of spending hours on your hands and knees dusting and cleaning in all the awkward corners you just use the mop.



(Made in Canada.)

Its long handle enables you to reach anywhere without stooping or bending. It gathers up the dust wherever it goes and leaves a hard, dry lustre in its place. You can reach all the high places, too, without any climbing, and when the mop is dirty it can easily be washed and then renewed with O-Cedar Polish.

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NEW TREATMENT THAT KNOCKS RHEUMATISM

50c. BOX FREE TO ANY SUFFERER

Up in Syracuse, N. Y., a treatment for rheumatism has been found that hundreds of users say is a wonder, reporting cases that seem little short of miraculous. Just a few treatments even in the very worst cases seem to accomplish wonders even after other remedies have failed entirely. It seems to neutralize the uric acid and time salt deposits in the blood, driving all the poisonous clogging waste from the system. Nerve pain, stiffness, swelling just seem to melt away and vanish.

This treatment first introduced by Mr. Delano is so good that its owner wants everybody who suffers from rheumatism or who has a friend so afflicted, to get a free 50c. package from him to prove just what it will do in every case before a penny is spent. Mr. Delano says: "I will prove that the Delano treatment will positively overcome rheumatism, no matter how severe, stubborn or long standing the case, and even after all other treatments have failed. I will, if you have never previously used the treatment, send you a full size 50c. package free if you will just cut out this notice and send it with your name and address with 20c. to help pay postage and distribution expenses to me personally." Write to: F. H. Delano, 727 Wood Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y. I can send only one Free Package to an address.

REV. DR. N. D. HILLIS GETS AN ACCOUNTING

F. L. Ferguson's Statement on
Timber and Coal Invest-
ments in B. C.

New York, April 8.—The accounting to which the supreme court decided that the Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of the famous Plymouth church of Brooklyn, was entitled, was filed with a referee yesterday by Frank L. Ferguson, who as Dr. Hillis's attorney took over the management of the clergyman's affairs to liquidate his business interests arising from investments in timber and other properties in British Columbia.

The accounting purports to show that from 1906 to 1915 Dr. Hillis did a business amounting to more than \$1,000,000. Dr. Hillis sued for an accounting when Mr. Ferguson discontinued handling his affairs, owing to a disagreement, after five years of service. In his accounting Mr. Ferguson credits himself with \$1,151,470, and charges himself with \$1,065,660, declaring that Dr. Hillis still owes him \$85,809.

The accounting sets forth the names of various timber companies in which Mr. Ferguson says Dr. Hillis was interested. One of these was declared to be a virtual partnership with Sir Harold Harmsworth, London newspaper owner.

Mr. Ferguson declares that Dr. Hillis possessed or was interested in a vast amount of timber and coal, estimated purchases being 100,000,000 tons of coal and 265,620 acres of land which "crushed" at approximately 6,415,000,000 feet of lumber, all in British Columbia. The accounting sets forth alleged litigation which it holds was responsible for various financial setbacks for the clergyman.

One company which Dr. Hillis is declared to have formed, Mr. Ferguson says, had as capital \$15,000, and one boat; and its purpose was to buy and sell timber on Canadian government land with the expectation that the investment would return an annual profit of 640 per cent.

INTERIM SUPPLY VOTED AT OTTAWA LAST NIGHT

Total of \$99,458,000, including \$50,000,000 for War; an Indian Agent.

Ottawa, April 8.—Sir Robert Borden moved the House into committee of supply last night on a resolution providing for an interim vote of \$99,458,000, made up as follows:

Amount already voted, \$28,713,668; one-fifth of the civil estimates remaining to be voted, \$20,744,291; one-fifth of the new war appropriation for this year, \$50,000,000.

The prime minister stated that Sir Wilfrid Laurier had agreed to the suspension of the rules so as to put the matter through the House last night. The resolution accordingly was adopted and the supply bill was given its third reading.

The House spent the evening discussing the estimates of the Department of Indian Affairs.

E. B. Carvell, Liberal, Carleton, N. B., protested against the appointment of Col. Sheridan, a former member of the Legislature of New Brunswick, as an Indian agent at a salary of \$800 a year. He said that Commissioner W. B. Chandler, who had inquired into the expenditure of road money, had found Sheridan and Stewart, member for Gloucester, guilty of a misappropriation of funds. Sheridan had been kicked out of the Legislature, and soon after had been given this position. Stewart had refused to resign from the Legislature until a few days ago, when he had been forced to quit because of the force of public opinion.

Hon. W. J. Roche frankly stated that he had never heard this about Sheridan before. He had been appointed in the ordinary manner and no doubt had been recommended by a member.

Mr. Carvell said he was glad to hear the minister make this statement, because he believed he was trying to administer the affairs of his department in a proper manner. The minister, he said, had demonstrated his honesty of purpose on many occasions.

SENTENCE IMPOSED ON MAN AT COURTENAY

Courtenay, April 8.—J. McInnes appeared before Magistrate Hicks Beach yesterday on a charge of being in possession of a watch which had been stolen from the person of George Ardley of Courtenay. He was sentenced to one month at hard labor. There have been other cases of a similar nature but charges have not been made against the suspected parties. His worship let it be distinctly understood that any cases of a like nature would receive the full penalty of the law.

A large catch of about three dozen trout was made in the Courtenay river this week by one of the local anglers. The Freight Boat Matsqui arrived this week with a large cargo of hay and feed and seed grain which was disposed of immediately at an advance.

The soldiers of the 102nd Battalion are to give a grand concert and ball in the opera house here on the 15th inst.

FOURTEEN BURNED.

Pittsburg, April 8.—Fourteen men were injured seriously, three of them probably fatally, when a Bessemer converter tipped and spilled its load of molten steel over 60 laborers constructing a building at the Jones & MacLaughlin plant in Woodlawn today.

TOOK THE ADVICE OF HIS FRIEND

Stomach Trouble and Rheumatism Relieved by "Fruit-a-tives."



MR. L. LABRIE

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"I have been restored to health by taking 'Fruit-a-tives.' For two years I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I became very weak, had frequent dizzy spells and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints and my hands swollen.

"A friend advised me to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and from the outset they did me good. After I had started the second box, I felt I was getting well and I persevered in the treatment. I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine that helped me."

"LOUIS LABRIE"

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is the famous medicine made from fruit juices. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

POSITIONS CAPTURED BY ITALIAN TROOPS

Successes in Camonica and Giudicaria Valleys; Attacks Elsewhere Repulsed

Rome, April 8.—The following official communication was issued last night: "The activity of our infantry throughout Wednesday in the Camonica and Giudicaria valleys, supported by artillery, surprised the enemy and resulted in the capture of a fortified position northwest of Pradolu, also the position on the Chies river, and the powerfully fortified height on the Pu-berga ridge.

"The entire front from Lagarno to Sugana was marked by artillery duels. On the eastern slope of Monte Prato an enemy detachment was repulsed, leaving in our hands a dozen prisoners, one trench mortar and other arms and war material. In the upper Cordevole our artillery caused the explosion of an enemy munitions depot on Monte Heros. Along the Isonzo front there was the usual artillery activity.

Enemy Suffered Heavily. "On the Carso front Wednesday night a strong enemy column tried a vain and costly attack on our new positions east of Sella. Met by the fire from our artillery and a hailstorm from our rifles and rapid fire, the enemy was thrown back in disorder with heavy losses before even reaching our barbed wire.

"The war in the air was marked by fresh successes. During yesterday we repulsed incursions of enemy aviators in the Carnia and Isonzo sectors. The enemy, despairing of piercing our aerial defenses in the day time, tried to under cover of darkness. During the night seven aeroplanes attacked the plain between the Isonzo and the Tagliamento rivers, but our daring aviators mounted immediately, despite the darkness. They attacked and repulsed the whole enemy squadron, causing two aeroplanes to fall and capturing four aviators."

Vienna Statement.

Berlin, April 8.—The following official communication was issued at Vienna yesterday:

"Italian artillery is active on the Isonzo front. Gorizia has been shelled again by heavy artillery.

"Two Italian aeroplanes dropped bombs without success on Adelsberg (northeast of Trieste).

"There have been minor engagements on the Tyrolean front."

"In the Raichkofel region, north of Monte Cristabel, the Italians succeeded during the last few days in occupying a ridge. The Austrians have reconquered the positions and captured 102 prisoners, among whom were two officers, and two machine guns also were taken.

"North of the Sugana valley, near St. Oswald, strong enemy forces attacked, but were repulsed with heavy losses. Enemy attacks in the Ledro sector likewise failed."

"North of the Tonste defile some recently constructed enemy trenches were destroyed by mines."

GERMAN SHIPS ARE PRACTISING GUNNERY

London, April 8.—The heavy firing heard on several evenings in Kiel Bay, west of Bangkok, (which is on the Danish island of Langeland), which has given rise to rumors of a naval battle, is explained by Reuter's Copenhagen correspondent as having been practice merely to German naval gunnery practice of unusual proportions. Many ships have been out each evening, firing at targets towed by fast cruisers. This practice always takes place after dark with the use of searchlights.

NO ATTENTION TO CHANCELLOR'S WORDS

Germany is Unchanged; Allies Must Continue, Says Lord Robert Cecil

London, April 8.—Lord Robert Cecil, minister of war trade, yesterday made a sharp reply to the speech in the Reichstag of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German imperial chancellor.

Conversing with American correspondents on behalf of the foreign office, Lord Robert said the suggestion that Germany might abandon her submarine warfare if Great Britain relaxed her food blockade was hardly likely to be entertained by Great Britain, which has no faith that any promise made by Germany regarding submarine warfare would be kept.

"Germany slackened her submarine warfare for some time when the operations of the British navy deprived her of the necessary number of submarines," said Lord Robert, "but has now begun it again. I am convinced that Germany cannot be trusted to keep any promise."

The Blockade. Reviewing the address of Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, Lord Robert said: "The chancellor's speech covers much of the old ground. As usual, he claims that the allies have no legal right to blockade Germany, and appears to think the neutrals are of the same opinion. Yet among all the neutral governments who have protested against our action, none has been found to argue that the blockade is in itself illegal precisely in the proportion in which it is effective.

"That is Germany's contention. Germany has openly proclaimed her intention of blockading this country, and has done her best to do so. We presume her action is justified because it is ineffective."

Hatred of Britain.

Referring to Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's statement that Great Britain alone is responsible for the continuance of the war, and that he had made proposals last September to which he had received no reply, Lord Robert said:

"It may be well to make a clear answer to this. By singling out separate powers among the allies the chancellor endeavored to sow mischief and distrust among them, but he has failed. The allies stand together, and have pledged themselves to make peace in common. The chancellor knows this well. He knows, too, that the people of Germany, whom he deceives, should know that nothing in any public speech he makes can ever form the basis of peace overtures."

"These periodical speeches in the Reichstag are coming blends of bombast and peaceful protestations. Through them all runs the deliberate design to nourish German hatred of Britain above all her allies, to bolster the fiction that the German government is fighting a defensive war, and to forestall and prevent that which the German government most fears—a popular demand in Germany for peace. Never can the allies dignify this attitude by taking it as an overture. The chancellor made his so-called proposals last year solely that he might be able to refer to them virtuously to-day."

No Proposals.

Lord Robert recalled Dr. Bethmann-Hollweg's words of December 9: "None of our enemies has approached us with peace proposals, and they believe it to be in their interest falsely to attribute peace proposals to us," and the chancellor's statement that if he was to speak of peace conditions, he must first see the conditions of Germany's enemies.

"It is clear," Lord Robert continued, "that the Germans themselves did not make any proposals, in spite of what the chancellor now pretends. Even if he were sincere, and in the precise proportion as we believe him sincere, we reject with indignation and contempt the basis of peace he offers."

Two Principles.

"The chancellor invokes the principle of nationality in Poland and Belgium. There are two principles of nationality. One proclaims the simple rights of each man to free self-development and association with his fellow, and looks to the exercise of that right through the establishment and steady development of democratic government within each country.

"The other summons all the professors from all the universities, covers the pages of the 'Encyclopaedia Britannica' with ethnological theories, sends out its secret service agents to foment insurrection and stimulate bloodshed, and, in due course, reaps the rewards of its efforts in the establishment of rigid tyranny, fringed by a buffer borderland of anarchy."

"The first principle is the endeavor of this country; the second is the ambition of Germany. We know it of old. We encountered it in Napoleon, and it was Canning who fought hypocritical nationalism to day, and who afterwards, in the name of true liberty, called in the new world to redress the balance of the old.

Poland and Belgium.

"So Germany and Austria are to solve the problem of Poland! A truly comfortable prospect for the Poles! If Germany wants Suwalki there will be no dearth of German professors to prove that it is Lithuanian, and not Polish. Poland is to be free, but not for the Poles, for their country is reserved for the noble function of a buffer between Germany and Russia, delicately colonized by Germany."

"And Belgium! There is to be a new Belgium. Listen to the chancellor setting the oppressed Flemish free by oratory after they for months have refused to be set free by the military rule of the German commandants in Belgium or to swallow the precious Flemish university which the German gov-

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For Easter Wear

Our Neckwear Section is aglow with many dainty and pretty pieces of fine sheer Neckwear, including the new "Cape" and "Shawl" collars developed in Georgette crepe, sheer organdy and silk crepe de chine. The assortment of styles is exceptionally large and affords wide scope for all lovers of such charming Easter Neckwear as is now on display. Priced from 50c to\$2.50

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Next week will be Baby Week, and special efforts will be put forth to supply Baby with his many wants. It is surprising how many things the modern baby requires—and is entitled to—for is not Baby, "King!" We will show a full line of Baby Supplies in our windows next week, and to make the occasion profitable to the parents, we offer for next week only a

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"THE BETTER VALUE STORE"

NEAR CITY HALL

ernment has tried to force down their throats.

For the Old Belgium.

"To such peace proposals there is only one answer: We refuse. We are fighting for the old Belgium. That which has been broken shall be restored, and with the nation and government who broke it we shall never have peace so long as they have the effrontery to claim the right of playing providence with the fragments.

"Has not the world made up its mind where the responsibility for starting the war rests? Upon the allies, whose forces were not ready for offence, or upon Germany, who had planned in advance the violation of Belgium?"

"Now Germany says she wishes an end to the hostilities. Is it because she loves peace? No, but because her early hopes of victory are dwindling, and she wishes to draw full advantage from her past successes and be in a position after the war still to dominate the continent with the threat of her formidable machine.

Still Barbarians.

"What would such a peace mean? It would mean the triumph of the German idea of international morality. The triumph of the system which regards treaties as scraps of paper and finds everything permissible in war, provided only it is successful.

"Do not make any mistake, Germany is unchanged. We still have to deal with the same 'Prussianized power.' Zeppelins still creep by night over the peaceful countryside and drop bombs on women and children; submarines still lurk in the depths of the sea, and send to the bottom unarmed merchant vessels, neutral or belligerent, with all their non-combatant passengers and crews. Their method of warfare remains ruthless and inhuman, just as falsehoods and effrontery continue to be their chief diplomatic weapons."

CONDITIONS IN KWANGTUNG.

San Francisco, April 8.—Tsai Nai Wang, a high civil officer of the Yuan Shi Kai government, has been executed in Kwangtung province by the revolutionists, according to a cablegram to the Chinese Republic Association here. The message confirmed the independence declaration of Lung Chi Kuang and stated that condition in Kwangtung province are not unsettled.

WEATHER IS STORMY NOW IN MESOPOTAMIA

Situation Complicated by Flooding of Tigris; Details of British Operations.

London, April 8.—Stormy weather in Mesopotamia has complicated the situation along the Tigris below Kut-el-Amara, where a British relief force is fighting its way to the relief of General Townshend's beleaguered garrison at Kut-el-Amara, and recently made marked progress toward its goal, according to an official statement issued last evening. A further rise of the Tigris is accentuating the flood conditions.

The text of the communication follows: "The British forces, in the position, carried by the 15th Division in the course of a determined advance, consisted of several lines of deep trenches. The northern flank rested on the Haweeh swamp, and the southern flank on the Tigris river. "During the day of April 6 and the night of April 6-7, the operations on the north (left) bank of the river were confined to a close reconnaissance of the Sannat defenses and the execution of measures necessary to the movement of artillery preparatory to an assault upon this position. "On the south (right) bank the advance of the 3rd Division continued until positions were reached from which an enfilading fire can be brought upon the Turkish defenses on the opposite bank. "The situation is somewhat complicated by the continuance of stormy weather and the fact that the floods in the Tigris are increasing."

GERMANS HAVE LOST 200,000 MEN DURING BATTLE OF VERDUN

Paris, April 8.—The German losses before Verdun up to the present time have reached the huge total of 200,000 men, one of the greatest battle losses in the whole range of warfare, according to estimates made public here today from a semi-official source. The result of careful scrutiny made in the highest quarters, in which the figures have been rigorously checked and verified.

NO DISCUSSION OF TIRPITZ IN REICHSTAG

London, April 8.—A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam dated April 7 says that Dr. Karl Liebknecht, Socialist, "was the only speaker when the naval budget was presented yesterday in the Reichstag for the second reading. He tried repeatedly to discuss the motive of Admiral von Tirpitz's resignation as naval minister, and also the question of Germany's submarine warfare, but was called to order and finally ordered to desist. "The budget passed its second reading during the evening," the dispatch adds.

SNOW SPOILED WILSON'S CRUISE ON MAYFLOWER

Washington, April 8.—President Wilson, who left last night on the naval yacht Mayflower for a week-end cruise, will return to Washington at once, arriving about 4:30 p.m. to-day. Snow and sleet are given as the cause of his return. Secretary Lansing said no new information had been received from the German government concerning the submarine question, but it was expected at any time. The secretary plans to see the president to-night.

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EMPIRE REORGANIZING.

The Toronto Globe thinks the work of self-appointed reorganizers of the British empire should have more attention from the press than it is receiving. It remarks that "while millions of Britons in every quarter of the world are fighting for liberty these stay-at-home patriots are doing their best to destroy the fabric of British self-government and transform the empire into a copy of the highly centralized state which, under the control and direction of the Prussian governing class, has well nigh destroyed civilization."

Undoubtedly there will have to be a readjustment of the relations between the United Kingdom and the overseas Dominions on the basis of a broader partnership, but this is not the time to tinker with them. The great, grim task of civilization has not yet been finished. On the contrary, the heaviest part lies ahead. The Teutonic armies are in possession of more conquered territory in Europe to-day than they were a year ago. With the rich northern section of France, almost all of Belgium, substantial parts of Poland, Courland and Volhynia, the whole of Serbia, Montenegro and a considerable portion of Albania under the Prussian heel, and the entire leaders calling for men and munitions, agitations for empire reorganization are not only grotesquely out of place but betray a selfish, callous, lack of thought for the agony of those of our allies who are suffering most grievously from the brutality and rapacity of the Hun. Happily these propagandists are few, though noisy. The overwhelming majority prefers to let the question rest until the Hun has been beaten, or, in effect, until it has been finally and definitely established that the empire is going to survive.

The empire reorganizer on the centralist theory is bound to be very busy these days, for the conditions seem to him doubly auspicious for the propagation of his idea. This idea in its logical and ultimate development is a centralized empire on the Prussian model—one dominant state with a collection of subordinate provinces, all ruled and directed by some kind of a representative council in London which would have the power to levy taxes for naval and military purposes, regulate tariffs, trade and immigration policies and perform other functions involving the surrender by the Dominions of some of their cherished powers of self-government. And this arrangement, buttressed by a large military and naval power based upon compulsory service, we are informed, would enable the consolidated empire "to keep the peace of the world." Although our centralist friends, (who belong to the vintage of 1776 and are incurably blind to the teaching of history, even the history of the present war), cannot see it, such a top-heavy imperial structure would not last ten years. The overseas states would soon have to demand the restoration of their powers and the privilege of running their own affairs in their own way, while the other nations would speedily unite in a great military and naval coalition to pull down the empire which had the effrontery to proclaim itself the schoolmaster of the world. And let us make no mistake; no one power can dominate the world. All the empires that have tried it are reposing in the pantheon of history.

This war has shown that the British idea of empire, that is, a confederacy of self-governing states, united by common institutions of freedom and tolerance, is right, and the Prussian idea, of centralized organization is wrong. Had Great Britain treated the

Transvaal and Orange Free State, as Lord Milner, true to his training and upbringing, and other short-sighted unimaginative statesmen, advocated, the whole of South Africa now would be either independent or under the German flag. Is there no lesson in the record of the South African Union and the memorable achievements of Botha and Smuts—our enemies in war but fifteen years ago—for the centralist? Does he think such men can be compelled to fight for an imperial structure erected on the Prussian model? As a matter of fact, this war has killed the centralist idea, and most of its advocates probably will realize it after the struggle against the Teutonic empire is at an end. The one certain result of this horrible conflict will be the extension of democracy—decentralization of power and authority, not centralization. The people whose manhood has been sacrificed in millions of dead and maimed, who must bear the burden of sorrow, suffering and cost for many generations, will see to it that henceforth they will have much more to say in the determination of their country's policies. Nor will they have paid a terrible price to destroy Prussianism merely to permit special privilege and reactionary institutions to continue to flourish at home. There will be a revolution in every country that is engaged in this war, and we believe in every neutral, too. In some it will be a peaceful revolution; in others it will be bloody strife. Even now great changes in thought and viewpoint are taking place. Peoples are being democratized; class distinctions are being razed to the ground. This atmosphere will be fatal to the idea of converting the Britannic confederation into an empire on the German model.

ADVANCING ON KUT.

At the present juncture the army operating along the Tigris holds the centre of the stage as far as the empire's military efforts are concerned. Reports from Sir Percy Lake, who commands the forces, are awaited with keen interest and not a little anxiety; for the object of the campaign is the relief of General Townshend's army which for more than four months has been beleaguered at Kut-el-Amara. Several attempts have been made to reach him, but the chief obstacles have been the inclement climatic conditions—the Tigris raging with spring floods—and the inadequate numbers of the relieving forces. This time, however, Sir Percy Lake seems to be making excellent progress. Two divisions under Sir Frederick Goring have thrown the Turks out of their heavily fortified positions at Umm el Henna, and advancing on both sides of the river have occupied Fehle. They cannot be more than fifteen miles from Kut-el-Amara. Unfortunately the weather has become unfavorable again and the overflow of the river is making the advance difficult. Marshes on both sides are hampering the transport of artillery and supplies. Meanwhile the Russians are advancing westward from Persia, and when last heard of had reached the last pass to be conquered before they can march into Mesopotamia. Whether they have gained possession of this it is impossible to determine from the bulletins, although a Petrograd report a week ago referred to the movement of their troops in "the direction of Bagdad." The Turks on that front, however, will put up a stiff fight, for they will be battling to save Bagdad and their whole force below it from isolation. To what straits the army of General Townshend has been reduced it is hard to say, but there can be no doubt that he is hard pressed and must be relieved soon. His present predicament is due to the old familiar practice, so deplorably illustrated in the early stages of the Boer war, of sending wholly inadequate forces on an ambitious campaign against a stubborn, well-equipped, numerous foe.

EXPLANATION AWAITED.

Mr. Bowser announces that he will appear before the Public Accounts Committee next week and explain the adoption of an order-in-council last May through which the province lost more than \$13,000 in revenue to which it was entitled under government regulations. According to information so far to hand one of the Mackenzie & Mann enterprises, the Canadian Western Lumber Company, Limited, registered in Victoria and New Westminster trust mortgages to the value of over \$15,000, 600 in favor of the British Empire Trust Company, Limited, whose headquarters are in London. The regulations under the Land Registry Act called for the payment of \$13,473.98 in registration fees, but an order-in-council was passed on the recommendation of the Attorney-General by which the charges were reduced to \$200. Mr. Bowser's recital of the reasons for this extraordinary concession will be awaited with interest, especially by the large number of people who in their dealings with the Land Registry Department have to pay the full fee according to regulation. It may be taken for granted that his explanation will have to be a very good one indeed.

BOTH RIGHT AND WRONG.

The morning paper says: "And now the Colonist is alleged to have said that there was nothing seriously wrong about the receipt of a commission by Mr. Hanington. We were under the impression that we expressed strong disapproval."

Our contemporary apparently does not remember what it really did say about the Hanington case and we shall try to refresh its memory by reproducing its highly characteristic attempt to show that the official was both right and wrong, with a noticeable bent towards rectitude. This is what it said: "That Mr. Hanington exercised very bad judgment in accepting anything from Mr. Pemberton must, we think, be admitted; but that he had any wrongful intent or that the provincial treasury suffered by reason thereof is not asserted, and it cannot be. At the same time, we do not defend Mr. Hanington's course, and we think he will, on consideration, see that he acted unwisely. There is no suggestion that he ought to pay the money back to the province; neither will anyone say that Mr. Pemberton was not at liberty to make him a present of any part of his commission; but it is a salutary rule that public officials ought not to make any profit out of public transactions, and while he doubtless acted in perfect good faith and that the province is in none the worse position because of what he did, it is to be regretted that he had laid himself open to criticism through a transaction that in the case of a private individual would be perfectly legitimate and proper. It ought to be mentioned that Mr. Hanington had nothing to do with fixing the price of the land, which was fixed by the Attorney-General after an inspection of the property."

Thus, according to our local Facing-Both-Ways, Mr. Hanington's action was merely an error of judgment; it cannot be "that he had any wrongful intent or that the provincial treasury suffered by reason thereof." Note also that "at the same time we do not defend Mr. Hanington and we think he will, on consideration, see that he acted unwisely." This last sentence is a scream, although its humor will not be appreciated by Mr. Hanington. We are sure a high official in the government service, a barrister of experience, ought to see on "consideration" that he should not violate "a salutary rule that public servants ought not to make any profit out of public transactions" and may we add, a well-known section of the Criminal Code of Canada which our morning contemporary in its expression of "strong disapproval," like Mr. Hanington, overlooked. It is hard to believe that so eminent an authority on law as our morning contemporary admits itself to be did not know of the existence of this section, which by the way not only prohibits the acceptance of commissions in any form, but provides a penalty for the persons who give them. The morning paper's comment was actually an apology for Mr. Hanington; the absurd way in which it is expressed convinces us that it is incapable of grasping the seriousness of the inspector's action or the important principle involved, and that its chief regret is that the matter should have come to light. Will not our contemporary favor us to-morrow with a sermonette on the wickedness of "being found out."

Sir Robert Borden argues that because it was British money that was dealt out with a prodigal and dishonest hand by the Shell Committee to "profiteers," Canadian and American, that therefore the matter is not a proper subject for investigation by a committee of the Canadian parliament or a Canadian commission. He takes refuge behind the transparent subterfuge that the British government has not expressed a desire to find out whether its funds were honestly expended. The British government, naturally, is not disposed to being placed in the position of appearing to be interfering in any way with the affairs of Canada, and the operations of the Shell Committee are entirely the business of Canada. The committee was composed of Canadians appointed by the government through the Minister of Militia. The fact that it was British money conveyed in trust to the Shell Committee for the purchase of war supplies at a time of crisis in the affairs of the Empire seems to us all the more reason why there should be a rigid investigation by our government in the manner in which the said money was expended. The Premier's position, in the light of recent revelations, is indefensible.

We notice in a dispatch from Ottawa to the local morning paper that Messrs. Barnard and Green are complimented for initiating the inquiry into the dredging scandal by the Public Accounts Committee. They did nothing of the sort. If they promoted any inquiry at all, a very doubtful possibility, it was the secret investigation conducted by the Public Works Department in which Engineer Valliquette, who is usually delegated by Mr. Rogers to make a reconnaissance in unlooked-for developments of this character, reached the conclusion that everything was all right. Mr. Valliquette, according to his evidence, afterwards "changed his mind," admitting that he had been "misled." The party who brought the matter before the

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Salted Almonds.
Young Celery, Ripe Olives.
Consomme Geneoise.
Filet of Sole au Vin Blanc.
Potatoes Natural.
Veal Chops, Braised, Nivernaise.
Devilled Crab, Baked in Shell.
Cream Rolls.
Prime Ribs of Beef au Jus, Horseradish.
Stuffed Young Chicken, Red Currant Jelly.
Sliced Tomatoes, French Dressing.
Steamed Potatoes, Mashed Potatoes.
Sugar Corn.
Apple Pie, Lemon Meringue Pie.
Cupress Pudding.
Pineapple Ice Cream with Cake.
Our Merchants' Lunch is a Wonderful Meal for 35 CENTS, and is Very Popular With All Who Appreciate Quality, Economy, Quick and Efficient Service.

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are pretty near the same as those of adults, they want it pure, good, appetizing, wholesome and strengthening. And here they get the loaves that "fill the bill" in every particular. O. K. Bread is made from the purest flour, in the most scrupulously clean manner, and yet we sell it at a very moderate price. Children thrive on our Bread.

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Public Accounts Committee was the Auditor-General of Canada, who in consequence of the allegations that had become public property, withheld payments to the contractors, and asked that the charges be investigated. We may add that at Ottawa practically all of these inquiries are instituted by the Auditor-General.

The Colonist, we are rather surprised to observe, has some kindly words to say about the Presbyterian Synod which was recently convened in the city and has just adjourned. Did our contemporary notice that Dr. Mackay, so scurvily treated by the Bowser majority in the legislature and so meanly assailed by his friend H. B. Thomson, was by unanimous vote and amid much enthusiasm elected to the honorable position of Moderator of the Synod? The choice of the learned assembly perhaps may be accepted as indicating what Presbyterians think of the conduct of the organ and the government whose cause it delights to champion.

The Borden government has a child-like faith in royal commissions for relieving itself from embarrassing positions. Since it attained power it has appointed over 81 of these tribunals more for the benefit of its supporters than for the fulfilment of any public purpose, as the case of our own Indian Commission proves. For services thus rendered the party the country has paid more than a quarter of a million dollars. How much the amount will be after the Indian Commission and several other commissions corresponding to it have been paid away from their jobs who shall undertake to say.

A line was dropped from Ralph Smith's letter appearing in these columns yesterday which left one of the sentences incomplete. It should have read: "I have the Hansard just to hand from Ottawa with questions and answers to them. They show that from the time of the appointment of the commission up to February 23, 1916, Mr. Shaw received \$25,430, as follows: Salary, \$19,820; living allowance, \$5,610."

President Wilson is going to "take action" that will make the world simply sit up and gasp. He seems to have found Germany guilty as indicted, and is going to tell her that he will overlook all past trifling peccadilloes, but if there is any more in-

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

Sports Coats of Summer Weight Blanket Cloth, in White With Black Velvet Collar Offered Special at \$10.00
—Selling, First Floor

Women's House Dresses, Special at \$1.00

Serviceable Cotton House Dresses, made in dainty styles, is what we offer you to-day at a specially low price. These Dresses are neatly made from good quality percales and gingham in plain grey and blue, also in the lighter stripes. Smart in appearance, comfortable to wear and easy to launder. Be sure and see these if needing an inexpensive Dress.
—Selling, First Floor

On Monday Evening at 7.30

Dr. Jessie B. Conway will deliver her lecture:

Diseases of Women

in the old Victoria Theatre. This lecture is being given again by special request, and at a time convenient for many ladies to attend who were unable to hear her last Monday. The lecture is free, but only ladies and young women over 15 years admitted. Doors open sharp at 7 o'clock. Come early if you want a seat.

Cream Velvet Cords

So much in demand just now for making up into sports coats, children's coats, suits, dresses and skirts, are here in a wide variety of different grades, including 27 inches wide at 75c and \$1.00 a yard; also a fine cord, 30 inches wide, at \$1.00. Extra fine grade at \$2.00, and in wider widths, 36 inches, a yard **\$2.50**
—Selling, Main Floor

Men's Tweed and Worsted Pants

Values to \$5.00 **\$3.50**
Special to-day **\$3.50**
New Imported Styles in Men's Hats
\$1.50, \$2.50 and \$3.50
—Clothing, Main Floor

Extra Wide Underskirts of Taffeta Silk

We have just received a special shipment of Better-grade Taffeta Silk Underskirts. These are made very wide, with extra deep shirred flounce, and are just what ladies require to wear with the wider skirts now in vogue. A good wearing quality and very reasonably priced at **\$6.75**
—Mantles, First Floor

Very Smart Hats for Children

In White Embroidered Pique, Clifton, Lace, and other fabrics, in roll-up styles; also Dress Hats, stopping brims, straws, and in fact Hats of all description, in a wide diversity of styles and colors. See this splendid assortment of excellent values, with prices starting as low as **\$1.00**
—Millinery, Second Floor

New Models in Double Breasted Suits for Boys

Suits that are designed and made for summer wear, in smart new patterns and shades, and we have all sizes. Also new Norfolk models in the newest patterns and light shades of tweeds and tweed mixtures. In some grades we have Suits with two pairs of pants, which adds greatly to the life of a suit. All Suits are strongly tailored, and we guarantee a perfect fit. Prices range **\$3.75, \$4.75, \$5.75, \$6.75, \$7.95 to \$11.50**
—Selling, Main Floor

Smart Suits With Long Pants for Youths 15 to 17 Years

When a boy reaches the age of 15 to 17 years, parents often find a difficulty in buying a suit to fit, and even then the range of patterns and shades are so limited that practically there's no choice. That's a state of affairs that does not exist at the Spencer Clothing Store. We have a range of Suits in the most practical sizes, with long pants, from which you can choose and be sure of perfect satisfaction. These Suits are beautifully tailored, smartly cut, giving the wearer quite a gentlemanly appearance. The chief shades for summer wear are browns and greys. Prices, a suit, **\$6.75, \$7.75 and \$8.95**
Men's New Spring Suits, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$18.50 to \$25.00
—Clothing, Main Floor

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Enjoy an abundance of pure, pleasant light in every room in your home without increasing your light bills a cent—by using the **EDISON MAZDA LAMP** which gives triple the light of old style carbon lamps, for the same light bill. The EDISON MAZDA is MADE IN CANADA, and is the "QUALITY" Lamp.

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No one knows, so well as a merchant, that store advertising **PAYS** only when it appeals to the **THRIFT**, and to the **INTEREST**, of the reader. Not one of to-day's ads would have gone into type unless the advertiser had felt sure of its importance to **YOU**.

First Quality Dry Fir Cordwood

Now reduced to last year's prices

\$5.35 Cash

Lloyd-Young & Russell

1012 Broad St.

Phone 4532. Motor Delivery

Have You Tried Hudson's Bay Old Rye Whisky

(Made in Canada)

If not, order some to-day. Quality right. Price right.

Per bottle 75¢
Per oval pint 60¢
Per quart 1.00
Per Mickey 40¢

THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

Family Wines and Spirit Merchants. Incorporated 1870
Open Till 10 p.m. Telephone 4253
1512 Douglas Street. We Deliver.

STYLE, QUALITY COMFORT

The three combined features that have given



à la Grâce Corsets

their ever-increasing popularity. Our range of these superb Corsets is large, showing the newest models, as well as many other styles too popular to discontinue. Prices from only \$1.50

G. A. Richardson & Co.

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University School for Boys

Recent successes at McGill University. Second place in Canada in 1915 at the Royal Military College, Kingston. Canadian Navy, B. C. Surveyors' Preliminary, Cadet Corps and Shooting. Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS

Summer term commences Wednesday, April 12, 1916. Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.). Headmaster—J. C. Barnacle, Esq. (London University). For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

Are You Interested in the Western Scots?

The Scottish is now under orders to proceed on active service. Before many more months have passed it will be doing its part in the trenches. You can keep in touch with it weekly by subscribing now.

"The Western Scot"

(25c per Month in Advance)

Mailed to Your Address.

This bright, witty paper will be published weekly wherever the battalion may be. It will contain interesting news of the boys of the 67th. It will be published (with permission) at the front.

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Subscribe to the Patriotic Fund

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Corner Fort and Stadacona Ave.
Phone 1140

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, April 8, 1891.

The annual Easter vestry meeting of Christ Church Cathedral was held this week. Dr. Thomas J. Jones was reappointed rector's warden, and Mr. Thomas R. Smith people's warden. Messrs. John Ward, Crane, Boggs and Somerville were appointed side-men.

It is proposed to have a model of the Beaver, the first steamer for B. C. that rounded Cape Horn, shown at the world's fair at Chicago.

The street car company is asking for tenders for grading the street car line from Oak Bay avenue to Oak Bay, a distance of a mile and a half. Tenders are also invited for 2,800 railway ties.

A MISSOURI MERCHANT

Of course, he wanted to be shown.

So he made an investigation in his own store as to the effects of different kinds of manufacturers advertising.

He reached the conclusion that the only kind that was felt at his counter was newspaper advertising.

He decided that newspaper advertising was the only form he cared to put his business energy behind.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Dr. J. L. Thompson, Dentist, now located in New Spencer Block (Arcade Bldg.), View street. Phone 3846.

Phoenix Beer—2 qts. for 25c.

Smart Conceptions With the "Atmosphere" of exclusiveness. Crown Millinery Parlors, 621 View street.

Every dollar that you give helps a soldier's wife to live!

Patriotic Aid Society, 1210 Broad St.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

She Spilt the Bottle of Nussurface polish on the floor; then rubbed it over with a rag. The floor then looked better than it ever looked before.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Those of us are left behind. Must be something more than kind. Patriotic Aid Society, 1210 Broad St.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Thompson Funeral Chapel, successor to Hanna & Thompson, 527 Pandora avenue, phone 498. Always open. Auto equipment.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Lawn Mower Hospital, 614 Cormorant. Successful operations cheaper than ever.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

White Sewing Machine Store, 711 Yates.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

For the Misses and the kids. Left behind—who pays who bids? Patriotic Aid Society, 1210 Broad St.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Lead a hand and trust to luck! Something's due to Jack Canuck. Patriotic Aid Society, 1210 Broad St.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Will Cut It Any Length.—We will cut your garden hose any length you may require at 10c, 15c, 16c and 22c per foot. Phone us your requirements and we will send it down. R. A. Brown & Co. Phone 3712.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Dr. J. L. Thompson, Dentist, now located in New Spencer Block (Arcade Bldg.), View street. Phone 3846.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Give to aid the Union Jack; There are those who'll not come back. Patriotic Aid Society, 1210 Broad St.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Put Down Eggs Now.—It pays. Earthen crocks with covers make the best containers. To hold, 3 dozen, 40c; 6 doz., 70c; 9 doz., \$1.05; 15 doz., \$1.75; 18 doz., \$2.10. R. A. Brown & Co., 1302 Douglas street, Phone 3712.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, quart, 3 for 50c.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

We for whom our boys have fought. Pay because we must, and ought. Patriotic Aid Society, 1210 Broad St.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

White Sewing Machine Store, 711 Yates.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, quart, 3 for 50c.

"If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right."

PLIMLEY'S Reorganized REPAIR SHOP

Offers to every motorist a service unsurpassed

Entirely under new management and with an augmented staff and increased facilities, Plimley's big motor repair plant on Johnson street is ready to serve the motorist as never before. New departments have been installed and special labor-saving machinery provided to take care of the motorist's every requirement—everything from a blow-out to a complete breakdown.

Mud-Guard and Radiator Repairing, Repainting, Cylinder Cleaning Are Among the Things We Do—and Do Well

727-735 Johnson St. **Thomas Plimley** Phone 697-698
Cycle Department 611 View Street

The important part of gardening is to secure the right kind of seed, fresh, well selected and guaranteed to germinate. We have a particularly fine collection of flower and vegetable seeds at the lowest prices. The Quadra Greenhouse Co., Ltd., 612 Fort St.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Ye Goods Slight Man—Is Optician Frank Clugston, who tests eyes and makes glasses at 624 Yates street, corner Douglas, Suite 8-10. Phone 5351.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pint, 3 for 25c.

Local Council of Women.—A meeting of the Local Council of Women will be held on Monday afternoon at 2.30 at the Y. W. C. A.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Sanish Ratepayers.—A meeting of all Sanish ratepayers interested in by-law No. 4, will be held in Cloverdale hall on Monday evening, April 10 at 8 p. m.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Gonzales Chapter.—The Gonzales Chapter, I. O. O. F. will be in charge at the United Service Club, on Tuesday and will hold their regular monthly meeting at 11 o'clock.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Masquerade Dance.—The officers and members of Queen of the Island Lodge, No. 209, I. O. B. A., are making arrangements to hold a public masquerade dance on May 5 in the Connaught hall, commencing at 9 o'clock.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Series of Sermons.—Rev. Dr. Cameron will begin a series of sermons on the Old Testament characters to-morrow evening. These sermons will be delivered every Sunday evening and "The First Man" will be the subject of the first of the series.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

"Poverty and Wealth."—Rev. J. G. Inkster will preach at the First Presbyterian church to-morrow evening on "Poverty and Wealth." He will take the Bible story of the Rich Man and Lazarus and apply it to conditions as they are to-day.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Purple Star Lodge.—Purple Star Lodge, No. 194, I. O. B. A., will entertain the old ladies at the home, McClure street, on Wednesday evening, 7.30. A cordial invitation is extended to the sister lodges and also to members of I. O. B. A.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Elks Boxing Tournament.—On Wednesday evening after the regular lodge meeting the local Elks held their first boxing tournament, and the bouts were very good and laughable. Similar bouts will be held again in the near future.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Modern Democracy.—At the First Unitarian church, corner Fernwood road and Fisgard street, to-morrow morning, the minister, Rev. W. G. Latham, B. A., will preach on "Democracy and War." This will be the second sermon in the series on Modern Democracy.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

First Baptist Church.—At the First Baptist church Rev. J. B. Warnicker to-morrow will take as his topic: "Can a Man be a Christian and not go to Church?" This service will take place as usual, in the Dominion theatre.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

New Thought Lectures.—Dr. T. W. Butler will lecture to-morrow at 11 a. m. on "Man in God's Image." At 8 p. m. his subject will be "The Whereabout of Jesus From His Twelfth to His Thirtieth Year." The lectures will be given in the New Thought temple, corner Pandora and Blanshard streets.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

St. Paul's, Victoria West.—Rev. Charles H. Huestis, M. A., of the Lord's Day Alliance of Canada, who has been attending the Presbyterian Synod sessions this week, will occupy the pulpit at St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, at to-morrow morning's service.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

"Crucifixion" to Be Rendered.—Stainer's "Crucifixion" will be rendered in Christ Church cathedral on Thursday at 8.15 p. m. The tenor soloist will be A. T. Goward, and the baritone soloist O. N. Smythe. The cathedral choir will be augmented for the occasion, and a collection will be taken on behalf of the patriotic fund, and for church music.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Men's Rally.—To-morrow afternoon the usual meeting for men will be held in the Y. M. C. A. lobby at 4 o'clock. An exceptionally good programme has been provided. Rev. F. A. Stapleford will speak on the subject, "After the War, What?" and Mrs. A. S. Lock will render solos. A Fellowship Tea afterwards will be served to which all men are cordially welcome.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Dr. Conway's Lectures.—This evening at 7.30 Dr. Conway will speak at the Old Victoria theatre on Prohibition. In the course of her lecture she will speak on the effects of and dangers to the individual of intemperance. Doors will be open at 7 o'clock, the lecture being free to all. By special request Dr. Conway will on Monday evening at 7.30, repeat her lecture on "Diseases of Women," and this ladies only will be admitted. An considerably over one hundred had to be turned away the last time this lecture was delivered. It will be necessary for all who wish to hear it to go early.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Organ Recital.—At the organ recital to be given in St. John's church on Thursday for the prisoners of war fund, A. G. Harkness, cornet soloist, will contribute to the programme. Besides the splendid talent already announced, Mr. Harkness was bandmaster for Rev. Prebendary Carlisle for many years, and has had in that capacity considerable experience in church music.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Anniversary Services.—The James Bay Methodist church will hold its day school anniversary services on Sunday at 11 a. m. The Rev. C. T. Scott, D. D., will preach especially to the young people on the theme "The Boy Who Helped Jesus." There will be an open session of the Sunday school to be addressed by Rev. A. S. Colwell. At the evening service, Rev. S. J. Thompson will speak on the theme "With or Without the Lad."

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Bona Dee Club.—The masquerade dance held by the Bona Dee Club last Tuesday in the Alexandra Club was very successful. The prizes were awarded to Miss Williams, who represented "Egypt," and Mr. Oxford, who appeared as a Chinaman. The committee extends its thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Davies and Mr. and Mrs. Fawcett, who kindly acted as judges. The club will hold a flannel dance on Tuesday, from 8 to 11 o'clock.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Wins Thoroughbred Horse.—E. P. Haydring, of Cowichan Bay, is the fortunate holder of ticket No. 46, which wins the handsome thoroughbred "Glen Wolfenden," with buggy and harness donated by S. Greenhalgh, of 575 Yates street, for the benefit of the patriotic fund. The drawing took place last evening in the presence of representatives of the patriotic fund at Mr. Greenhalgh's store. Altogether there were 243 tickets sold.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Social Entertainment.—Court Northern Light, A. O. F., will entertain its members and friends at their next regular meeting Wednesday night at a social entertainment. An excellent programme of vocal and instrumental music has been arranged, and promises to be one of the best held in the Foresters hall this season. The regular meeting will precede the social, the latter starting about 9 o'clock. It is expected that at least nine candidates will be introduced to the mysteries of the order at the meeting, as there is a membership campaign on at the present time.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Sermons on Democracy.—A series of five sermons on "Democracy" was started last Sunday at the First Unitarian church, corner Fernwood road and Fisgard street. The second sermon, on "Democracy and War," will be delivered to-morrow. The remaining three sermons are as follows: April 16, "Democracy and Religion;" April 23, "Democracy and the Individual;" April 30, "Democracy and Labor." The preacher is Rev. Walter G. Latham, B. A., and the sermons in each instance will be at the Sunday morning service, which commences at 11 a. m. Everyone is cordially invited.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

English Mail Arrives.—An English mail, consisting of 15 bags of letters and 19 bags of papers, arrived here this morning. The mail left England on March 24.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Ladies' Aid.—The Ladies' Aid of the First Baptist church will hold a rummage sale at 2 o'clock on Wednesday, at the old church building at the corner of Yates and Quadra streets.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Call of Fire.—The fire department was called late yesterday to an outbreak due to ignition from a spark at 710 King's road, at premises occupied by Mr. Mullen. The loss was restricted to about \$15.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Sermons at Metropolitan.—Rev. R. Hughes will preach at the Metropolitan church to-morrow morning. In the evening the pastor, Rev. Dr. C. T. Scott will preach on the subject: "The Garden of Eden; Man's First Mistake."

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Y. W. C. A.—Rev. J. Gibson Inkster will conduct the service at the Y. W. C. A. on Sunday afternoon at 4.30. A good attendance of young women is desired. Tea will be served at the close of service.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Belmont Church Concert.—The following artists will assist in the concert to be rendered at Belmont Methodist church, on the evening of Wednesday next: Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Longfield, Miss Matthews, Mr. Cairns, Miss Barker, Mr. Penwill and Mrs. Ambros.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Centennial Church.—Rev. J. Knox Wright, D. D., district secretary of the Canadian Bible Society on British Columbia, will preach in the Centennial Methodist church to-morrow. The pastor, Rev. A. S. Colwell, B. A., will preach in the morning on the subject, "The Opportunity and Responsibility of Sacrifice."

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Oak Bay Red Cross.—The concert to be given by the Oak Bay Red Cross committee at the Royal Victoria theatre on Monday next has been postponed owing to the theatre being engaged on that evening for another entertainment. The concert will be given at a later date, of which due notice will be given.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Congregational Church.—At the Congregational church, corner of Quadra and Mason streets, Rev. Charles Sykes, B. D., the pastor, will preach to-morrow at both services. In the morning his subject will be "Christ Revealing Human Thoughts." In the evening he will speak of "Jesus in Social Life."

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

Phoenix Stout—2 qts. for 25c.

FLETCHER BROS.



The Headquarters for Musical Accessories

At no other music store in Western Canada can the musician find a more comprehensive stock of instruments and accessories. Moreover, one of the business ideals of this establishment is to provide for its patrons merchandise of the very highest quality—and do so at most reasonable prices.

Below are noted a few items that may interest you. They are taken at random from our vast stock.

TALKING MACHINE NEEDLES
Of the very best English manufacture, in sizes to fit any standard make of instrument. Three grades—soft, medium, and loud. Per box of 300, 25¢
Record Cabinets, in beautiful rich mahogany and also in golden, fumed or mission oak. They are made in sizes to hold 150 records, alphabetically indexed. Prices range from \$15, \$17, \$20 up to \$25
RECORD ALBUMS prolong the life of your records, keep them clean, and always handy. Take both 10 and 12 inch sizes. Good value at \$2.00 and \$2.50
It will be a pleasure for us to at any time entertain you in our Record Demonstrating Booths. They are situated on our main floor—street level—and they are both bright and comfortable.

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Columbia Brand Coffee, a rare combination of choice Coffees in 1-lb. cans. Per lb. 32c
Fine Ripe Bananas 20c
Per dozen 18-lb. sack ... \$1.50
Grapefruit 25c
5 for 19c
Pure Lard, per pail, 80¢ and 45c
Heinz Peanut Butter in glass tumblers, 2 for 27c

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GENERAL HARDWARE

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Ladies' Guild.—The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Guild of the Connaught Seamen's Institute will be held on Tuesday at 11 a. m. in the institute, at the corner of Kingston and Superior streets.

Variety Sale.—A sale will be held at St. Jude's Mission hall, Obed avenue, next Thursday, commencing at 2.30. Tea will be served at ten cents per head. Contributions of refreshments will be most acceptable. The proceeds are to help the church funds.

Superintendent to Preach.—Rev. Geo. A. Wilson, D. D., superintendent of missions for the Presbyterian church, will preach at Lake Hill at 11 a. m. and at Gordon Head at 7 p. m. to-morrow.

PHONE 552

THE COLBERT PLUMBING & HEATING CO., LTD.

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Your Plumbing Troubles

BURNING ITCHING INFLAMED RASH

Healed by Cuticura Trial Free

"My trouble began with a rash on my sides, then on my back. Meanwhile it reached my head. It was red and inflamed causing much burning and itching. It gave a great desire to scratch. My clothing aggravated the breaking out on my body."

"Then I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. In three weeks I was healed." (Signed) J. A. E. Dubois, Nicolet, Quebec, Dec. 18, 1915.

Sample Each Free by Mail With 25¢ Skin Book. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. J, Boston, U.S.A." Sold throughout the world.

DYSPEPTICS

Persons suffering from stomach and other forms of indigestion will find that "Squirrel Brand" Peanut Butter will both agree with them and assist nature to a cure.

Be sure and place some on your next order.

The All-the-Year-Round Food.

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SATURDAY EVENING SPECIALS

(THIS EVENING)

Our Selling Only for Cash Enables Us to Give Daily Specials Which, Along With Our Lowest Prices—

MAKES IT MORE PROFITABLE FOR YOU TO

PAY CASH

COCOA—Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa. 1-5 lb. tins 8¢, 1/2 lb. tins 19¢, 1-lb. tins. 38¢

SALTS—Eco's Fruit Salts. Per bottle. 63¢

GLASSWARE—Art Table Glassware. To-night. 1/2 PRICE

BISCUITS—Red Arrow Fancy Biscuits. Reg. 25¢, for. 19¢

POTATOES—Genuine Ashcroft Potatoes. \$1.83

CLEANSER—San Juan Cleanser. 3 for 15¢, 4 for. 16¢

Leave Your Orders for Monday's Delivery and Save Money

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO. LIMITED

CORNER GOVERNMENT AND FORT STS.

PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522. Fish and Provisions, 5520. Meat, 5521.

AT THE THEATRES

ROYAL VICTORIA.

The Royal Victoria will have for its attraction for the last time to-night the exciting live real feature "The Strife Eternal." In this picture over 2,000 people are used to create the right atmosphere in the big battle scenes in the War of the Roses, and also for the big mob scene which takes place in London. As seen on the screen it is an admirably balanced production, dramatic when the big moments of the story are reached, and spectacular in the presentation of scenes requiring a large company of actors. The balance of the programme includes the seventh chapter of "The Goddess," which becomes more enthralling as the story progresses.

"THE GOLDEN CHANCE."

Cleo Ridgely, the beautiful Lasky star, who is appearing with Wallace Held in the Jesse L. Lasky production of "The Golden Chance," now showing at Dominion theatre, has for several years been considered one of the "photodrama's" most captivating stars. Outside of her work, Miss Ridgely's great passion is horseback riding, and when she is not at the studio, she is exploring the trail and byways of the California mountains. Several years ago Miss Ridgely started from New York City and rode horseback all the way to Los Angeles. It took her eighteen months to make the journey, but she arrived with the same horse and dog with which she left the eastern metropolis. Several times she was delayed by snow and floods and from Pittsburgh, she had to retrace her way as far east as Washington and then approach California over the southern route through Texas.

"MUTT AND JEFF IN COLLEGE."

"Laugh and the world laughs with you, weep and you weep alone." This line of an immortal poem was never better illustrated than in the new comedy, "Mutt and Jeff in College," which is to be the next attraction at the Royal Victoria theatre Monday and Tuesday, April 10 and 11, with a special Tuesday matinee. The new pro-



ROYAL VICTORIA MONDAY AND TUESDAY
MUTT & Jeff in College
This is Not a Moving Picture.
Lots of Fun. Pretty Girls.
Evening, 8:30, 10:30. School Matinee Tuesday, commence 2:30, 5:00, and 8:00.

Pantages Theatre
Famous Comedienne
ROSIE LLOYD
Sister of Alice and Marie Lloyd. Also Volant and his Flying Piano; Marion Munson; "A Holiday in Dixieland," and others—Matinee at 3:15, 5:15 and 7:15.

FASHION FEATURES

MAKE FOR ECONOMY

Fascinating Little Touches Which Can Be Used in Modeling Last Season's Frocks

New York, April 8.—For those of us who have, as it were, stacks and stacks of passe frocks to be remodeled, this should prove a banner season. Fashion has been very lenient with our little economies for several seasons past, but this spring, whether it is the war, with its consequent deprivations to many, which has turned her in this direction, or just because she fancies evolving the odd little conceptions and combinations one sees on every side, certain it is that economy just now is being made very easy and very fascinating.

Girdles, Bretelles and Jumpers. Let us suppose, for instance, that one has a dark blue serge dress of last season. It may not be worn to any great extent, but nevertheless it needs something to make it look more up-to-date. We may add a deep skirt yoke and a high girde, with perhaps a bre-telle over each shoulder, of black satin or moire. Cuffs and collar, too, add greatly to the effect. When cleverly done, the frock has none of the made-over appearance it would have had some seasons back, but is a delightfully chic little costume in the new deep waist effect, for shopping and general daytime wear. Coatee-peppums, quiltings, bands, and insets of contrasting material may work won-



7023-5733
The Sport Skirt and Jabot Blouse

ders, too, with slightly worn frocks, suits and blouses. Should a hem be slightly frayed or worn, whether it be the lower edge of blouse or skirt, one of those stiff, quaint little quiltings, or a contrasting band may be set on to cover it most attractively. Around the bottom of a sleeve, which has not just the most becoming curve or finish, a double ruffle of picot edged Georgette, banded through the middle with a narrow black velvet ribbon may be added, the ribbon being drawn as tightly as desired and tied in a perky little bow. Deep cuffs of satin or taffeta, with a matching collar may be attached to a blouse which has an unbecoming or old-fashioned sleeve, or an ugly neck finish. When these deep cuffs are used the sleeve, if sufficiently full, may be gathered into the cuff, thereby lending another modish touch, for much fullness is noticed in the new sleeves.

Sleeves Offer Interesting Possibilities. Long, short, and three-quarter-length sleeves will be worn this spring and summer. There is still a strong tendency to the transparent effects of the fall and winter. That this should be so for summer is quite logical. Net is nearly as popular for sleeves and bodices as chiffon and Georgette, and it wears equally well. Many a pretty taffeta or satin frock is being made with net sleeves and upper bodice, and many a last season's taffeta or satin dress is being remodeled in this way.

Color Combinations. Blue serge naturally takes to black, blue fails combines effectively with black, many shades of gray, the greenish, coppery tones, orange, terracotta and similar shades. These dark combinations of course are correct for the street; for the indoor dress or afternoon gown, one may allow the color fancy a little freer rein. There are some wonderfully vivid touches of color brought in now and then in a sombre frock, quite transforming it. As a general rule, however, pale tones will predominate this season. This is owing to the present condition of the dye market; naturally pastel colored fabrics require much less dye than deep shades. It is most timely that this array of new vaunderlille there will be the usual offerings of new orchestral selections and the latest film comedy.

Specials For Baby Week

April 10th to 15th inclusive.

In our shop you will find a very complete stock of

Baby Pins, Child's Cups, Pap Bowls, Locketts, Puff Boxes, Nocklets, Baby Spoons, Napkin Rings, Christening Mugs, Table Sets, Bracelets, Food Pushers, Baby Rings, Baby Brushes, Novelties.

Every purchaser during BABY WEEK, April 10th to 15th, will have a chance to win one of the

SPECIAL PRIZES
Solid Gold Locket and Chain or High Grade Wrist Watch.

Shortt, Hill & Duncan Limited

Diamond Merchants, Goldsmiths and Silversmiths.
At the Sign of the Four Dials.
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fascinating this season. By Fall, if the war is not at an end, perhaps we shall all take to white, but we will not anticipate anything so extravagant unless we may take the present vogue of white shoes and spats as forerunners.

A Word About Shoes. While speaking of shoes, it might be well to say a word or two about the new pumps for the dainty, airy frocks of the girl of spring and summer, 1916. She will wear the old-time Colonial pump again with its accompanying buckles. And these buckles will be real buckles, not mere pretenses, some of them measure as much as two and one-half inches across. They range



7023
A Smart Use of Blocked Broadcloth.

from the conservative leather covered buckles to the glittering novelty in rhinestones or colored semi-precious jewels.

The high white shoes with white stitching, heel and sole will be a general favorite for the simple afternoon dress or the white flannel or serge suit. A pair of sport shoes should be found in every wardrobe, and for those who enjoy skating, a pair of skating shoes may also be included in the spring outfit, for it is promised that the indoor rinks will remain open well into the warm weather.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription ointment—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of ointment—double strength—from any druggist, and apply a little of it at night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

Phoenix Brand—2 qts. for 25c

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Store Hours: 1:30 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Presenting a Specially Interesting Display of Infants' and Children's Wear for Spring

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday



INFANTS' WEAR

Infants' Fine Nainsook Gowns with hand-embroidered, yoke trimmed Valenciennes lace. Special, \$1.00, \$1.25
Infants' Long Petticoats in fine nainsook tucked at foot, 75¢, 85¢, \$1.00
Infants' Barra Coats in good quality flannellette. Special, 75¢, \$1.00
In all-wool flannel, \$1.00, \$1.50
Nursery Blankets, in pink and white, and sky and white; various designs. Special 65¢, 85¢
Infants' Muslin Bonnets with fine tucks and shirring. Special, 50¢, 75¢, 85¢ and \$1.10
Wash Hats in white pique with buttons on crown. Special, 35¢, 75¢, \$1.00
Rompers in fancy ginghams and chambrays, a fine assortment of patterns in pink and blue, for ages 6 months to 2 years. Special 50¢
Baby Toilet Baskets, padded with sky or pink satin; \$2.75 \$3.75
A Large Stock of Baby Baskets and Stands in plain wicker or white enamel. Separate Cradles \$3.00
Complete with stand \$6.50
Other Nursery Accessories: High Chairs, Low Chairs, Play Yards, Clothes Dryers, Hat Stands, etc.

Collection of Beautiful Infants' Novelties and Nursery Pastimes: Rattles, teething rings, record books, Kewpie dolls, toilet sets, hand-painted comb and brush sets, coat hangers, hot water bags, carriage straps, etc. Many suitable gifts from 50¢ to \$3.50

755 Yates Street, Victoria

Phone 1876

and 575 Granville St., Vancouver

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

All personal items sent by mail for publication must be signed with the name and address of the sender.

J. Gow, of Calgary, is at the Dominion.

O. J. Bailey, of Chicago, is at the Dominion.

Miss Mosher has arrived at the Strathcona hotel.

W. O. Duffie, of Montreal, is staying at the Empress hotel.

Miss F. H. Wolfe, of Vancouver, is at the Strathcona hotel.

L. W. Mackay, of Enderby, is staying at the Dominion hotel.

G. White-Fraser, of Comox, is staying at the Strathcona hotel.

J. H. Allsworth, of Winnipeg, is registered at the Empress hotel.

Capt. Bloomquist, of Shawinigan lake, is registered at the Dominion.

Miss C. Bloomer, of Vancouver, is stopping at the Dominion hotel.

Hans Helgeson, of Metehosin, is stopping at the Dominion hotel.

D. Vincent, of Kamloops, registered at the Dominion hotel yesterday.

C. G. Hamilton, of Port Washington, is staying at the Strathcona hotel.

J. M. Pollock, of Cowichan station, is registered at the Strathcona hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Hubbard, of Chilliwack, are stopping at the Dominion.

W. Milligan is in from Otter Point, and is a guest of the Dominion hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Braine, of Vancouver, are registered at the Strathcona hotel.

S. R. McVitty and family, of London, Ont., are guests of the Dominion hotel.

Mrs. H. A. Babcock and daughter, of Bremerton, are staying at the Dominion.

C. F. Sharpe, of Toronto, is staying at the Empress hotel, arriving yesterday.

W. S. Mitchell is registered from

Cowichan station at the Strathcona hotel.

Mrs. H. Donovan and Miss Elliott were among yesterday's arrivals at the Dominion.

Miss Pellock and Miss Newton have arrived at the Strathcona hotel from Cowichan station.

J. A. Knox, of Toronto, is staying at the Empress hotel. From the same city is D. A. Almas.

E. E. Day and Mrs. Day, of the Merchant's hotel, Port Angeles, are stopping at the Dominion hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brewster and Mrs. O. C. Terry, of Hartford, Conn., arrived at the Empress hotel yesterday.

Guests at the Empress hotel yesterday from Seattle included W. T. Burwell, Mr. and Mrs. A. Jack Baker and W. P. Whitely.

Vancouver registrations at the Empress hotel yesterday included Mrs. F. W. Peters, B. Geo. Hansued, Mrs. B. Johnston, Mrs. D. E. Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Wilson and W. Ingram Parke.

Mrs. Jesse Longfield and Mrs. T. A. Springer have returned from a three weeks' visit to Seattle and Tacoma.

While over there Mrs. Longfield sang on several occasions at the Plymouth Congregational church. She will be the soloist to-morrow evening at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church.

A large number of the friends of Miss Dorothy Harris, 1033 Princess avenue, gave her a miscellaneous surprise shower at her residence last evening on the occasion of her departure to-morrow for London, England, where she is to be married to W. Wallis of Victoria, who is a member of the Imperial Mechanical Transport, which left here on Christmas day.

The party was arranged by Miss Alma Irvine and Mrs. C. Walker. Miss Harris was the recipient of many useful and handsome gifts, among which was a large travelling suit case from Messrs. Smith, Davidson & Wright.

Yates street, where the young lady was employed as stenographer for many years. The evening was spent with a whist tournament and music.

The successful players were as follows: Ladies: First, Mrs. Rutley; second, Miss Fulton; third, Mrs. Novin.

Gentlemen: First, M. Bickerdike; second, Dr. John E. Newman; third, C.

Westwood, Miss Harris will be accompanied by Seattle by her mother, and will make her way to New York, where she will embark April 17. She will stay at Portland, Oregon, for a few days with her brother, Clarence Harris, who is graduating next month at the North Pacific College of Pharmacy. The following were among those present: Mr. and Mrs. Hanbury, Mr. and Mrs. L. McLean, Mr. and Mrs. Westwood, Mr. and Mrs. Bickerdike, Mr. and Mrs. Novin, Mr. and Mrs. A. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Greenwood, Mr. and Mrs. Kent, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. C. Walker; Mesdames M. Ross, Muldoon, McKeon, Irvine, Fulton, Stelly, Rutly, Calvert; the Misses J. Kent, V. Brown, Leask, B. Westwood, Irvine, E. Fetherston, Fulton, D. Brown, R. Walker, D. Fetherston, D. Greenwood; Messrs. F. Milne, Newman, Kidd, Edwards, R. Harrison, F. Ward, W. Wallis, I. Bickerdike, I. Walker, R. Livingston.

If Subject to Colds Here is Good Advice

Don't load your stomach with cough syrups. Send healing medication through the nostrils—send it into the passages that are subject to colds and Catarrh. Easy to do this with Catarrhazone, which cures a cold in ten minutes. Even to the lungs goes the healing vapor of Catarrhazone—all through the bronchial tubes, nostrils and air passages—everywhere a trace of disease remains will Catarrhazone follow. You'll not have colds nor will you suffer from sniffles, bronchitis or throat trouble if Catarrhazone is used. Get it to-day but beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine Catarrhazone. All dealers sell Catarrhazone, large size, two months' treatment, cost \$1.00; small size, 50¢; sample size, 25¢.

There is nothing expresses a man's particular character more fully than his letters to his intimate friends.—Steele.

It is best to love wisely no doubt; but to love foolishly is better than not to be able to love at all.—Thackeray.

J.D.A. TRIPP

Piano Virtuoso
Teacher of piano and coach for vocalists. Studio, 3022 Collinson St. Phone 4651.

WEAKNESSES OF ADAPTED LAND POLICY EXPOSED IN HOUSE BY H. C. BREWSTER

Government Cloaking Confession of Error in Its Former Policy
With Mantle of Patriotism; Returned Soldiers Should Have
Best Province Has to Give, but Method of Doing So is
Not Best That Could Be Followed; Land Speculation Revivified

Legislative Press Gallery,
April 7.

The new land policy of the government, contained in the guise of a bill to provide homesteads and homestead loans for returned soldiers, is a wonderful measure. As might be expected with a policy which is borrowed without understanding it, the government have adopted the proposals of the Liberal leader in such a manner that they will, as Mr. Brewster stated in the course of the second reading debate this afternoon, make confusion worse confounded in the administration of the lands of the province.

While the lands which have been purchased by the speculators are to be recovered by the crown, they are to be tied up for the exclusive use of the soldiers. There is nothing but praise for any well-devised and equitable scheme which will assist the soldier when he returns from the war to become and remain self-supporting, but there will be far more available land than there will be soldiers to occupy, and it is quite naturally expected that thousands of people will come here to make their homes on the land when the conflict has ended. So long as there is enough land to accommodate every soldier who desires to go back to the soil, and there will be, there is no sense in tying it all up.

Then the speculators are to be allowed to choose what they want to keep as their proportionate allotment of the lands they have applied for and are now holding. They will without a doubt select the best of their holdings, and they will be permitted to choose a bit here and a bit there, following their own sweet will. If they have sold own, or agree to sell, out of their holdings—and much has been so sold—the man who has bought and, probably in most cases, paid for it, will have no standing with the government. The speculators will take care to select other lands than those they have disposed of, and the innocent purchaser from them will be wiped out by the government and will have small recourse of value in the right of suit against the speculative vendors. Mr. Brewster insists that the government should make the se-

lection of that the method of it should be distinctly provided in the statute, and that the right of the man who has purchased land as well as the rights of the settler should be fully protected.

Land Speculation.

There is provision in the act for the land speculation which has proved such a hindrance to the province to begin all over again. Not only is the speculator helped out of his bargain by being relieved of liability to pay any more, getting a clear title to an allowance for as much as he has paid for, but he can start in all over again on the game. The minister of lands is given power to sell what lands he may choose with the avowed object of creating a fund for loans to returned soldiers, but, contrary to the present statutory minimum price of lands, the minister fixes the price and the terms and conditions of payment. He may act "in his absolute discretion and for any reason which he may deem to be in the public interest."

Another serious feature of the bill is that it applies to every honest settler who has purchased lands as well as to the speculator, and if he does not complete his payments after the coming into force of the act he is liable to have his application cancelled and his land re-vested in the crown without any recourse whatever, although he may have gone a long way towards making a home for himself, and is the very type of settler the province is so much in need of.

Mr. Brewster said the bill was so clumsily drawn and was such a botched affair that it would be difficult for anyone to follow its results without a prolonged and very close study. This it was impossible for anyone to give it owing to the speed with which the government rushed all its important legislation through the House and the little time given the small opposition to cover all the ground it had to in the course of a day.

The bill was a most important one in many ways, dealing, as it did, with the matter of providing for the returned soldier and proposing to deal with the lands which had been allowed to go

out of the control of the crown without being paid for, to be held by the speculator whom the present premier had stated years ago must have his chance. It would be watched by other provinces which were waiting to see how best to deal with the returned soldier problem. The minister of lands thought the occasion so important that he had filed his manuscript speech with the press, but a perusal of it showed that while he had used a lot of language he had failed to explain his bill.

Men Are Worthy.

For the men who had gone from British Columbia to fight for the empire, which meant that they were fighting for Canada and for their own province just as much as for the old motherland, nothing was too good. Their valor was unquestioned. It was borne testimony to by commanding officers and correspondents, and in the bulletins that afternoon could be read the news of the gallant manner in which they were helping to repel the attack against the Canadian line.

There would not be one British Columbian worthy of the name who would not agree that everything that could be done for every brave fellow who came home to settle in this province whether he had enlisted here or in the furthest portion of the empire, must and would be done. Every member in the House was at one in this, and it ought to be the aim of them and of all citizens to lift the question above party politics. In the cases which were to be benefited he did not see the smallest workers were included, as they should have been. While they were drawing greater monetary rewards than the soldier, and were not risking their lives in the trenches and on the field they were a very necessary factor to success, and should be considered.

But was this commendable work being done in the best way? It was to be feared that it was far from the best plan which was embodied in this bill, and it had the very serious defect of being means of the bill the government was endeavoring to hide its miserable management of the lands of the province under a cloak of patriotism. The terms of the bill were proof positive of the truth of the contention. The Liberals had been making all along that the best of the lands of the province had been alienated. As the minister of lands had said, and, indeed, nothing was too good for the soldiers, and that being the case the best land was to be taken for them.

To get that best land, however, the government had to take it back from the speculator. To get out of the mess into which maladministration of this great asset of the province had brought us we had the cloak of patriotism thrown about the means which were to be taken to get it back. Evidently the government had not got the land available for settlement, in spite of the assertions of the minister, varying as to amount, of the millions of acres that were awaiting the pre-emptor and land-seeker, or else it must be assumed that the government now admitted that it had been wrong in letting the speculator have it. Where was all the benefit of the good business done? It was to sell the land, of the six per cent, that would be earned on the deferred payments, of the four per cent, wild land tax that these millions of alienated acres would be bringing in, of all the revenue that the government land policy was to be bringing into the treasury?

Not Received Revenue.

The government had to admit that the province had not received the revenue, that conditions were just the reverse of what they claimed they were, and that in order to get the lands back they were compelled to take this means. The government had had to accept as a principle upon which to work one of the planks of the Liberal policy which they had so long scorned—but which they were not capable of putting into effect—just as they had in the past taken the Liberal policy in the matter of an agricultural credits act, a workmen's compensation act, and this session also, the referendum in connection with the Prohibition Bill. And with all that, if one picked up any of the administration's newspapers, there would be found the assertion that the Liberals had not any constructive policy. Perhaps not, if one could not have that which was stolen from them, and the government had been persistent stealers of policies.

This bill was fearfully and wonderfully made. It started out as if there were going to be innumerable hosts of soldiers coming here looking for homesteads. It was not likely that such a tremendous lot would be anxious to go on the land as some people might think. To take the British Columbia enlistments, which were what the people of this province must have chiefly in mind, although they would welcome the soldier from whatever part of the empire he came who desired to carve out a home for himself in British Columbia, and it was safe to estimate that of the 25,000 who had gone to the front so far not more than one-third would want to go back on the land. This would be about 8,000, and giving each 100 acres there would be taken up 1,200,000 acres.

Under this act about three million acres would revert to the crown, most of it accessible and the best of the province's lands, but a good deal of it undoubtedly inaccessible and therefore no place to settle a soldier in. These lands were not to be open to purchase, lease, pre-emption, or any other method of alienation except that provided for in the act, and in addition the minister could select further crown lands to be also dealt with only under the provisions of the act. To put a returned soldier on inaccessible land would only hurt the soldier and be a detriment to the province. It would do more injury than good and would throttle prosperity by tying up the land.

The minister had expressed the pious hope that there would be no abuses under the act such as arose in connection with the land scrip to South African veterans. At the same time, by leaving out all requirements for residence and homesteading he had left the door wide open for that very abuse to take place. The honorable gentleman said he held in his hand a telegram from the northern country

in which it was stated that there is not in the interior not one South African veteran although there are thousands of acres of scrip land.

Strangle the Province.

In tying up the land for the use of soldiers who would not use it the government would strangle the province, and there should certainly be stringent homestead requirements. The province desired to help the soldier, but it was help the soldier would desire, not charity nor a piece of land on which he might settle or not as he chose. Let the government get every acre of available land brought under any other settler who wanted to work upon it, and give him every assistance in carrying on his operations.

Mr. Brewster took up the method of selection of the proportionate allowance which purchasers are to make. This was to be left to the applicants themselves, to the speculators, subject to the sanction of the minister, and was to be in such parcels in each section as suited them. There would be a checkboard of these selections all over the province, occupying, beyond a doubt, all the best and choicest of the lands now held by these men. This was entirely wrong and the government would be well-advised to amend the proposal in committee. The selection should be done by the crown through its officials, or else the statute should plainly state the manner in which the holders should make their selections and not leave it open to them to take the very cream of the land which they had held so long for their own benefit and to the great detriment of the province.

It would be quite possible for them to except from their selection any lands that they had disposed of in any section to innocent purchasers in other parts of the country, and these purchasers would then find their lands taken from them by the government. They would be without recourse under the act, and whatever recourse they would have by way of legal action against the speculator from whom they bought would probably not be of any material value to them.

Another man who would be injured by this bill would be the man who had purchased a section from the government and had put in some work on it, the bona fide settler, the man whom this province wanted so badly and for whom it was crying. He was included in the action of the bill against the speculator, and six months after it came into effect, if he had not paid up all the price on it, he would find himself shut out, without any recourse or claim whatever against the government, and his work and money would be lost absolutely to him. He lost the protection of all other acts which gave him the right to pay arrears in four instalments or in any way gave him more time. Or it might be that he had only done two-thirds of three-fourths of the improvements necessary to take it out of the wild-land class, and then also he would find himself at the expiry of the six months shut out of the fruits of what he had done.

Isolated Sections.

Then there was the condition that many of the lands which would revert to the crown would be in isolated sections of the country, and would not be well adapted for the settler. It was a fact that the best lands are now alienated, but these are to be reserved for the soldier, no matter where they were or how isolated. It would not be an act of wisdom to put soldiers out under these conditions. If the province was going to have a proper scheme of aid for them they should be settled in bloc as far as possible in the most suitable sections of land.

Mr. Brewster said he could not understand why the minister tied his own hands in some respects when he took the widest and most unnecessary powers in other directions, as, for instance, that of selecting additional lands, and why he did not insist upon occupation and cultivation of the land. What the minister should provide for was the settlement of these returned soldiers in communities, where there would be less expense in the provision of schools, roads, and all the general measures which went to make life bearable. Under such conditions they would be relieved from much of the hardship of pioneering, and would be able to visit each other and fight over again the battles in which they had taken part.

There had to be thought given to the selection of the areas, and the use to be made of them. There were some where one man could prosper and another could not make a living, or where one branch of the agricultural industry could be carried on successfully and another could not. But the minister could not allow any person else on the land but a returned soldier, and no matter how much more suitable some class of settlers were for some particular part of the country adapted for one branch of agriculture or another they could not get on the land. He could sell land just as he liked by the proposals before the House.

"I consider it unnecessary for him to sell any land at all," Mr. Brewster continued. "I consider that when he does sell it he starts all over again this nefarious speculation of which we have seen so much and which has done such infinite harm to our province. The government and the speculator are getting out from under in the most graceful manner possible, wrapping this cloak of patriotism about them, but at the very same time they re-create the conditions under which the practice may recommence, under which the government may sell the land and the speculator reap the advantage, after being assisted in the most graceful way, as I say, to escape from the obligations which they have never made any attempt to meet."

Not a Reason.

The minister says it is because they want money to enable the soldier to go on the land. That is not a reason, because they have under the Agricultural Credits Act power to borrow fifteen millions for that purpose, helping the settler, no matter who he may be. If these men are to be assisted financially there is no reason why they should not come under that act rather than have

this condition recreated. Over and above the provisions in the Agricultural Credits Act we have power to go further if need be, and I must insist that it is not necessary for us to make the sale of land permissible, one of the things on which this government has made the greatest mistake, as this bill at last confesses.

"In trying to get out of a very serious situation the government has complicated the situation. There is no question, and cannot be in the mind of any member who has studied it closely, that the bill is unworkable and that if we try to live up to it the result will be confusion worse confounded so far as the lands are concerned. The minister could not suggest a means whereby we could more quickly drive people from the province, creating financial conditions worse than the present, than to permit the picking of choice bits of land by the speculator and the compelling the government to build schools, roads, trails and bridges and other expensive works as the result of an uncontrolled and unregulated settlement scattered all over the province." I understood the minister to say there would be amendments to this bill in committee, and I would suggest to him consideration of these points with that in view."

The province had spent thousands of dollars, Mr. Brewster reminded the House, on a commission to tour the world practically and obtain for the government information on all matters relating to the industry of agriculture, and yet in this legislation the government ignored some of the strongest suggestions made by that commission, because its proposals would scatter population if it was brought into application as it stood. Discussing the disadvantages of free selection of land and of the system under which settlers now pre-empt land, the members of the commission reported:

"Absolute freedom of selection, while doubtless attractive to many for various reasons, leads to sparse, widely scattered settlements, with a consequent expense for roads, bridges, schools, and so forth, out of proportion to the population served and the shipments of produce. In such cases the settler and his family lack educational and social opportunities, co-operation is difficult or impossible, and consequently marketing is often unsuccess. Unregulated settlement may lead to complication with coal and timber licenses, and cattle ranchers complain of the trouble caused them by the harriding of their cattle by pre-emptors settled on land unsuited for agriculture. There is loss of time and money by settlers in their search for homes in Australia and New Zealand, after many years of comparatively slow progress, the fact was recognized that, if steady and satisfactory advance in agriculture was to be secured, it must be by the encouragement of a multiplicity of comparatively small holdings, and accordingly a policy of clearer settlement was introduced."

Yet the bill proposed to perpetuate

this system of scattered settlements which the agricultural commission condemned as leading to expense to the government and dissatisfaction to the settler. For these reasons the commission made this recommendation:

Closer Settlement Needed.

"Being therefore convinced that a satisfactory solution of many of these problems would be found in a system of closer settlement on living areas we recommend now the adoption of a policy for closer settlement, based on the following lines," these lines including the throwing of certain areas for closer settlement, the rest of the alienated land to be reserved until further areas on the same principle needed to be opened, the preference to be given to these areas in the construction of roads and that the areas be surveyed with special reference to the requirements of living areas and fully detailed information be recorded in regard to each such living area."

If there was any deserving case for the adoption of this system of closer settlement it was that of the returned soldier, said Mr. Brewster, as it would give him many little conveniences and little comforts and not expose him to all the hardships of pioneer life. The commission left no doubt as to what it meant by a "living area," explaining it very fully in this language:

"By living area is meant an area from which a settler and his family might reasonably be expected to make a comfortable living, and such areas would vary greatly in size and form, according to climate and soil conditions, topography and the form of agriculture to be developed. The result of the adoption of the two principles of closer settlement and living areas has been most satisfactory in Australasia, both to the public purse in the matter of expenditure on roads and to the settler as regards facilities for selecting land suited to his requirements, and prospect of making a success thereafter."

The Best Welcome.

"Until such time as the government has had an opportunity to bring in whatever amendments it intends and make this a workable act I think that all that can be said is this," said the leader of the opposition in conclusion. "We on this side want to see an act put into force that will give the returned soldier the best opportunity possible to make a comfortable living for himself and his family, and an opportunity to help in the development in every sense of this finest portion of the empire that he is now so gallantly fighting for, but I insist that a prosperous province will be the greatest and the best welcome that we can give our returned soldier boys. That prosperous province cannot be brought into existence if we are to permit choice portions

of the agricultural land, scattered through the length and breadth of British Columbia, to be chosen by the men who have so far made no attempt to develop the vast areas they have so recently purchased, but on which they have failed to pay the balance of the purchase price or the taxes assessed against them."

"If we permit that alienation of land, even under this act, we are not going to have a prosperous province with which to welcome the soldier home. Without that prosperity we cannot hope for a successful land policy by putting on the soil men who may not have any previous knowledge of agriculture without teaching them in such a manner as that they shall make a success of it."

"Until such time as the government sees fit to introduce such amendments as will make this work-out I would say that, while we will not oppose the second reading and want to see an act which will give every soldier his just due and a chance to every settler, we reserve to ourselves any action we consider wise in committee in order to make this a good and workable bill."

The minister of lands asked Mr. Brewster if he wished to convey the impression that every person who had purchased land had violated the Land Act.

"Not at all," replied Mr. Brewster. "Many persons have purchased their one section under the terms of the Land Act, but many other persons have done it illegally by fraudulent powers of attorney."

Mr. Ross—"In your opinion."

Mr. Brewster—"In the opinion expressed by the supreme court of the province and the supreme court of Canada."

Mr. Ross insisted that this only applied to the two cases dealt with by the courts, and that he had pointed this out many times.

E. J. A. Mackenzie (Delta) moved the adjournment of the debate.

RIGHTS OF GERMANS

Vancouver Member Will Give Premier Opportunity to State Attitude of Government.

The attitude of the provincial government towards Germans and German-born citizens of the province is a matter upon which information is being sought by A. H. B. Macgowan, Vancouver. On Monday Mr. Macgowan will ask the premier:

"Does the government propose to take any action along lines similar to Australia in the disfranchisement of German-born electors for the period of the present war?"

Another question which the fourth member for Vancouver has for the premier to answer is this: "What, if any, action does the government propose to take in connection with lands, coal rights, water rights, stocks in companies and other properties owned or held by Germans or their representatives in British Columbia?"



"All Bosh— Tea and Coffee Don't Hurt Me"

says the cynic—but, we live and learn and at some time of life many tea or coffee drinkers wake up to the fact that the drug, "caffeine," in tea and coffee is "getting them."

Headaches, nervousness, biliousness, heart flutter, insomnia, etc., are often signs that tea or coffee is getting in its work; and the growing knowledge of its true nature has led thousands of former tea or coffee drinkers to turn to

INSTANT POSTUM

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Postum comes in two forms: The original Postum Cereal must be boiled; Instant Postum requires no boiling—a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water makes a delicious drink—instantly. Both forms are equally delicious, and the cost per cup is about the same.

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The food which is taken to nourish the body and keep up vigor and strength becomes a poison to the system when digestion fails. You feel drowsy after meals, lose appetite, suffer from constipation, have pains in the bowels and through the body. Instead of being digested, the food ferments and gives rise to gas or wind on the stomach, which crowds about the heart, causing suffocating feelings and derangements of the heart's action.

Resort to aids to digestion cannot afford more than temporary relief, for the trouble is caused by torpid, sluggish action of the liver and bowels. These organs must be awakened so that they will filter the

poisons from the blood and remove from the system the accumulating waste matter.

Here lies the cause of indigestion and dyspepsia, and neglect only leads to chronic and complicated derangements, which destroy all comfort and shorten life.

The ideal treatment for indigestion is Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, because they promptly and positively remove the cause of trouble. Acting directly and specifically on the liver, kidneys and bowels, they cleanse the system of all impurities, and their occasional use keeps these filtering and excretory organs regular and active. The blood is purified, pains and aches disappear, and such derangements as indigestion, constipation, biliousness, back-ache and kidney derangements are cured.

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations disappoint.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Dr. Chase's Recipe Book, 1,000 selected recipes, sent free if you mention this paper.

SPORTING NEWS

A. A. U. PREXY WOULD SUSPEND ATHLETICS

Athletes Will Forfeit Amateur Standing If They Play for Gate or Collection

Edmonton, April 8.—Prof. W. M. Edwards, president of the Amateur Athletic Union of Alberta, in an interview last night, made plain the attitude of the governing body regarding the suspension of senior athletics until the end of the war.

Briefly, it might be summarized by the statement that the amateur union does not believe that athletes of military age should ask the public to support their sport at the present time, in view of the many other calls which are made upon the public, and that, while there might be special cases where men capable of competing in senior athletics have good and sufficient reason for not enlisting, in the majority of cases athletes of military age should be in khaki.

He also made it plain, that unless the executive of the union gave special sanction in the unusual cases, that registered civilian athletes would forfeit their amateur standing automatically, by competing in athletics where a gate or collection is taken.

The question arose over the agitation and apparent misunderstanding in Calgary over the ruling of the union, in that effort is being made in Calgary to organize a baseball league, and that an invitation is being issued to all baseball players to attend an organization meeting. It has also been stated that, after expenses were paid, the profits of the games would be turned over to charitable and patriotic associations.

Prof. Edwards made it plain that such a league, if organized, and if a collection was taken, would be an unsanctioned meet, and amateur athletes competing would automatically lose their amateur standing whether they were professional athletes competing or not. The offence would be even worse if amateurs and professionals mixed in such a meet.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Team	W	L	St	Pct
Portland	2	2	2	.500
San Francisco	2	2	2	.500
Oakland	2	2	2	.500
Vernon	2	2	2	.500
Salt Lake	2	2	2	.500
Los Angeles	2	2	2	.500

Salt Lake City, April 8.—Oakland won from Salt Lake City yesterday, 15 to 12, in a poor exhibition in all departments. After the Oaks had obtained a seven-run lead, the locals rallied, and in the eighth tied the score. The Oaks won in the ninth, assisted by an error and poor judgments. Each club used four pitchers. Score:

	R. H.
Oakland	15 15
Salt Lake City	12 12
Batteries—Manser, Klein, Mart	
Beer and Elliott; Munsell, Peters	
Mullen and Hannah.	

Batteries—Manser, Klein, Martin, Beer and Elliott; Munsell, Peterson, Mullen and Hannah.

San Francisco, April 8.—San Francisco defeated Portland yesterday, 10 to 5, in a game that was marked by free hitting on both sides. Portland was unfortunate in its pitchers, both Clark and Smith, who substituted for him, being particularly weak. The Beavers got 13 hits off Baum. Score:

Los Angeles, April 8.—Manager Fr
Chance used 15 Los Angeles play
four of them being pitchers, in a v
effort yesterday to best the Ven
baseball team, the latter winning

Batteries—Clark, Smith, Houck and Haworth; Baum and O'Brien.

Los Angeles, April 8.—Manager Frank Chance used 15 Los Angeles players, four of them being pitchers, in a vain effort yesterday to best the Vernon baseball team, the latter winning, 13 to 7. Vernon started the scoring in the first inning with two runs, and by bunting hits piled up a large total.

R	H	E	
Vernon	13	14	1
Los Angeles	7	12	4

SPRING DOG SHOW

CLOSED LAST NIGHT

Fourteenth Annual Exhibition Was a Complete Success; Special Awards

Complete success attended the efforts of the Victoria City Kennel Club in the fourteenth annual spring kennel show, which was brought to a close last night with the presentation of the prizes by Miss Pooley.

Last night's attendance exceeded that of the previous exhibitions, and congratulations were accorded the officers of the Kennel Club and the judges for the efficient manner in which they supervised the show.

The entry list was not as great as in former years, but the quality of the various breeds easily equalled anything in the past. Interest was not so keen as usual in the big dogs, as there were only a few of them entered, but the large list of entries and the keen competition among the smaller breeds easily offset this.

Mrs. Maynard's dog, Kitchener, which carried off the honors at the International dog show at Seattle recently, again covered itself with glory at the local exhibits, taking the first prize and winners in the Boston terrier class, but losing in the special class to a Vancouver entry.

Miss Pooley's retrievers are also worthy of special mention, their quality being the finest ever displayed at a local show.

Yesterday, the final day of the kennel show, only judging of the mixed specials prevailed, and the judges had their work cut out in reaching their decisions. Mrs. Brownie's Skye terrier, Aberdeen Lavender, bred by Lady Aberdeen, acquitted itself with glory, the verdict of the judge being that this dog was the best animal exhibited in the show.

T. Withers exhibited the best brace of sporting animals, in Arbutus Swallow and Arbutus Ladybird, while for the best brace of non-sporting dogs, special award was made to Dr. Brydson's collies.

Two silver and four bronze medals donated by the Canadian Kennel Club for registered dogs exhibited by members of the Victoria City Kennel Club were won by: 1st, Dr. Primrose Wells' field spaniel, Sweep; 2nd, W. M. Coates' fox terrier, Cr. Coates Lady O'Rustum; 3rd, Mrs. Ada Pierce's Pomeranian, Weenie; 4th, Miss Pooley's retriever, Dinah; 5th, Mrs. Brownie's Skye terrier, Aberdeen Lavender; 6th, E. B. Perry's bulldog, Lobengula.

White Eagle says that the last he heard of his companions they were somewhere in Montana. The proof that he has touched at all the points on the route mapped out. White Eagle left a local newspaper office, a stack of letters signed by mayors, police chiefs and other officials to be mailed to Mayor Thompson.

Mitchell got even break. Milwaukee, April 8.—Ritchie Mitchell held Freddie Welsh, the lightweight champion of the world to a draw in ten rounds of fast milling here last night. The performance of Mitchell, who was at least seven pounds lighter than Welsh, looked like a victory to the home fans, but Welsh forced the fighting most of the way and did most of the damage.

Beat bull dogs. Boston, Mass., April 8.—The Montreal Wanderers last night defeated the Quebec team at professional hockey, 6 goals to 3, in the second game of the Boston series. Quebec won the first game Tuesday, 5 to 4, so Wanderers have the series and will meet Ottawas here to-night.

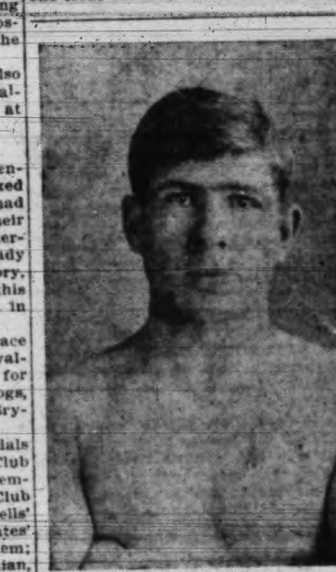
WILLARD'S PARTNER

IS WELL KNOWN HERE

Jack Hemple, Was Once Billed to Appear at Local Amateur Tournament

Now that Big Jess Willard is finished with Frank Moran, there is no telling how many months it will be before the champion again steps through the ropes to defend his title, and his sparring partners have to go elsewhere to earn their meal tickets. Jack Hemple, second string sparring partner at the champion's camp is the first to step out, and participate in a ring battle last night at Kenosha he knocked out a big heavyweight named Lee Nelson, of Chicago, in seven rounds.

Hemple is the big fellow who accompanied Bob Meyers and Al Goodwin to Victoria a few years ago from Spokane. The latter two took part in a local tournament, Goodwin losing to Frank Barrieau and Meyers meeting with success. Hemple was billed to appear, but demanded a purse from W. H. Davies before he would go on. This promoter refused, and he did not appear. Goodwin only participated in one local contest, but Meyers took part



JACK HEMPLE.

in quite a number of boxing shows, which were held in those days under the auspices of the J. B. A. A. and under the supervision of W. H. Davies, who is still engaged in promoting amateur tournaments.

Hemple, Goodwin and Meyers hung around the city for several weeks, and assisted in putting the Dolbe Kid in (ring for his fight with Tommy Moore, of Nanaimo. The latter, who is now a corporal in the 11th C. M. R., made short work of their protégé, putting him away in one punch. Hemple and Goodwin put on an exhibition at Nanaimo the same night, and on behalf of his protégé Goodwin issued a challenge for Hemple, that he would meet any heavy weight in Canada. Big Tom Cowler, the English heavy, was at that time living in Nanaimo, and he hauled his huge frame through the ropes and accepted the challenge. Goodwin gave him the once over, and made a rapid exit. Shortly afterwards the trio left the city, and nothing has been heard of Meyers or Goodwin since.

A recent issue of the Police Gazette contained a picture of Willard's camp, and Hemple could easily be recognized in the group. When in Victoria he was very raw, and hadn't the slightest marks of a coming heavyweight.

NO EFFECT ON RACES. Tacoma, April 8.—George D. Dunn, secretary of the Tacoma Speedway association, announced last night that the recent decision of the American Automobile association to bar women from competitive events would have no effect upon the programme to be held on the Speedway Decoration day.

The programme, including a number of women's events, was submitted to the A. A. A. and approved, said Secretary Dunn last night. "The events in which the Tacoma women will take part have no speed tests in them, being reliability tests and contests in backing and careful driving. The programme as announced for Memorial day will not be affected by the recent A. A. A. ruling barring women from racing events."

SEATTLE LOST. Seattle, April 8.—There is room for argument as to whether the Chicago Colored Giants that Rube Foster has brought here this spring is a better team than the one he had when he first showed up in this section of the universe, but no one will deny that he has a wonderful aggregation. The colored lads walloped Seattle yesterday afternoon at the Rainier Valley park, 11 to 5, in the first of a series of three games.

Secretary Dunn last night. "The in which the Tacoma women will part have no speed tests in the ing reliability tests and controlling backing and careful driving. The

Eugene, Ore., April 8.—University of Oregon defeated Willamette University of Salem at baseball here yesterday, 3 to 0. Pitchers Rathbun, for Oregon, and Rexford, for Willamette, each allowed but three hits.

WASHINGTON CREW WON EASILY FROM STANFORD

Seattle, April 8.—Washington's rowing eight ran away from the Stanford crew on Lake Washington yesterday afternoon in the race for the championship title of the Pacific coast, between six and seven lengths of open water separated the eight at the finish, Stanford finishing thirty-one seconds behind the purple and gold eight. The time of the winners was 17 minutes, 6 seconds.

The result was a complete surprise to the thousands of people who thronged the lake shore and taxed the capacity of all the available craft on the lake. Washington had been conceded an even chance to win, but that they would so soundly drub the eight, six of which were in the crew that won second at Poughkeepsie last year, was entirely unlooked for.

The time of the race is slow in comparison to other marks that have been set up on the lake, but the entire length of the course both crews bucked a strong north wind that precluded any chance of setting a new mark.

Power craft on the lake, passing and repassing, had also cut up the course somewhat, although none of the boats gave any of their wash to either of the eight.

PRACTICE GAMES

Washington, April 8.—The Washington Americans defeated the Philadelphia Nationals here yesterday, 2 to 2, in an exhibition game. Dumont held the Phillies runless until the eighth, when two passes and Luderus's double produced two runs. Washington's three runs were earned off Demaree.

Score	R	H	E
Philadelphia	2	6	2
Washington	2	9	1

Batteries—Demaree, Mayer and Burns; Dumont and Henry.

Brooklyn, April 8.—The Brooklyn Nationals evened up the series with the Boston Americans by beating the world's champions, 2 to 2, in a pitchers' battle. Cheney and Leonard held the opposing teams runless while they occupied the three hits and a run in the sixth inning. Then, with Foster on second in the eighth, and Marquard pitching, Speaker drove the ball over the right field wall for a home run.

Score	R	H	E
Brooklyn	2	9	2
Boston	2	12	2

Batteries—Leonard, Foster and Thomas; Cheney, Marquard, Miller and J. Meyers.

Raleigh, N. C., April 8.—The Philadelphia Americans defeated the Raleigh club of the North Carolina League team here yesterday, 16 to 9. The game was played in the rain.

Score	R	H	E
Philadelphia	16	14	4
Raleigh	9	11	8

Batteries—Crowell, Morrisette and Meyers; Farnham, Pillion, Hooks and Howe.

Columbus, O., April 8.—Griffith, London and Clarke contributed singles in the seventh inning for the only runs scored in yesterday's game that Cincinnati Nationals won from the Columbus American Association team 2 to 0.

Score	R	H	E
Cincinnati	2	5	1
Columbus	0	5	1

Batteries—Schneider and Clarke; Blodgett, Brady, Coleman and Pratt.

Baltimore, April 8.—The Baltimore International defeated the Boston Braves here yesterday. Shortstop Fawcett, of Baltimore, was hurt during batting practice by a thrown ball.

Score	R	H	E
Baltimore	4	8	2
Boston	5	6	2

Batteries—Allen, Barnes and Traversor; Sherman and McAvoy.

New York, April 8.—The New York Nationals yesterday took the opening game of their spring series from the New York Americans, 3 to 2. Merkle won the game for the Nationals in the seventh inning when he drove in two runs with a single.

Score	R	H	E
New York Americans	2	9	1
New York Nationals	3	8	1

Batteries—Cullop, Caldwell and Nunnemaker; Schupp and Harden.

BEAVERS BEAT WASHINGTON. Vancouver, B. C., April 8.—The Vancouver Beavers yesterday afternoon defeated the University of Washington in an exhibition game 11 to 3. Some snappy fielding marked the game, four double plays being recorded. In the fifth inning, with the bases loaded and none out, the collegians were retired on a triple play, Hamilton to Baldwin to Giddings to Baldwin.

R	H	E	
University of Washington	3	3	4
Vancouver	11	15	3

Batteries—T. Thompson and Wilson; Williams, Sabourin, Russell and Cress, Baldwin, Baker.

YANKEES HAD KAUFF IN SPRING OF 1911

Irwin Discovered Benny for New York, but Hal Chase Cut Him Adrift

Arthur Irwin believes the fate of Benny Kauff vindicates him as a scout, for it was Irwin who dug up John McGraw's alleged "second Ty Cobb." Also Irwin says if there had been a different system of trying out Yankee recruits in yegle some years ago the Yankees today would be boasting of this former outlaw beauty. Incidentally Irwin takes issue with the system of quick tests for recruits now in general among major league managers. Draught roster limits and club treasury troubles of late years have about done for the gradual development of youngsters by big league teams.

"The difference between \$300 in cash and a \$35,000 ball player is what the New York American League club might have saved if my theory that a hustler is entitled to gradual polishing instead of a quick-fire test of his ability had been worked out in Kauff's case," argued Irwin to-day.

"Late in the summer of 1910 I first struck Benny's trail. He was then pasturing in the Virginia-Valley League with the Parkersburg team. I watched him slam the ball in four or five games and I then was ready to stake my reputation on his ability to hit. That fall I drafted the player; he cost us only \$300. The next spring he went to Athens, Ga., with the Yankees. With Parkersburg the previous season he had batted .417 against all sorts of pitching. Well, he pelted good and bad serving on that training team. I don't say he was a good fielder or used good judgment in his base running, but he could hit. And the other qualities usually come in time under proper coaching."

"I remember some freak stunts Kauff pulled one day on that trip. The Yankees were on their way north. I was managing them and we were up against a college team down in Virginia. The first time up Benny poked a single and was out trying to stretch it. Next time he hit to centre for a double and was thrown out striving to reach third. On his fourth attempt he hit one over the centre fielder and was tagged out sliding home. His one idea was to keep going until the ball reached some base ahead of him."

"That, of course, was kid stuff—Benny was only 18 at the time—but he was an unpolished star then. His ability to hit the ball on a line to any field was due to his unusual muscular development. He has exceptionally powerful shoulders and arms."

"When it came time to cut down the squad, Hal Chase had no room for Kauff. We then had Daniels, Wolter, Cress, Hemphill and other veteran outfielders, and we had finished second the previous season, so Chase cannot be blamed. Kauff went to the Connecticut League and did well."

GOLF TOURNAMENT.

Pinehurst, N. C., April 8.—Phillip Carter, of New York, eliminated Charles Skehens, of Woodhole, Mass., from the championship division of the United North and South championships in yesterday's semi-finals, and to-day Carter and Frank Dyer, of Montclair, the Pennsylvania champion, will contest for the title. Dyer yesterday won from W. W. Paul, of the Mecklenburg club, Charlotte, one up, holding a twenty-five-foot putt on the eighteenth green, after being apparently stymied.

O'LEARY BEAT DUFFY.

Buffalo, April 8.—Johnny O'Leary, of Seattle, claimant to the Canadian lightweight championship, conceded eight pounds to Jimmy Duffy, of Lockport, N. Y., and won handily in ten rounds here last night. O'Leary possessed a good left hook and had the Lockport boy in trouble at times although throughout there was not the least semblance of a knockout.

RED SOX SIGN WALKER.

Boston, April 8.—The acquisition of Clarence Walker, heavy hitting outfielder of the St. Louis Americans by the Boston Americans, was announced yesterday. Lewis, Boston's left fielder, is out of the game at present with an injured thumb and Walker may play his position.

JOHNNY KANE SOLD.

Los Angeles, April 8.—Johnny Kane, outfielder, sold yesterday to the San Francisco club of the Pacific Coast League, will join the Seals when they come here Tuesday. Meanwhile he will work out daily with the Tigers. Kane was sold to Wichita, in the Western League, recently, but preferred to stay on the coast.

STECHER FLOPPED ANOTHER.

Chicago, April 8.—Joe Stecher at the wrestling contests here last night defeated Bill Folkus in straight falls. He accomplished the first with a body scissors and forearm hold in 3 minutes and 20 seconds.

Why Buy a Four

When You Can Get This

Powerful McLaughlin Six

30-35 Horse Power, \$1,225

WM. OLIPHANT

1003 View St. Phone 697 for Demonstration

SIGNED WITH PEORIA.

Los Angeles, April 8.—Claude Graham and Robert Smith, pitchers, released last Saturday by Manager Frank Chance, of the Los Angeles club, to the Peoria Three-I League team and declined by it, were disposed of to-day. Smith was given an unconditional release and Graham was released to the St. Joseph Western League club.

GOLF CHAMPIONSHIPS.

Pinehurst, N. C., April 8.—Charles Skehens, of Woodhole, Mass.; Philip Carter, of New York; Frank Dyer, of Montclair, and W. W. Paul, of Charlotte, won their games in the United North and South golf championship here to-day. To-morrow Skehens will meet Carter, and Dyer will play Paul in the semi-finals.

WRESTLERS RE-MATCHED.

Saskatoon, April 8.—Following their draw match of Wednesday night here, Walter Anderson of Edmonton, and Frank LaMarque of the 66th Battalion, have been matched to wrestle to a finish at the Grand theatre here on May 1. Both men express confidence as to the outcome of the next match.

IN THE FIELD MAKING MONEY

or in the barn, "eating their heads off". One means profit—the other means loss. When a horse goes lame—develops a Spavin, Curb, Splint, Ringbone—don't risk losing him through neglect—don't run just as great a risk by experimenting with unknown "cures". Get the old reliable standby—

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Mr. F. Winters, Port William, Ont., writes—"I have cured one spavin with your Spavin Cure, and am now trying it on another with good results". Be ready for emergencies, keep a bottle of Kendall's in the barn. Then, if a horse goes lame, you have the remedy on hand to cure the trouble quickly. A bottle—4 for 25¢ at druggists. Ask yours for free copy of book—"Treatise On The Horse" or write us direct.

Dr. E. J. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURG FALLS, VERMONT, U.S.A.

As Business Gets Better

WEEK AFTER WEEK, it behooves every man and woman who wants to get his or her full share of returning prosperity to be sure that no opportunities for profitable enterprise are overlooked. DON'T FORGET THE LITTLE THINGS which often lead to big ones. Many a man has passed by opportunities he thought too trivial for attention, while others by the expenditure of only a few cents on the same opportunities have started forces moving which resulted in thousands of dollars profit. Many a "Want Ad" in the Times, apparently insignificant, has resulted in successes far greater than we even dreamed of.

HERE ARE SOME OF THE THINGS A TIMES "WANT AD" can do for you:

- RENT OFFICES
- RENT STORES
- RENT APARTMENTS
- SELL BUSINESSES
- EXCHANGE PROPERTIES
- SECURE CAPITAL
- FIND PARTNERS
- RENT VACANT ROOMS
- SELL HOUSEHOLD GOODS
- SELL AUTOMOBILES
- SELL STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES
- SELL DOGS AND OTHER PETS
- FIND LOST ARTICLES
- SECURE COMPETENT HELP

THESE ARE JUST A FEW OF THE MANY USES YOU CAN MAKE OF A "Want Ad". THERE'S HARDLY A FAMILY IN VICTORIA WHO CANNOT take advantage in some way or other of the tremendous power of TIMES "WANT ADS" to render service in the affairs of every-day life. Give the matter a little thought and you will see how a Times "Want Ad" can help you.

Then Put Your "Want Ads" in the Victoria Daily Times

3 Good Drinks

Brewed Ginger Beer
Pale Dry Ginger Ale
"The New Drink"

PHONE 435
Thorpe & Co., Ltd.

Carnegie's Swedish Porter

Contains the life-sustaining properties of pure malt and hops. Taken with the mid-day and evening meals, it constitutes a real aid to digestion. Creates energy and vim, and is especially helpful in combating body and nerve depression. Is without a rival in flavor and palatableness; an ideal beverage for family use.

WHOLESALE AGENTS

Pither & Leiser, Limited

VICTORIA VANCOUVER, B. C.

WILL PREPARE BY-LAW FOR JOHNSON STREET

Work Can Proceed Now With
Asphalt Paving; Other
Street Matters

The necessary by-law for the heavy asphalt paving of Johnson street, between Douglas street and Store street, will be prepared, the streets committee of the city council decided yesterday afternoon, after receiving a petition of the required majority of owners.

The committee also authorized the necessary petitions for the repaving of part of Yates street and Broad street, from Yates street to Fort street.

No action was taken on the return of laborers engaged by the city since January 1, pending aldermanic examination of the rolls.

It was thought unwise to push the proposal for the whole time engagement of a limited number of civic outside workers, preferably the older men, in preference to a large number of men on part time, till the superintendent of the labor bureau is able to report what success the appeal for farm labor in Saskatchewan meets with in this city.

The bureau superintendent was advised to hint to the younger employees that only a limited number of men will be kept on during the summer, and they had better take the opportunity that offers, especially as the Saskatchewan commissioner is making a particular appeal for married, hired help who will stay with farming.

In this connection the committee heard A. H. Sherk make an appeal on behalf of whole time engagement for the elder men, whom no one else will employ.

A great deal of the committee's time was occupied in dealing with the complaint of W. Bailey, of the Majestic theatre, who desires to operate his own moving picture equipment, but has failed to pass the electrician's test set him by the city electrician under the moving picture operators' by-law. He stated he was a practical operator, and had had many years' experience, and if only a practical test instead of an examination could be given him he could qualify for a license.

The fire chief said he had issued a summons against Bailey for acting without a license, after warning had been disregarded.

Alderman Fullerton stated that the examination set by City Electrician Hutchinson was a very simple one. Only three failures had hitherto occurred.

The fire chief said there were 18 licensed operators in the city, and the business agent of the operators then added that only nine of them were employed.

Eventually it was decided that the candidate should arrange for a practical examination in his own booth, and if he does not pass it he must engage qualified help.

The committee decided to recommend the acceptance of a tender of Evans, Coleman & Evans for rails used in Sooke waterworks construction at \$28 per gross ton. The quantity represents an order for about \$12,000 worth of metal.

Library Books

The following new books have just been received at the public library:

FICTION.

- Cutting, Mary Stewart—Wayfarers, 1908.
Hay, Ian. Pseud. (Ian Hay Beith)—First hundred thousand; being the unofficial chronicle of a unit of "K" (L), 1914.
Shelley, Mary Woolstonecraft—Frankenstein, or The modern Prometheus.
Sigurd—Stuta-Persons Josua; berättelser Skizzer och Humoreer. 1899. Sw.2-8579st.

PHILOSOPHY.

- Plato—Five dialogues bearing on poetic inspiration. 184.1-P71H.
Plato and Xenophon—Socratic discourses. 183-P71H.

RELIGION.

- Burnet, Gilbert—Exposition of the thirty-nine articles of the Church of England. 1849. 228-B96ex.
Wheeler, James Talboys—Analysis and summary of Old Testament history and the laws of Moses, with a connection between the Old and New testaments. 1863. 229.9-W56an.

SOCIOLOGY.

- Fustel de Coulanges, Numa Denis—Origin of property in land; translated by Margaret Ashley with an introductory chapter on The English manor, by W. J. Ashley. 1892. 388-F99or.

- Holyoake, George Jacob—History of co-operation in England; its literature and its advocates. 2 vol. 1885. 334-H76H.

- United States, Government—Criminal code of the United States. Ref. 343-U58cr.

PHILOLOGY.

- Bercy, Paul—Conjugation des verbes français. 1898. 445-B48co.
Phillips, George—Elements of Syriac grammar. 1845. 492.35-P56el.

LITERATURE.

- Brown, Dr. John—Horse subjectivae. 1862. 632-B87ho.
Foster, George—Eulas—Canadian adresses. 1914. 841.5-F75ca.

USEFUL ARTS.

- Hodgson, Fred T.—Carpenter's steel square and its uses, being a description of the square and its uses in obtaining the length and bevels of all kinds of rafters, hips, gables, braces, brackets, purlins, collar beams, and jack-rafters; also its application in obtaining the bevels and cuts for hoppers, spring mouldings, octagons, stairs, diminished stiles, etc. 1906. 694-H69ca.
Salomons, (Sir) David—Management

of accumulators; a practical handbook. 1893. 621.354-S17ma. (Gift).

FINE ARTS.

- Crane, Howard H.—Book of the pansy viola and violet. 1908. 716-C89bo.
Goodyear, W. H.—Roman and medieval art. Rev. illus. 1893. 709.37-G66ro.
Thonger, Charles—Book of rock and water gardens. 716-T48bo.

HISTORY.

- Hawks, Francis L.—Narrative of the expedition of an American squadron to the China seas and Japan. 3 vol. 1856. Ref. 951-H39na.
Spry, William J. J.—Cruise of her Ma-

jesty's ship "Challenger," voyages over many seas, scenes in many lands. 1876. 910.4-877cr.

Paton, Walter B.—Canada handbook with maps. 1914. 917.1-P31ca.

BIOGRAPHY.

- Manning, Anne—Household of Sir Thomas More; with Robert's "Life of More." 1906. B-M896ma.

Myers, Frederick William Henry—Wordsworth. 1902. B-W925m.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS.

- Laurence, Hugh—Tales and travels. 1910.8-L37ta.

Palmer, H. W.—Asia, Africa and Amer-

ica outside the British Empire. 1912. 910.8-P17La.

VANCOUVER TAKES CUP.

Simultaneously in Vancouver and Victoria Last Night High School Students Debate From Each City.

Simultaneously last night in Victoria and Vancouver a debating contest was held between the High school students of the two cities, a Vancouver team, G. McClay and Parke, visiting here and debating at the High school against two local boys, Herbert Davey

and Bruce Hutchinson; and a Victoria team, Strother Foulkes and Harry Cross, debating in Vancouver.

The debate at the Victoria High school, which was picked with people, was on the subject: "Resolved that the Attitude of the Government of the United States of America in the Present War is Justifiable." Davey and Hutchinson took the affirmative, and McClay and Parke the negative. Dr. Alexander Robinson, superintendent of education for British Columbia; Rev. J. G. Inkster, and H. S. Pringle, were the judges here, and at the end of their deliberations after the debate awarded

the points as follows: Vancouver 69, Victoria 66. This placed the Vancouver representatives three points to the good.

In Vancouver the Victoria boys, Foulkes and Cross, took the negative side in the debate on the same subject. The judges there awarded the points in favor of the Vancouver debaters from King Edward High school. With the announcement of the results of the simultaneous debates King Edward High school becomes the winner of the Jean Edouard Sears cup for the year, this making the standing of the schools for the four years as fol-

lows: Vancouver, cup holder, in 1913; Victoria, 1914; Victoria, 1915; Vancouver, 1916.

Arthur Gee, of the Beta Delta Society, presided as chairman at the debate in the Victoria High school, and the following contributed to a musical programme that was given during the evening: Miss Cassell, piano solo; Mrs. Roy Troup, vocal solo; Miss Lewis, violin solo.

H. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, 8 for 25c.



An exceptional car —built to meet an exacting demand

The six cylinder motor—in its perfected state—is the engineer's answer to the demand of the automobile enthusiast—the extremist, if you will.

The perfected six cylinder motor is capable of a faster pickup and a smoother flow of power than is possible in a four.

But not all sixes are superior to all fours.

We build fours that are superior to many sixes.

And our only purpose in building a six is to satisfy with Overland finality that extremist demand for well nigh miraculous motor performance.

The Overland Six is a big, roomy, luxurious, seven passenger car with a motor of unusual power, smoothness and flexibility.

But the price is only \$1600—much lower than any other car of its size and class.

Such a low price for such a super-

lative car is possible only because the Overland Six is part of a huge production.

In fact, Overland production is easily double that of any other builder of cars of like class.

So in buying the Overland Six you not only secure a car of very unusual performance—

But you get the advantage of the economies possible only in the production of cars on so vast a scale.

While the prices of other sixes are advancing, and those recently announced are on a higher price level, the Overland price remains at \$1600.

It is so clearly dominant value among sixes of its size and class, that the demand is taxing even our large capacity.

Today is an Overland Six opportunity which can hardly last.

See us now and book your order.

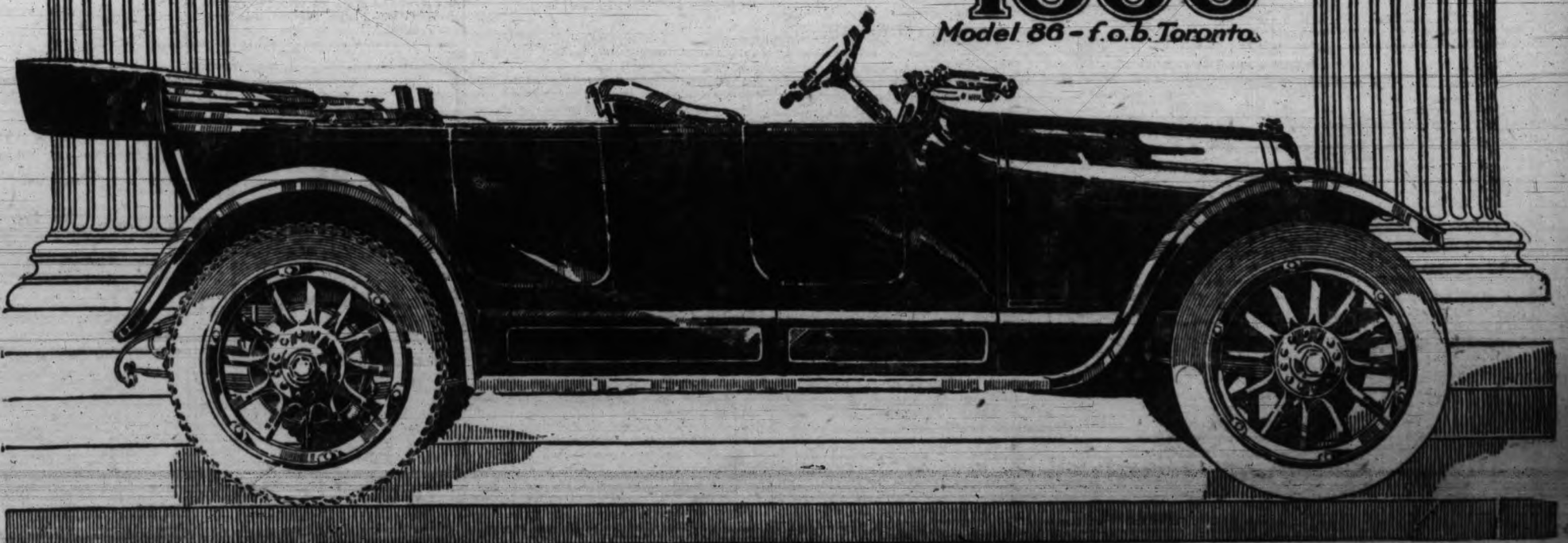
Thomas Plimley, Distributor

731-735 Johnson Street, Victoria, B. C.

Phone 697

Willys-Overland, Limited
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Canada

\$1600
Model 86 - f.o.b. Toronto.



DO YOU WANT A Lovely Home In Oak Bay

Cross to car, sea and golf links?
We have an eight roomed house
with every convenience, substantially
built and well finished,
which the owner will sell at a

BIG SACRIFICE

Panelled walls in dining room,
drawing room and hall, fireplace,
built-in features, beamed ceilings,
large bathroom, 3 sleeping porches,
wide veranda, full basement, etc.

LARGE LOT (60 X 205)

Large oak trees.
Property has all the advantages
of a corner lot and no extra taxes.
Has cost the owner over \$2,000,
house is practically new. Price
reduced for a quick sale to

ONLY \$6,000; TERMS

Owner has good reasons for selling.
We cannot give all particulars
in this ad. Call and let us
show you the property.

SWINERTON & MUSGRAVE

Agents
Winch Bldg., 640 Fort St.

SCHOONER CAPSIZED OFF KLAMATH BAR

Eureka, Cal., April 8.—The gasoline
schooner Magnolia, manned by a crew
of five men, was sighted floating bot-
tom up off Klamath river bar to-day,
according to a telephone message re-
ceived here from Requa, a point about
20 miles north of here at the mouth of
the Klamath. The crew included Capt.
Edward Johnson, Edward Baker, en-
gineer, and three others.

The Magnolia has a gross tonnage of
49 and is owned by the Magnolia
Transportation Company, of this city.
Tugs were sent out to search for
survivors. Watchers ashore saw the
crew of the schooner from the hull of
the overturned vessel. It is unknown
who were saved.

It is believed that others of the
Magnolia crew were alive, probably
clinging to the wreckage.

WILL INSTALL LAUNCHING WAYS FOR AEROPLANES

Bremerton, April 8.—The armored
cruiser West Virginia, now under re-
pair at this navy yard, is to be equip-
ped with launching ways for aero-
planes. This order was received from
the navy department, and work on the
launching ways is to be started at
once and will be completed during the
vessel's present repair period.

The only other vessel in the United
States navy so equipped is the North
Carolina, an armored cruiser of the
Atlantic fleet. Flights from vessels of
the navy have been made at various
times for testing purposes, but it is
now believed that it is the navy de-
partment's intention to have at least
one fast cruiser attached to each fleet
equipped with aeroplanes for scouting
purposes.

CANNOT GET CREWS FOR GRAIN CARRIERS

After a delay of nearly a week, a
crew has been obtained for the
barquentine Lahaina and she will sail
from Port Townsend to-day. Capt.
Carlson deposited the \$500 fine and
cleared with a noncertified crew, filling
an affidavit that it was impossible to
obtain a crew as required by law, and
asked for a remission of the fine. The
schooner Blakeley also obtained her
quota of sailors, but is short first and
second officers. It is expected that
these will be obtained in a few days,
when she will deposit the \$500 fine and
clear. The schooner Omega, with lum-
ber loaded at Mukilteo for New Zea-
land, was towed to Townsend yester-
day to await a crew.

With a cargo of 172,000 bushels of
wheat, the British barque Alice A.
Lough, which completed loading at
Portland, is being detained on account
of her inability to sign a full crew. Her
cargo is the largest grain shipment
loaded at that port by a sailing vessel
this season, and is worth more than
the original cost of the vessel. The
Norwegian barque Olivebank, also
laden with grain, which has been held
up since the first of the week, is still
unable to complete her crew.

GOES TO BAMBERTON.

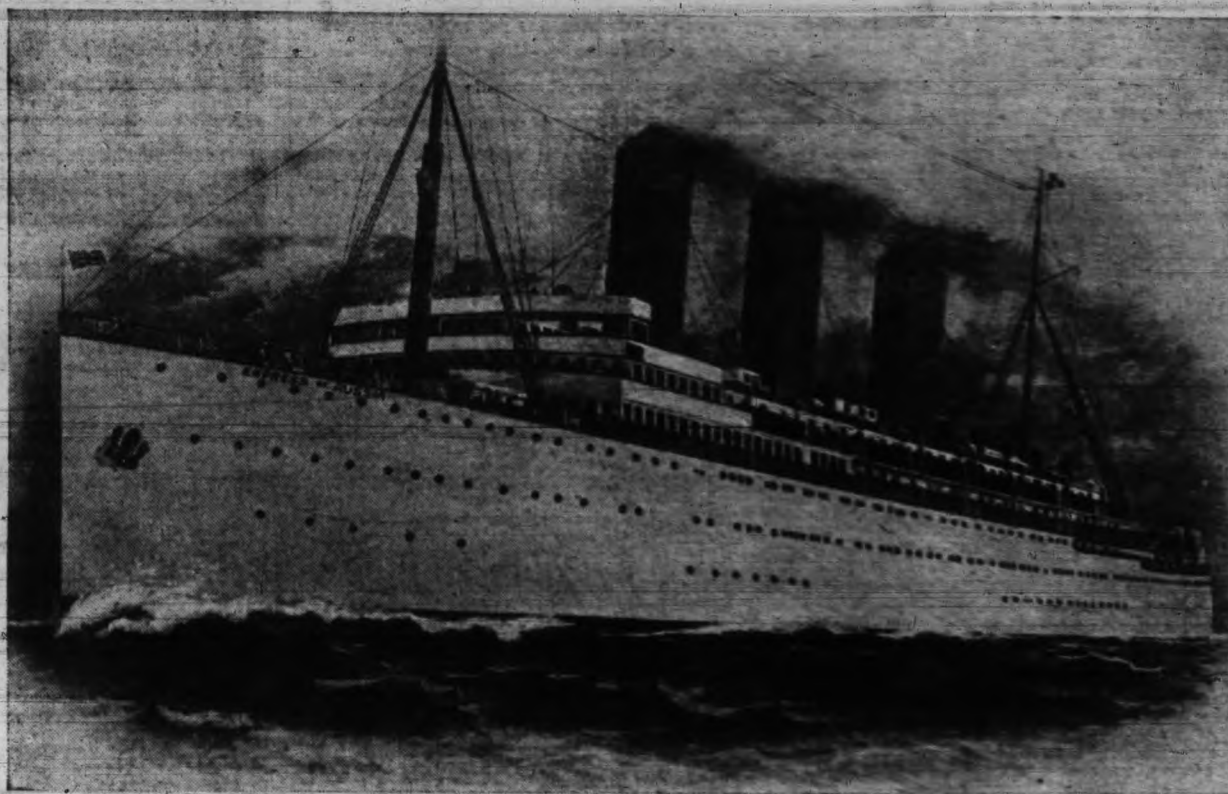
The Union Oil Company's barge
Simla, in tow of the barge Dauntless,
which arrived at Esquimalt from the
south yesterday with fuel for the E.
& N., left for Bamberton this morning,
where she will finish discharging.

TIDE TABLE.

April.											
Date.	Time	High	Time	Low	Time	High	Time	Low	Time	High	Time
	h. m.	f. t.	h. m.	f. t.	h. m.	f. t.	h. m.	f. t.	h. m.	f. t.	h. m.
1	1:47	7.5	8:28	4.1	14:14	7.0	20:38	4.5			
2	8:01	7.8	9:34	2.2	15:24	7.0	20:38	5.2			
3	2:18	8.0	9:39	2.6	16:33	6.9	21:24	5.9			
4	2:37	8.2	10:10	2.2	18:30	6.8	21:48	6.5			
5	2:58	8.3	10:38	1.9							
6	3:13	8.2	11:05	1.8							
7	3:28	8.2			12:34	1.9					
8	3:45	8.1			12:54	2.1					
9	3:59	8.0			14:15	2.8					
10			1:36	7.9			15:08	2.9			
11			1:51	7.7			15:50	2.9			
12			2:05	7.5			16:24	2.8			
13			2:18	7.3			17:02	2.7			
14			2:30	7.1			17:44	2.6			
15			2:41	6.9			18:30	2.5			
16			2:51	6.7			19:20	2.4			
17			3:01	6.5			20:14	2.3			
18			3:11	6.3			21:12	2.2			
19			3:21	6.1			22:14	2.1			
20			3:31	5.9			23:20	2.0			
21			3:41	5.7							
22			3:51	5.5							
23			4:01	5.3							
24			4:11	5.1							
25			4:21	4.9							
26			4:31	4.7							
27			4:41	4.5							
28			4:51	4.3							
29			5:01	4.1							
30			5:11	3.9							

Calistoga, April 6.—Arrived: Str Tampico,
from Portland, via Mollendo.
Mollendo, April 6.—Arrived: Str Columbia,
from Seattle, via San Francisco.

ARRIVED FROM THE ORIENT THIS AFTERNOON



THE C. P. R. LINER EMPRESS OF RUSSIA

RUSSIA ARRIVES FROM THE ORIENT

Empress Liner Returns After
Being in Service of
Admiralty

CARRIED CREW OF EMDEN TO COLOMBO

Was Engaged Patrolling Red
Sea and in Vicinity of
Manila

Glistening in a coat of blue grey,
and with her boats swung out the C.
P. R. liner Empress of Russia, Capt.
S. Robinson, arrived from the Orient
shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon,
this being her first visit since she sail-
ed out on Aug. 6, 1914. During her ab-
sence she has spent more than a year
in the service of the admiralty, most
of the time in the Red Sea.

There was a large crowd at the
outer wharf to welcome the liner back
to port. After being released by the
naval authorities the big vessel was
taken to Hongkong where the work of
replacing her interior fittings was at
once undertaken, and there are few
signs on board to indicate that she ever
has been engaged in anything but
peaceful pursuits.

The Russia brought a large number
of passengers, 537 in all, as follows:
408 first-class, 84 second-class, and 251
steerage. Thirty-eight saloon, eight
second cabin, and 142 steerage passen-
gers debarked at this port.

Capt. S. Robinson, who formerly was
in command of the Russia, is now in
command of the Empress of Asia, and
Capt. Robinson reported that the voy-
age had been a pleasant one, there be-
ing no incident of note on the trip
across. When nearing the entrance to
the Straits a slight fog was encoun-
tered but it did not delay the liner.

It was on Aug. 6, 1914, that the Em-
press of Russia sailed from Victoria
for the Orient, having remained a day
in the roads to learn if there was any
danger from the German squadron
which was then in the Pacific. She
made the run to Yokohama with all
lights out, and on reaching Hongkong
was immediately taken over by the ad-
miralty and converted into an auxiliary
cruiser. From one who was on the
liner some particulars of her subse-
quent work has been ascertained.

For some time the Russia was en-
gaged scouting for the Emden and
was employed in this task when news
was received that H. M. A. S. Sydney
had located the German raider in Co-
cos Bay.

Task Emden's Crew Aboard.
The Russia was then instructed to
proceed south and transfer the pris-
oners and wounded from the Australian
cruiser. Traveling at full speed the
Russia met the Sydney the following
morning, and by noon had transferred
the 82 German prisoners, including the
captain and Prince Francis Joseph of
Hohenzollern. The crew of the Emden
was in a terrible plight, having been on
board for 97 days without a break. The
men on the Russia gave some of the
German clothes.

The wounded Germans were in a
worse condition still. Their wounds
had not been attended to, and those
who had been buried by the lyddite
shells suffered terribly from their in-
juries. They declared they could
stand the shells, but the fumes put
them out. When the Sydney returned
in the afternoon and put two shots into
the Emden to make her pull down her
flag she tore her foredeck off and

threw several men on to the beach,
where they lay all night, some of them
unable to move. Here they were at the
mercy of the monstrous land crabs.
The men were without water for more
than a day and suffered agony in the
burning sun. Some of the men at-
tempted to reach shore after the Em-
den was beached, but most of them
fell victims to sharks.

Proceeded to Colombo.
When the Germans had been trans-
ferred to the Russia she proceeded to
Colombo. The captain of the Emden
was reported to have driven his crew
like slaves, and to have used the cat-
of-nine-tails frequently. On one oc-
casion when five men were selected to
voice the grievances of the crew, it was
said he lined them up on deck and
shot them.

On the way to Colombo the Russia
passed forty transports which were
carrying Australian and New Zealand
troops to Gallipoli. The Russia re-
ached Colombo a day ahead of the trans-
ports, a number of which anchored in
the harbor, the others being outside.
The Japanese warship Iwaki brought
up the rear of the convoy, and she
anchored inside the harbor.

Later the Empress of Russia spent
some time around the Philippine
Islands keeping watch on German ves-
sels in Manila harbor.

Patrolled Red Sea.
The Russia was also employed pat-
rolling in the Red Sea, where the
Turkish government had control of
three islands on which lighthouses are
located, but had ordered that they
should not be lighted. The Russia
captured the lighthouses tenders and
placed her own men in charge. She
then carried Indian troops to the is-
lands and placed guards on each of
them.

Since that time the Russia has been
engaged in carrying out various duties
assigned to her by the admiralty.

The Empress of Asia, which was also
taken over by the admiralty, will soon
be back on the trans-Pacific route,
being scheduled to sail from Hongkong
this month.

After landing her local passengers,
mail and freight, the Russia left for
Vancouver at 2:10.

TOURING PARTIES BACK FROM ORIENT

Japanese Who Left Last Fall
Are Now Returning to the
United States

Among the passengers who arrived
on the Nippon Yusen Kaisha liner
Tomba Maru, were three touring par-
ties of Japanese, who were returning
to the United States from Japan.

Every fall a number of Japanese
leave the States in parties and spend
the winters at home, coming back in
the spring. There were 63 all told in
the three parties on the Tomba Maru,
and their arrival marks the beginning of
the tide towards this side of the Pacific.
Special arrangements are made
for handling the parties, and it is ex-
pected that the next steamer from the
Orient will bring large numbers of
Japanese who have been absent from
the States for several months.

SALVING THE QUADRA.

Salvage work on the steamer Quadra,
which was beached at the entrance to
Sanatmo harbor after being in collision
with the C. P. R. steamer Chatter last
month, has progressed to the stage
where an attempt to float the vessel
has been made. A couple of weeks
were spent patching up the former
government lighthouse tender and the
efforts to float her resulted in the
steamer being raised from the bottom
and towed into shallower water, the
vessel's stern now resting on the mud
flats. It is expected that the next ef-
fort will result in raising the Quadra
to the surface.

C.P.R. HAS INCREASED RATES TO ALASKA

New Fares Apply to Single Trip
Tickets; Advances Have
Been General

In line with the announcements
which have been made by steamship
companies operating vessels to Alaska
from both Puget Sound and British
Columbia ports, the C. P. R. has issued
new rate cards showing increases which
have been made in fares to northern
ports. These apply to single trip
tickets from Victoria, Vancouver and
Seattle.

The new rates show an increase of \$2
in the first class fare to Ketchikan and
\$3 to Juneau, Wrangell and Skagway.
Second class fares also have been
raised, the rate to Skagway and Juneau
being increased \$2, and to Wrangell and
Ketchikan, \$1.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Portland, Ore., April 7.—Arrived: Str
Wapama, Johan Paulsen, Navigator,
Sina-Yak and Klamath, from San Fran-
cisco.

San Francisco, April 7.—Arrived: Str
Yellowstone and Constar, from Coos Bay.
Sailed: Str Avalon and Quana, for
Willapa Harbor.

Port Angeles, April 7.—The str Santa
Cruz loaded 60,000 feet of lumber at
the Karlo mill last night. Capt. Nelson
replaced Capt. Watson and the Santa
Cruz sailed for the west coast of South
America at 3:30 o'clock this morning. The
schr Mabel Galt has just completed a
11,000-mile voyage from Sydney, via the
Fiji Islands, being 100 days out from
Sydney and 70 days out from Fiji.
The four-mastered schr King Crown, which
passed in at the Cape yesterday, received
orders to land at Gray's Harbor and
towed out.

Mukilteo, April 7.—The barquentine
Benicia was towed here last night from
Port Townsend by the tug Prosper. The
schr Omega was towed to Port Townsend
last night with 25,000 feet of lumber from
the Crown Lumber Company for New
Zealand.

Vancouver, B. C., April 7.—Arrived: Str
Makura, from Sydney, N. S. W., via
Honolulu; str Canada Maru, from Tacoma;
str Grace Dollar, from Tacoma.
Sailed: Str Canada Maru, for Seattle and
Tacoma.

Tacoma, April 7.—Arrived: Str Ben,
from Seattle; str Tacoma, from Seattle.
Sailed: Str Grace Dollar, for San Fran-
cisco; str Columbia, for Port Ludlow.
San Pedro, April 7.—Lumber carriers ar-
riving to-day were the str Coronado,
from Gray's Harbor; str San Gabriel,
from Umpqua; and the str Winnetka,
from Puget Sound. The str Winnetka
proceeded to San Diego. The str James
S. Higgins sailed for Port Bragg, and
the str Marshallfield for Albin in ballast.
Seattle, April 7.—Arrived: Str City of
Seattle, Southwestern Alaska; str Tomba
Maru, Hongkong, via way ports; str
President, Vancouver, B. C., via Anacortes;
str F. S. Loop, San Francisco; str Edith,
British Columbia ports; str St. Paul,
Port Blakely, in tow of tug Prosper;
str E. S. C. O. Tanager, Sound orders.
Sailed: Str President, San Diego, via Vic-
toria, B. C., and San Francisco; str
Olympic, Port San Luis; str Ben, Tacoma;
str F. S. Loop, Tacoma; str Tacoma, Ta-
coma; str Neenah, San Francisco. Via
Richmond Beach, leaving:
Kobe, March 2.—Sailed: Str Naahla
Maru, for Seattle.
Dalny, March 2.—Sailed: Str Kolshia
Maru, for Seattle.
Vladivostok, April 4.—Arrived: Str
Graham Marx, from Seattle. April 7.—
Arrived: Str George W. Franklin, from
Tacoma, via Honolulu.
Kobe, April 2.—Sailed: Str Shingo
Maru, for Seattle.
Shanghai, April 4.—Sailed: Str Manila
Maru, from Hongkong for Seattle.
Yokohama, April 5.—Sailed: Str Seattle
Maru, for San Francisco.

EXPECTED TO-MORROW.

Steamer Gray, which arrived at Van-
couver a few days ago after a trip to
California, is expected to complete dis-
charging cargo to-day and will arrive
here to-morrow.

AWAIT REOPENING OF PANAMA CANAL

Many Vessels Gathering at
Entrances to Waterway; Big
Accumulation of Freight

Washington, April 8.—In anticipation
of the reopening of the Panama canal
on April 15, a number of vessels have
gathered at the terminal, preferring to
wait even a fortnight rather than make
the longer tour around South America
by way of the Straits of Magellan. The
numbers of the operating force who
have been on furlough in the United
States have all been recalled to the
Isthmus.

Vessels drawing up to 20 feet of water
will be admitted to the canal at first,
but it is expected that the draft can
be materially increased after, unless
the slides show signs of renewed ac-
tivity.

A great accumulation of goods on the
wharves at Cristobal and Balboa for
lack of bottoms to carry it away have
obliged the Panama Railroad Company
to place an embargo on all cargoes
from the United States or Europe, des-
tined to ports on the west coast of
Central America. This shortage of bottoms
is directly chargeable to the war, which
has disrupted the steamship services
and broken up their schedules.

NIAGARA AT SYDNEY.

The Canadian-Australian liner Ni-
agara is reported to have arrived at
Sydney at 5 a. m. yesterday. The Ni-
agara sailed from here on March 16,
with 100 passengers, and expected to
pick up a number at Honolulu. Among
the passengers who were to join the
steamer at that port was Madame
Melba, who recently completed a tour
of the United States.

WILL CARRY LUMBER FROM NORTH PACIFIC

Five Vessels Have Been Char-
tered; Steamer Nile Sold
for \$800,000

San Francisco, April 8.—The sale of
the steamer Nile, which for several
years was on the run between San
Francisco and the Orient, is announced
here. The purchaser of the vessel is H.
F. Carmichael, of Hongkong, and while
the terms are announced as "private,"
it was rumored that the figure was
approximately \$800,000. What her new
owner will do with her is not known,
but it is anticipated that she will be
put on a schedule between this port
and the Orient. She has been doing
transport duty for the British govern-
ment.

New charters by Comyn, Mackall &
Co. announced at this port include:
Caguitan City, 11,000 tons, from New York
to London via North Pacific to Australia
(July-August).
Edward R. West, Am schr, 762 tons—
Lumber from North Pacific to South
Africa (September-October).
Omega, Am schr, 522 tons—Lumber
from North Pacific to Sydney (Septem-
ber-October).
Pacito Montt, Chil sh, 1,430 tons—
Lumber from Puget Sound to west
coast, S. A. M.
Walton A. West, Am schr, 74 tons—
Lumber from North Pacific to South
Africa (September-October).

ENA AT DUTCH HARBOR.

The C. P. R. steamer Princess Ena,
which is on her way to Vladivostok, is
reported to have arrived at Dutch Har-
bor yesterday. After coaling there she
will proceed on her voyage.

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Alert Bay, Wadham's, Rivers Inlet Canneries, Namu, Ocean Falls, Surf
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S. S. "Philadelphia," 11,000 tons, from New York	April 22
S. S. "Rotterdam," 24,170 tons, from New York	April 27
S. S. "Orduna," 14,000 tons, from New York	April 29
S. S. "St. Louis," 12,000 tons, from New York	April 29
S. S. "Finland," 12,135 tons, from New York	May 6

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SERVICES
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CITY CHURCHES

FIFTH SUNDAY IN LENT.

ANGLICAN.

Christ Church Cathedral, Burdett avenue. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; choral service and sermon, 9:30 a. m.; matins, 11 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7 p. m. The Rev. J. H. Anderson, M. A., rector.

St. Matthew's Mission, Vasey street. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7 p. m. The Rev. J. H. Anderson, M. A., rector.

St. Luke's, Cedar Hill. Rector, Rev. J. H. Anderson, M. A. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; Sunday school, 10 a. m.; evening prayer, 7 p. m.

St. Barnabas, corner of Cook street and Caledonia avenue. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; choral matins and litany, 11 a. m.; choral evensong, 7 p. m. The Rev. W. Haugh Allen will preach morning service, and the rector, Rev. E. G. Miller, at evensong.

St. Mark's, Broughton road. Rev. J. W. Flinton, vicar. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; matins and sermon, 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.; evensong, 7 p. m.

St. Mary's, Burns street, Oak Bay. Rev. G. H. Anderson, M. A., rector. Holy communion at 8 a. m.; matins and sermon at 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30; evensong and sermon, 7 p. m.

St. Andrew's, Victoria West. Rector, Rev. Robert Connell. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; litany and morning prayer, 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30; evening prayer and sermon, 7 p. m.

St. John's, corner of Quadra and Mason. Rector, Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick, M. A. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.; Sunday school and Bible class, 2:30; evening prayer and sermon, 7:30 p. m.; preacher, the rector.

St. Paul's Royal Naval Station and Garrison church, Esquimalt. Rector, Rev. W. Haugh Allen. Holy communion at 8 a. m.; matins and sermon, 10:30; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p. m.

St. James', corner Quebec and St. John streets. Preacher, Rev. H. T. Archibald, R. A. Holy communion, 8 a. m.; matins, 11 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.; evensong and sermon, 7 p. m. Rector, Rev. J. D. McKenzie-Naughton, M. A., B. D.

Oaklands Church of England Mission. Sunday school at 3 p. m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7 p. m. Rector, Rev. J. D. McKenzie-Naughton, M. A., B. D.

Pemberton Memorial Chapel. Morning prayer, hymns and sermon at 10:30 a. m. Nurses, patients, members of hospital staff and residents of the neighborhood cordially invited to attend.

St. Jude's Mission, Obed avenue. Rev. M. P. Hilton, Sunday school, 2:30; evensong and sermon at 7 p. m.

REFORMED EPISCOPAL

Church of Our Lord, corner Blanshard and Humboldt streets. Rector, Rev. A. del. Owen. Morning service, 11; evening service, 7; Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.

ROMAN CATHOLIC

St. Andrew's cathedral, corner of Blanshard and View streets. The Right Rev. Alexander MacDonald, D.D.; the Right Rev. Mgr. Joseph Latimer, P.D.; V.G.; Rev. Donald A. MacDonald, Rev. Anselm Wood and Rev. John Leo Bradley.

Masses, Sundays, low mass with five-minute sermon at 8 and 9:30 a. m.; high mass at 10:30 a. m.

"DEMOCRACY"

The Following Sermons on Democracy Will Be Delivered at the
First Unitarian Church
Corner Fernwood Road and Flanagan Street.

ON SUNDAYS IN APRIL

April 9—Democracy and War
April 16—Democracy and Religion

April 23—Democracy and the Individual

April 30—Democracy and Labor

Preacher:
REV. WALTER G. LETHAM, B. A.

Time of service, 11 a. m.
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ing at 10 a. m. Service by Rev. Jno. Robson, B. A. at 11. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30; sermon, 7:30, by the pastor.

Wesley, McPherson avenue, Victoria. Regular services at 11 and 7:30.

James Bay, corner Menzies and Maitland streets. Rev. C. T. Scott will preach at 11 a. m. Sunday school and adult Bible classes, 2:30 p. m. Rev. A. S. Colwell; evening service, 7:30, Rev. E. J. Thompson.

Oaklands, Gosworth road, Sunday school and adult Bible class, 11 a. m.; evening service, 7:30.

Belmont avenue. Rev. John Robson, B. A. pastor. Services at 11 and 7:30 by the pastor. Sabbath school at 2:30. Rev. S. J. Thompson will preach morning sermon and Rev. Jno. Robson, B. A. in the evening.

Gardner City, Carey road. Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.; preaching service, 7:30 p. m. Rev. A. E. Redman will preach.

Esquimalt, corner Admirals' road and Lyall street. Pastor, Rev. R. Hughes. Morning service at 10:30 o'clock. Sabbath school and adult Bible class, 2:30 p. m. Evening service at 7 o'clock.

Hampshire Road. Morning, 11; Sunday school, 2:30; evening, 7:30. Pastor, Rev. E. C. Curry.

LUTHERAN.

Corner Princess avenue and Chambers street. Services 10 a. m. and 11 a. m. Sunday school, 10:30. Pastor, O. G. M. Gerblach.

UNITARIAN.

First, corner Fernwood road and Flanagan street. Services at 11 a. m. Rev. Walter Letham, pastor.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

First Church of Christ, Scientist, 25 Pandora avenue. Services are held on Sundays at 11 a. m.

NAZARENE CHURCH.

Nazarene, corner Flanagan and Chambers. Rev. Adam Walker, pastor. Preaching, 11 a. m. by the pastor; Sunday school, 12; class and praise meeting, 7 p. m., followed by preaching by the pastor.

CONGREGATIONAL

First Congregational church, corner Quadra and Mason streets. Rev. Charles A. Sykes, B. D., pastor. Regular services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school and adult Bible class, 2:30.

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.

Society of Friends. Meeting house, Fern street (off Ford). Meeting for worship, 11 a. m.; mission meeting, 7 p. m.

BIBLE STUDENTS.

Associated Bible Students meet in I. B. S. A. hall, Yale street. Bible study, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

SYNAGOGUE.

Congregation Emanu-El, Blanshard and Pandora. Services, 8 every Friday evening.

OTHER MEETINGS

Connaught Seamen's Institute. J. Wright Hall, secretary and port mission-ary.

The Payable Research society will hold their Sunday services in the hall, 79 Courtney street, at 3 and 7:30 p. m. Conference by Mrs. M. A. Danke, of Liverpool, England.

Christians gathered to the name of the Lord Jesus Christ meet in Victoria hall, 145 Blanshard street, near Pandora street, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. breaking of bread; 7 p. m. Sunday school; 7 p. m. gospel meeting.

Christians meet in Oakland Gospel hall, corner Hillside avenue and Cedar Hill road. Lord's day, 11 a. m., breaking of bread; 3 p. m., school and adult Bible class; 7:30 p. m., bright Gospel service.

The Theosophical Society meets at 3 p. m. Friday, and from 7 to 9 p. m. Wednesday, at 222 Campbell building.

Seventh Day Adventist, corner Hillside avenue and Graham street. Services Sabbath (Saturday), 10:30; prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

Welsh services. Knights of Columbus hall, Fort street, 7:30 p. m.

Strangers' Rest. Service will be conducted on Sunday evening at 7:30.

Progressive "Thought Temple," corner Pandora and Blanshard streets. Dr. T. W. Butler will lecture at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Children's school at 3 p. m.

The Divine Psychic Society will hold services at 77 Herald street on Sunday evening at 7:30. Soul messages after the lecture. Mrs. L. Reese will lecture.

Shelbourne Street Hall. Sunday school and adult Bible class at 2:30.

Christadelphians meet in the hall, 140 Park street. Sunday school, 11 a. m.; breaking of bread, 11 a. m.; lecture at 7:30.

The Psychological Society will hold services on Sunday at 7:30 p. m. in the A. O. F. hall, Broad street. Mrs. L. D. Coombs will lecture.

Lion Institute, Queen's avenue and Chambers street. Opening services for young people. G. O. Bonner will speak at 3 p. m.

At the Cloverdale Gospel Hall services on Sunday evening. Mr. G. O. Bonner will give a lecture on his chart, entitled "Has the Gospel Failed? or the Cause of the War." Lecture at 7:30. Free to all.

Mrs. Jones (completing her fourth hour) used to stay only two hours; but one day she made three and a half hours.

He that will not reason is a bigot; he that cannot reason is a fool; he that dares not reason is a slave.—Drummond.

WHEN SIR SAM COMES HOME

By H. F. G.

Ottawa, April 8.—How the government benches did buzz when George Kite flung his charges at them—buzzed like a swarm of blue bottle flies disturbed at the honey pot! They are buzzing yet. The cable buzzes with S. O. S. messages to Sam, "Come back and do your own explaining" or words to that effect. That is the great question of the day—when Sam comes back—meaning has he got an answer ready.

For Sam has already wired his reply that he will return by the first boat to meet the charges against his dear friend Allison and the companies he got bailed up with in the United States. Sam has a cable summary of the charges in his pocket and can be studying the answers on his way over. He ought to arrive in Ottawa about the time this article is in print. He will read with relief the announcement that it is a royal commission and that its terms are strictly limited to the Kite charges. Canada's war hero will find this much more acceptable than does Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who wants a committee of parliament and full inquiry into all the transactions of the old shell committee.

However, the government is bound to confine the danger zone to one spot if it can. If Sam resigns he has threatened to pull down at least two more cabinet ministers with him. Here is a man who is worth saving as far as the public is concerned. He is a man of many parts. Hence the royal commission, and its narrow notes, and bounds. There are already 41 royal commissions which have been appointed by the Borden government since 1911. Their cost to this country is a quarter of a million dollars—the price, so to speak, of free and irresponsible government in Canada. This royal commission on the contrary Major General Sir Sam Hughes keeps in one more. That makes 42. The more the merrier. Sir Sam has got his colleagues into a lot of trouble. He is the man around whom the pleasant fiction was built. "He may be eccentric, but he does things." There seems to have been method in his madness. George Kite has shown some of the things he does—to say the least of it, he burns Canadian money, likewise British, by the millions.

This royal commission, stinky as it is, is a desperate measure to save the government. It marks the end of Sir Sam's power over his colleagues. Sam must obey orders now, cancel his London banquets, put off the family reunions of Hughes colonies, and hike home to save his bacon if he can. If he can't he goes out. Even such a staunch supporter as Francis Borden has no use for a discredited war lord.

The royal commission proves no change of heart in the cabinet. It was brought about by dissatisfaction in the ranks of the Conservative party in the House. It was the silent vote that spoke up the humble, honest back-benchers who were not sweet on Sir Sam and his vagaries. They were pained and surprised at George Kite's revelations. Sam's transgressions in the "United States" via Colonel J. Wesley Allison and his crowd of Yankee hangers-on were news to them. There is reason to suppose that it wasn't news to his cabinet colleagues, because when Premier Borden and Sir Sam came back from England last September they were met in New York by Allison and his crowd. They told them they were falling out with their partner, Eugene Lignanti, the flute player, and were settling up with as little noise as possible. Consequently the horror displayed by the cabinet has more concern with the Eleventh Commandment which reads: Thou shalt not be found out.

Sir Sam's life-long friend, soul mate, confidential adviser, disinterested patriot and chief money-saver in the British empire, is in process of being found out. Hence the stern command to Sam to come back and face the music.

One finds in the Conservative rank and file every degree of indignation from lukewarm to boiling. "Stealing," said one of them to me, "not drinking, not feeling that way." Others point out that in Russia they send grafters, however high placed, to Siberia and that the course taken in France is a blank wall and a firing party at sunrise. They see red when they think of our boys bleeding and dying in the trenches while an outfit of Yankee land pirates juggles with contracts for shell fuses. It was bad enough in all conscience for Major General Sir Sam Hughes to father a shell committee which overruled itself eighty million dollars worth, but to go outside the country to hand another twenty-two million dollars of Canadian money to a get-rich-quick gang of Yankee grafters of which Colonel J. Wesley Allison was the Wallingford and Benjamin Franklin Youkum was the Blackie Daw—to lift these characters bodily out of the pages of George Randolph Chester and jet them to their worst to Canada—well that was goading human nature too far.

Sir Sam is probably studying his answers right now. Like Admiral Sir Joseph Porter, he retires to the seclusion that a cabin grants and mugs the case up. Can he bluff through? He did that before. The answer is no. The time for hot air has gone by. If Sam wants to justify his war babies, both here and in the United States, he will have to tell the facts. Airy banter will not go down any longer. It has been said that friendship is almost a vice with Major General Sir Sam Hughes. Instead of vice read crime. The minister of militia has three friends to explain to the public, Colonel John Wesley Allison, his original soul-mate, and latterly two others who were taken into a profit-sharing triumvirate of middlemen with no previously visible means of support—namely B. F. Youkum, a New York curb-broker and a raise-the-wind promoter, and Eugene Lignanti, a flute player, in the Ritz-Carlton hotel at Montreal. Lignanti fell out with his pals last September, at which time he was aware of his own knowledge of contracts for the British and Canadian governments, which would bring Youkum and Allison \$1,000,000 in commission.

Incidentally Mr. Kite's researches revealed the fact that Colonel J. Wesley Allison's widely heralded patriotism was always on a ten per cent basis. He couldn't possibly love the British empire as he did for less—it would be like his grand passion. As Sir Sam has already stated that Col. J. Wesley Allison saved fifty million dollars on contracts for the British government amounting to five hundred million dollars it would appear that ten per cent, is his figure all round. If he saved fifty millions for the British empire, he saved fifty millions for himself on the principle, no doubt, that a fair exchange is no robbery. Sir Sam once expressed a hope that Col. J. Wesley Allison would keep all his little bills for personal expenses and such and present these at the proper moment. There need be little fear, I take it, in that regard. So keen a hater as Col. J. Wesley Allison will certainly cash his bills until the time comes to cash in. As a colonel, J. Wesley Allison is no doubt, that a fair exchange is no robbery. Sir Sam once expressed a hope that Col. J. Wesley Allison would keep all his little bills for personal expenses and such and present these at the proper moment. There need be little fear, I take it, in that regard. So keen a hater as Col. J. Wesley Allison will certainly cash his bills until the time comes to cash in. As a colonel, J. Wesley Allison is no doubt, that a fair exchange is no robbery.

The joy of having good bread is realized by those who use—

PURITY FLOUR
"More Bread and Better Bread"



To-night!

Try a cup of this famous cocoa before retiring. Next morning note the vigor it imparts. The reason is simple—the best cocoa beans are highly nutritious and wholesome. Perfection Cocoa is made from positively the finest cocoa beans grown—blended skillfully.

It's a good habit—a cup of cocoa a night—but be sure that it is

COWAN'S COCOA
"Perfection Brand"



In scrubbing floors
Old Dutch

makes the brush
go a lot easier



NO DISTURBANCES IN CANTON AFTER CHANGE

Peking, April 8.—Paul Kosselyn, American vice-consul at Canton, telegraphed the American minister, Dr. Paul Reinsch, to-day, that no disturbances have occurred in Canton following the declaration of independence of Kwangtung province. Both the civil and military governors of the province proclaimed its independence.

Kwangtung is an important province with a population of 30,000,000. Its capital is Canton.

Cure Children's Colds By External Treatment

Mothers Will Find Nothing So Speedy and Reliable as Old Time "Nerviline"

It's really a shame to upset a young child's stomach by internal dosing, when external treatment will so promptly break up a cold.

When your boy comes in after play with his feet soaking wet, his throat hoarse and sore, his little chest tight and congested, just apply Nerviline. Give him a vigorous rubbing over his throat, and put lots of Nerviline on his chest and rub it right in. To make Nerviline penetrate more quickly, cover his chest and throat with a hot flannel bandage. This treatment WON'T fail. Your boy will be feeling better in half an hour, and you will have the satisfaction of knowing you have warded off perhaps a cold, or gripe, or illness that might have laid him up.

Nerviline is mighty good for preventing colds and for breaking up a bad one, too. For general family use it cures all sorts of external aches and pains—you simply can't beat it. Try it for earache, toothache, neuralgia, sciatica, lame back, rheumatism, or lumbago. Wherever there is congestion, inflammation or pain in the joints or muscles, Nerviline will cure it mighty quick. The large 50c family size bottle is so economical, so useful, it should be in every home. There is also a small 25c size. Dealers anywhere sell Nerviline.

M. B. "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.00 per dozen.

Owing to the kindness of the management of the ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE the raffle tickets will admit two to any ten-cent matinee up till April 15.

The raffle will be drawn on the evening of April 15.

TICKETS 20 CENTS EACH

SUPERFLUITIES

Canadian Red Cross Society

Time was when some merchants vied with each other in extravagance of statement in their ads. The wise merchants of to-day vie with each other in the ACCURACY of their statements about goods and values. Nowadays deliberate misrepresentation in advertising would surely and quickly kill any store indulging in it.

TO LET

UNFURNISHED	
1530 Oak Bay Ave., 7 rooms.....	\$18
1033 Oliver St., 6 rooms.....	\$10
204 Fernwood Rd., 7 rooms.....	\$15
1711 Hamilton St., 4 rooms.....	\$10
748 Pembroke St., 10 rooms.....	\$15
1140 Fort St., 7 rooms.....	\$15
154 Hillside Ave., 8 rooms.....	\$15
308 Mason St., 8 rooms.....	\$15
Spring Rd., 5 rooms.....	\$10
Cave St., 3 rooms.....	\$7
702 Blenheim St., 8 rooms.....	\$15
308 Boucher St., 4 rooms.....	\$10
711 Front St., 4 rooms.....	\$7
1282 Beach Drive, 8 rooms.....	\$20
1116 North Park St., 17 rooms.....	\$20
Inverness Rd., 4 rooms.....	\$10
210 Cross St., 6 rooms.....	\$10
Cloverdale Ave., 4 rooms.....	\$10
720 Rodrick St., 4 rooms.....	\$10
106 Joseph St., 9 rooms.....	\$25
313 Russell St., 3 rooms.....	\$10
124 Albert St., 3 rooms.....	\$10
122 South Turner, 7 rooms.....	\$20
121 Menzies St., 9 rooms.....	\$20
84 Linden Ave., 8 rooms.....	\$15
400 Schick Ave., 8 rooms.....	\$15
1019 Bank St., 7 rooms.....	\$15
2416 Blanchard Ave., 4 rooms.....	\$10
1721 Edmondson Rd., 5 rooms.....	\$10
227 Cook St., 11 rooms.....	\$25
104 McGraw Ave., 8 rooms.....	\$15
1655 Wilmut Place, 3 rooms.....	\$10
203 Fernwood Rd., 2 rooms.....	\$10
1334 Queen's Ave., 12 rooms.....	\$30
"Uplands," Midland Rd., 8 rooms.....	\$15
108 Jagers St., 2 rooms.....	\$10
124 Ladysmith, 2 rooms.....	\$7
117 Houghton St., 6 rooms.....	\$10
304 Chaucer St., 5 rooms.....	\$10

P. R. BROWN, 1112 BROAD ST.
Insurance Written. Money to Loan.

Answers to Times
Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be called for:

19, 24, 44, 60, 68, 87, 100, 107, 167, 170, 200, 209, 261, 338, 351, 353, 377, 403, 407, 426, 437, 461, 487, 1867, 1868, 1883, 1886, 1896, 1946, 2172, 2231, 2241, 2278, 2372, 2454, 2462.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

IGGONISMS—Horsey is exact to a penny, but according to certain newspaper reports, not always to larger amounts. Dugan Printing Co., 308 Yates street. An attractive window with the aid of artistic show cards will sell your wares. We make show cards.

DON'T FORGET our "Service Dept." is equipped to attend to your clothing requirements. Cooper & Potts, tailors, 708 Yates street.

CEMENT BUILDING BLOCKS for sale, about 1,000, 8c. a piece. Carpet cleaner to rent at \$2 per day—Verria, Phone 1876.

LUMBER, sash, doors, mouldings, shingles, etc., large or small quantities. E. W. Whittington Lumber Co., Ltd., Bridge street and Hillside. Phone 2507.

AGENTS—New proposition just out. Does away with extra tire on automobiles. Write—quick for details. M. H. Hagen Specialty Co., Hingham, Alberta.

STRAWBERRIES, 100-20 cents; currants, 10 cents; gooseberries, 10 cents; carriage paid; catalogues free. Baby chicks, hatching, early hatching. Chas. Provan, Langley Fort, B. C.

FOR SALE—One set Encyclopedia Americana; also one set Washington Irving (new); cheap for cash. Tel. 1220.

LADY would share furnished home, apply 1252 Rosalee road, between Fernwood and Pembroke.

FOR RENT—Large, pleasant rooms, all modern, home-like, first-class, moderate terms, near park; meals if desired. 411 Superior street.

OBORNE COURT, Phone 2373, 517 McCure street. Comfortably and newly furnished bedrooms, with or without private baths. Every room heated with hot water system and equipped with hot and cold running water. Terms reasonable.

FOR SALE—Chicken houses (sectional), nesting, clean, new, doors, some lumber. Call at 730 Topaz avenue. Phone 2671, evenings.

FOR SALE—Step ladder, meat safe, some furniture, at snap prices. Call—730 Topaz avenue. Phone 2671, evenings.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished apartment, close in. Phone 2907.

ESQUIMAULT, VICTORIA, WEST NO. 1 dry fir cordwood, 12 in. blocks, \$4.00. Walker, Phone 2757.

FOR RENT—100 First street, 4 roomed, modern cottage, all conveniences, \$9 per month. Apply 1201 Pandora avenue.

FIANOFORTE PUPILS wanted in Victoria. West and district. Box 456, Times.

FOR SALE—Two new bungalows, strictly modern; one 4 roomed, one 5 roomed, 4 room, mile and half drive; both nicely finished, beamed, paneled; built-in fixtures—large pantry, bathroom, laundry, cement basement, etc. Call for particulars. Both corner lots, fenced and in lawn and garden. Prices to suit the times. Terms arranged. Owner, Box 451, Times.

LOST—Friday p. m., a parcel containing crocheting work, between St. Charles street and Gladstone avenue via Stadacona, Elford, Pandora and Stanley avenue. Finder please return to or notify Credit Dept., David Spencer, Ltd. Phone 4398, Renshaw.

TO RENT—Comfortable, modern cottage, booker, willows, partly furnished; \$12. Phone 1121.

BABY CHICKS and hatching eggs; strawberries, 10c; currants, 10c; gooseberries, 10c; carriage paid; catalogues free. Chas. Provan, Langley Fort, B. C.

SEWING MACHINES—Whites, Singers, dropheads, cabinets, rotary, several hand machines, the largest stock in Victoria; genuine bargains from \$10 to \$40. House, just past City Hall. Phone 4215.

CASH FOR ACREAGE—I want 20 to 40 acres, three to five miles out, high, good drainage, no rock, on or close to good road and close to transportation will pay spot cash for right place; no fancy price; owners only. Box 453, Times.

FOR RENT—New, modern, 7 roomed house on Montreal street, modern, rent, immediate possession. Agents please return. Owner, 234 Simcoe street. Phone 1531.

FOR MY EQUITY in new, 7 roomed, modern house in Fairfield, \$250 cash, balance terms, no interest; mortgage \$2,000; assessed value \$3,500. Owner, 234 Simcoe street. Phone 1531.

I, R. J. STYLES, give notice that I am legally separated from my wife and am thereby relieved from all responsibility for her debts, past, present or future.

W. MORGAN SHUSTER
ARRIVES FROM ORIENT

Former Treasurer-General at
Teheran is Passenger on
Empress of Russia

PRESIDENT GRANT'S SON
ALSO A PASSENGER

American Consul General at
Hongkong Will Speak at
Various Points

Among the prominent passengers who arrived in Victoria to-day on board the Empress of Russia, perhaps the most striking figure was W. Morgan Shuster, whose position in Teheran, as treasurer-general of the Persian government, caused a considerable flutter among European diplomats some few years ago. Speaking to the Times this morning Mr. Shuster said he was not in a position to discuss public affairs on this occasion. He stated that he had been paying a visit to the Orient, but the nature of it he did not disclose. Mr. Shuster was designated by President Taft in May, 1910, as a fit person to help manage the affairs of Persia. He was invested on arrival in Teheran with plenipotentiary powers by the government. He organized a body of guards to protect the treasury, and collect taxes. The Russian representatives in Persia interfered with the collection of taxes from rich Persians, who claimed Russian protection, but in spite of obstacles, in six months the treasury deficit was converted into a surplus, as well as furnishing funds for the suppression of a rebellion. In July, 1911, the deposed Shah, helped by the Cossacks, came from a Russian port on a Russian vessel to overthrow the constitutional government. After the invasion the government ordered the confiscation of the estates of the brother of the ex-Shah, and treasury guards took possession, refusing to surrender to Russian consular officials. The Russian government claimed that the guards pointed guns at these officials, and demanded an apology. The Persian government offered to investigate, but Russia, not satisfied with this, demanded on December 5, 1911, that Shuster and his associates should be dismissed; also that in future the Persian government should submit for Russian approval the names of all foreigners employed or to be employed, that Persia's future relations with Russia and Great Britain be regulated in conformity with the interests of these powers, and that Persia bear the expense of Russian troops to expel Shuster. The government rejected the demands, and passed a vote of confidence in Shuster.

On a change of cabinet in January, 1912, Mr. Shuster resigned, and a Belgian official was appointed treasurer-general in his stead.

Ulysses S. Grant, Jr., son of the famous president, was another passenger on board the Empress. Mr. Grant is a barrister practicing at San Diego, Cal. He was secretary to his father when president, and has been a delegate to Republican conventions, and a presidential elector.

George Everett Anderson, consul-general for the United States at Hongkong since 1910, and former consul-general at Rio de Janeiro, also arrived on the Empress. Mr. Anderson is an authority on American trade in China, on which he has written a standard work. In Seattle he will be entertained by the Chamber of Commerce and other organizations. From Seattle he will go to Tacoma, Portland and San Francisco.

Robert P. Porter is an authority on the Anglo-Japanese alliance, whose opinions are frequently quoted in cable messages to this country and the United States from Tokyo.

The death occurred this morning at the Royal Jubilee hospital of Charles Martin, formerly of Leech river, whose relatives are supposed to live still. The deceased man was 42 years of age. The remains are reposing at the Thomson Funeral parlors pending word from relatives as to the funeral arrangements.

The funeral of Mrs. Isabel Mabel Lewis took place yesterday morning at the B. C. funeral parlors at 230. There was a large attendance, and Rev. F. N. Stapleford took charge of the service. The hymns sung were "Jesus, Lover of My Soul" and "Nearer My God to Thee." Mrs. Thomas singing a solo, "Peace, Perfect Peace." There were a great many beautiful flowers. The following acted as pallbearers: Messrs. Morgan, Thos. Fletcher, H. Bissell, H. Kelway, Geo. Elrick and Sgt. Heutley.

The marriage of Lavina Annie, daughter of James Stephens, of Dawlish, Devonshire, and Corl. Sidney Theald, of Preston, Lancashire, Eng., was celebrated on Wednesday by Rev. J. B. Warrick, of this city. The ceremony took place at 523 Harbinger avenue, the home of the officiating minister. The bride was attended by Miss Katie Anna McArthur, and the bridesmaid by Pte. John A. Butterworth.

Mrs. W. Adamson, of New Orleans, with her two children, is now on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Spouse, of 539 Pandora avenue.

FIFTH TO GO UNDER
CANVAS ON MONDAY

Artillery Unit Recruits Four-
teen on First Day; Uniforms
to Be Issued Monday

Members of the 5th Regiment C. G. A. yesterday made preparations for the accommodation of the men who will form the artillery battery and ammunition column to be raised here for Col. Ogilvie's overseas artillery brigade. Fifty-five tents were erected in three hours, and the men who have volunteered for overseas service in this unit will move from Macaulay, Black Rock, Belmont and Rod Hill forts at the beginning of the week, and will spend the rest of their training time here under canvas.

The men will be trained here in dismounted drill owing to the absence of 18 pounders. The training on the mounted guns will be had at Petawawa camp, where the detachment will go when completed.

At the same time the men move in, about sixty horses, formerly used by the 11th C. M. R., will be sent to Macaulay camp for artillery purposes. When the men move under canvas, they will receive their shakuli uniforms and regular service kit.

Recruiting for the unit was begun at the Government street depot yesterday, and fourteen men were accepted. There were a large number of applications received, some being held over for further examination.

QUESTIONS FOR
THE MINISTERS

Opposition Asking for Informa-
tion in House of Public
Importance

Legislative Press Gallery,
April 8.

An approximate deficit of \$340,000 on the financial operations of the province for the year 1915-16 is the figure given by the minister of finance in the House in answer to the first member for Victoria. Mr. Brewster asked the minister:

"1. What is the amount of provincial revenue as near as can be conveniently ascertained for the fiscal year ending March 31 last?"

"2. What is the amount of the provincial expenditure as near as can be conveniently ascertained for the fiscal year ending March 31 last?"

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"15. What is the amount of the provincial revenue as near as can be conveniently ascertained for the fiscal year ending March 31 last?"

SALVATION ARMY
PROGRESS IN JAPAN

Commissioner Mapp Passes
Through on Empress of Rus-
sia En Route to Toronto

On his way to Toronto, Commission-
er H. W. Mapp, head of the Salvation
Army in Japan, passed through to-day
on the Empress of Russia.

"We have had great success in our work," the Times was informed by the commissioner, "and in the customary activities of the army which have come to be universally associated with our propaganda. Official support is now forthcoming, and I may mention, as demonstrating that the official classes think now of the army in Japan, that we had a donation of 3,000 yen from the Mikado recently, and \$5,000 from a wealthy resident for other purposes. The Salvation Army has become a social as well as a religious factor in the country. Our attention has been particularly attracted to the reclamation of the low-caste women, of whom so little care is paid in Oriental countries, and there, I think, we are doing a work which alone justifies our existence."

"The Boy Scout movement in Japan has taken great hold under our auspices, and it is thriving in a remarkable fashion. The Japanese boys take most kindly to it, and there is a great future ahead of this phase of activity. Another matter in which we are receiving the support of the official classes is in our prison work. Formerly the discharged prisoners had little encouragement to return to civil life with any intention to reform."

"Last year our stations in Japan rose from 65 to 85, with every promise of considerable increase."

Commissioner Mapp, who went from work in South America 18 months ago to the Island Empire, is a leading figure in the Salvation Army. On his present tour his business will entail calls at Vancouver and Winnipeg. His wife's health has compelled him to rearrange his plans to some extent.

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POINTS OCCUPIED IN
LAKE NAROTCHE REGION

Russians Threw Turks Back in Coast-
al Region of the
Black Sea.

Petrograd, April 8.—The following official statement was issued last night:

"In the region of Riga and in the Dvina sector below Friedrichstadt there were lively artillery engagements. An enemy armored motor-car appeared in the region southwest of Remershof and attacked our trenches with machine guns, but was put a flight by our artillery."

"On the Dvina front there was an exchange of fire. In this region the ice has melted completely and the floods are slackening."

"There was a violent artillery action throughout yesterday in the region southwest of Lake Narotch. Towards evening our troops occupied some points of the enemy positions in the region of the village of Bliznik, taking one officer and 77 men prisoner. The Germans in meeting our attacks used apophizing gas."

"In the region of Lake Somo, south of Pinsk, Germans making a reconnaissance in boats were repulsed. In the region north of Zastorsk, enemy aviators threw bombs."

"The upper Strypa we successfully bombarded yesterday, successfully destroying many batteries, preventing many explosions. The attempts of the enemy to withdraw certain batteries from range were futile. North of Boyana, the enemy exploded a mine in front of our trenches."

"In the Caucasus coastal region our troops by a surprise attack dislodged the enemy from positions on the right bank of the Karadok river, forcing him across the river. In the basin of the upper Tchoruk our detachments, despite frost and a violent snowstorm, are making progress."

MUCH GASOLINE AND
OIL DESTROYED BY FIRE

New York, April 8.—One hundred and twenty-five thousand gallons of gasoline and lubricating oils were destroyed yesterday when fire swept the pier of the Texas Oil Company in Bayonne, N. J. The damage was estimated at more than \$300,000.

PEOPLE ARE WALKING
NOW IN TOLEDO, OHIO

Toledo, Ohio, April 8.—With prospects of settlement of the street car tieup more remote than ever, thousands of people walked to work this morning in a driving snowstorm. The hundreds of motor busses pressed into service were wholly inadequate. Several were wrecked, skidding on the pavements.

WILL NOT BE PRESSED.

Toronto, April 8.—J. Russell Snow, counsel for Gordon McCutcheon, to-day announced that he had been informed by the attorney-general of Ontario that the crown will not press the theft charges against the four McCutcheon brothers, David S., Gordon C., Clarence M. and J. H. McCutcheon, on which they were arraigned on March 14 last.

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere
Phone your order
to
4253
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
WINE DEPARTMENT
1312 Douglas St. Open till 10 p. m.

Enjoy That Middy Meal
LUNCH
From
11 to 2
at
THE TEA KETTLE
Miss M. Woodbridge
Corner Douglas & View Streets
Phone 4096

STATEMENT ISSUED BY
TURKISH WAR OFFICE

Constantinople, April 8.—At army headquarters to-day the following statement was issued:

"On the Caucasian front—There were no events of importance."

"On the Dardanelles front—On April 4 eight enemy aeroplanes flew over Gallipoli. Capt. Buddarke attacked them and shot down one, which fell into the sea and sank."

SIX-YEAR-OLD GIRL
KILLED IN CALIFORNIA

Santa Barbara, Cal., April 8.—After a search which continued until an early hour to-day, the body of Bernita Maccliant, was found in a shed within a block of her home. The child had been assaulted and killed.

Joseph Delville directed the police to the shed, and was arrested on suspicion. He vehemently declared his innocence.

SCOTTISH FOOTBALL.

Glasgow, April 8.—Following are the results of scheduled Scottish League football games played to-day on the grounds of the first mentioned club:

Fairlie, 0; Celtic, 2.
Rangers, 3; Raith Rovers, 0.
Hearts of Midlothian, 5; Queens Park, 3.
Clyde, 1; Partick Thistle, 2.
Third Lanark, 1; Hamilton Academical, 0.
Dundee, 2; Kilmarnock, 0.
St. Mirren, 5; Motherwell, 0.
Aberdeen, 0; Morton, 1.
Dumbarton, 2; Hibernians, 1.

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We Deliver

Islands' Best

It is an acknowledged fact that for general household use our coal is the best. Our Nut Coal, besides being of this same quality, is the largest in the city.

HALL & WALKER

Distributors Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Ltd., Wellington Coals.
1232 Government Street. Phone 83

MISERY GENERAL

IN AUSTRIA NOW

Neutral Who Told Country From End to End Describes Conditions

Paris, April 8.—A neutral who has just returned from Trieste, says that the population there has been reduced to 30,000. Lack of food has caused huge swarms of rats and cats to invade the streets. The cats have been driven to attack human beings. Some days 500 cats have been killed.

Many children have died of hunger. The bread ration has been reduced to 210 grammes per person. Fishing has been prohibited. On Mondays and Fridays only are there sales of meat and butter.

The scarcity of coal prevented the heating of dwellings, and the winter was intensely cold. There is no gas, and many persons have been drowned in the canal owing to the darkness.

The authorities fear an outbreak of cholera this year of greater intensity than that experienced last year. The informant, who traversed Austria from end to end, says misery and discontent are on all sides, and if Great Britain tightens her blockade it will be impossible for Austria to resist for another winter. The scarcity of flour is causing the chief anxiety of the Austrian authorities.

MORALE OF FRENCH

A WONDERFUL THING

Col. Repington, Military Expert of London Times, is Moved to Admiration

London, April 8.—Col. Repington, military expert of the Times, writes: "Mon corps a la terre."
"Mon ame a Dieu."
"Mon coeur a la France."

These lines were found by the writer scribbled on the wooden casing of a bomb-proof pit in a first line trench in France with pencil of the enemy. They were the last pencilled thoughts of a poet, but how rare, how pathetic, how beautiful.

Of all the truly wonderful things in this wonderful war, most assuredly the morale of the French army is the most wonderful of all. Think of it. Twenty months of devastating war; one French woman out of every three in mourning; many of the fair depatriated and the best of the French black country in the hands of the enemy; no end of the war discernible by the wit of man; regiments renewed from top to bottom, not once but many times; the national life suspended; the savings of a half century thrown into the melting pot, and yet here in close and deadly conflict with a numerous and still formidable enemy, that inestimable, that most precious of treasures, the morale of the army, wholly untarnished.

Rather, with each call upon the generous race the morale rises. To the ever-rising demands France replies with ever-rising spirit. She has been great before; but never, surely, so great as now.

"Rather than accept slavery at German hands," said General de Castelnau to the writer, "the French race will die upon the battlefield."

And so in very truth it would.

FORESTRY BATTALION ALMOST COMPLETED

Ottawa, April 8.—The Forestry Battalion, Lieut-Col. Macdonald commanding, has almost 1,500 men enlisted, and it is expected that recruiting will be discontinued very soon. Arrangements have been made whereby the dependents of the men of the battalion will get the same allowance from the patriotic fund as the dependents of men of the other battalions, and this has resulted in many more men volunteering.

Lieut-Col. Macdonald went to Quebec last night and is looking after the mobilization of the battalion there. A large detachment of lumbermen from British Columbia will reach Quebec shortly and lumbermen from the Maritime Provinces will bring the unit up to strength. The establishment of a forestry battalion is 1,500 of all ranks.

SIR A. R. SIMPSON DEAD.

Edinburgh, April 8.—Sir Alexander Russell Simpson, formerly dean of the faculty of medicine and emeritus professor of midwifery of the University of Edinburgh, is dead as a result of injuries received when knocked down by a motor car while walking home in the evening. Sir Alexander, who was born in 1835, was the author of several medical works and a widely known authority.

Phoenix Bear—3 qts. for 25c

SIGNIFICANCE OF

ATTACK AT ST. ELOI

Germans Trying to Anticipate Great Offensive Allies Will Start Soon

London, April 8.—The fighting at St. Eloi marks the beginning of a serious effort by the Germans to force the British into a big offensive before Easter weather conditions permit a simultaneous attack by the allies along all the fronts. The rumors of German plans for an invasion of England and the curious preliminary moves indicating the beginning of such an invasion were possibly only a big German pretence to induce Britain to keep large bodies of troops concentrated along her own coast, instead of in Flanders.

On the western front Germany must strike now with all her available power or expose herself to the risk of being irresistibly crushed on all sides when the allied spring plans are ready. The new German move in an attempt to anticipate the allies' offensive, so Ypres may become once more the centre of the world's attention.

Narrow Escape.

Among many narrow escapes in the recent war fighting along the Canadian front, Major Ball's is prominent. Major Bates and Major Ball, the adjutant of the 25th Battalion and a guide were inspecting their new position well behind the front lines when the Germans spotted them and rained high explosive shells around the little group, the third shell fatally wounding Major Bates and temporarily knocking out the adjutant and the guide and wounding Major Ball in two places. The ugly fragment, striking over the heart, cut his pocket case and was diverted by his cheek book in an inner pocket, which it rattled, and skidded around the organ, making an ugly but not fatal wound. The adjutant and the guide staggered to a distant point for stretcher bearers.

"Take Bates first," Major Ball murmured as the bearers went to raise him. "I'm all right."

Major Ball is making a quick recovery in a London hospital.

GRAND DUKE'S TROOPS ARE WITHIN TWENTY MILES OF TREBIZOND

Petrograd, April 8.—Announcement was made to-day that the Russian forces in the coastal region of the Caucasus are 20 miles east of Trebizond now and approaching Surmene.

FAILURE AT VERDUN BLOW TO FERDINAND

Paris, April 8.—Essad Pasha, provisional president of Albania, who is here to discuss the future of Albania with the French government, said to-day that King Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, is disappointed over the result of the German attempt against Verdun. He said:

"The Kaiser during his trip to Sofia told Ferdinand that a gigantic attack against Verdun had been prepared, and he said that the fortress would fall and the road to Paris be opened within ten days."

"Officers in the Kaiser's suite added that the Germans would occupy Paris before Easter. Ferdinand believed it all, and made his court share in his belief."

DANISH STEAMSHIP SUNK IN MEDITERRANEAN

London, April 8.—The Swedish steamship Vega, which was captured by a German torpedo boat, has arrived at Copenhagen, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from that city. The captain reported that the Germans had seized the cargo of steel before releasing the steamship, taking the steel to Stettin.

Lloyd's reports that the Dutch steamship Remdijk, from Baltimore, March 18 for Rotterdam, has been damaged and is being towed into the harbor. All the crew were saved.

Lloyd's reports that the Dutch steamship Rijnwijk, from Portland March 24 for Rotterdam, has been damaged off the Scilly Islands.

Copenhagen, April 8.—The Danish steamship St. Jorhans, from Newcastle for an Italian port, has been torpedoed and sunk outside Cagliari, Sardinia. The crew was saved. The vessel was of 1,533 tons gross.

TO FIVE YEARS.

Vancouver, April 8.—Five years' imprisonment in New Westminster was meted out this morning by Judge McLean to Charlie Chew, the Chinese diamond thief, who recently robbed Spencer's jewelry department and was arrested after an exciting episode in which Miss G. Leslie, the cashier of the department, pluckily grappled with the thief and held him until assistance came.

SAVES FRENCH GUNS FROM OVERHEATING

How French Officer Describes New Formation Used by Germans

Bar-le-Duc, France, April 8.—In their last attacks at Verdun the Germans adopted a new formation to replace the massed attacks, which after a long interval again have become the feature of their offensive, as at the beginning of the great battle. A French officer describing the fighting on Tuesday southwest of Douaumont, says:

"The bombardment of our positions began early on Monday and continued all day, as though the Germans intended again to try an attack at night, which has been their favorite time lately. Instead, however, the artillery fire fell to normal and we had a comparatively restful time during the hours of darkness."

"But as day began to break on Tuesday the bombardment was resumed and continued until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when the cannon ceased, and a thin band of German troops, like a line of skirmishers, debouched from Le Bois-de-Chaumont and advanced on our trenches by short rushes. We held our fire and two more skirmish lines followed the first, while after the last line came their supporting columns."

All in Open.

"The whole force was in the open, and we had ample time to study their new formation before we opened fire. There was a total of three regiments in the attack. Their task was to storm trenches, and for this purpose they were provided with ladders and foot-bridges. Some were supplied with dynamite petards to blow up barbed wire entanglements, and others had picks and shovels. All this elaborate organization proved useless, for the Germans never got near the French trenches."

"Our men waited with calm confidence until the last German line was only 50 yards away, when at a signal machine guns and rifles opened fire. If the Germans had been in their usual massed formation we would have begun firing sooner, but with the new plan of thin lines it was perfectly safe to let them come closer and trap them between two fires."

Moved Down.

"Our fire dropped the first line, but the second line came on and the supporting columns rushed forward to fill the gaps. It was then that our 75's opened up and spread a barrier of shells between 300 and 400 yards in front of our trenches, trapping the attacking Germans between our machine-guns and the rifles of the troops and the barrier of shells. Our machine-guns worked pitilessly, and the German line wavered and retired slightly, but their officers rallied them and once more they came on. Our men were alert and directed their fire carefully."

"A second time the Germans hesitated, rallied and came on a few steps, then broke and fled through the zone of shells for the shelter of the woods. But there was no shelter for them. Our 75's increased their trajectory and rained the woods, and many of those who had escaped in the open met death where they had hoped to find safety."

Saves French Guns.

"I do not know why the Germans adopted their new attacking formation. Perhaps their reserves are decreasing; perhaps their losses were too heavy in the massed attacks. But this new formation saves our guns from overheating."

NO CAPTURED GERMAN SUBMARINES SEEN ON THAMES BY DUTCHMAN

London, April 8.—The following official statement was issued to-day:

"A statement appeared in a Dutch newspaper to the effect that a captain of a Dutch mail boat had confirmed by oath that he had seen captured German submarines on the Thames under command of British officers. This is sheer invention."

CASUALTIES ANNOUNCED IN LONDON TO-DAY

London, April 8.—The casualty lists issued to-day give the names of 41 officers, 19 of whom are dead, and 704 men, of whom 281 are dead. The regiments suffering are the West Kents, East Surreys, Royal Field Artillery, Liverpool regiment, Sussex regiment and Northumberland Fusiliers.

STATES WILL NOT BRING TROOPS OUT OF MEXICO

Washington, April 8.—A recurrence of the report that the American troops were to be withdrawn from Mexico were met to-day at the state department with a statement by Secretary Lansing that no such withdrawal was contemplated so far as he knew.

Washington, April 8.—Secretary Baker stated most emphatically to-day that there was "absolutely no basis of any kind" for reports that preparations were under way for withdrawing the American forces from Mexico. He said the American troops were moving rapidly south and that the orders to Major General Punston following the Columbus massacre had not been changed.

SNOW IN OHIO.

Cincinnati, Ohio, April 8.—Southern Ohio to-day experienced the heaviest snowfall in years for this time of the season.

Found—A reliable watchmaker and jeweler, Haynes, next to Hibben-Bone Building.

GERMANY TESTING PRESIDENT WILSON

Ignoring American Affidavits, Alleges Sussex Not Sunk by Submarine

Berlin, April 8.—The German government is able to announce that no German submarine or warship was responsible for the explosion which damaged the British steamship Sussex.

Washington, April 8.—This afternoon no word had been received from Ambassador Gerard and the news dispatch from Berlin saying Germany disclaimed responsibility for the destruction of the Sussex supplied the only information before the officials. The news dispatch will be laid before President Wilson as soon as he returns early this evening from his trip down the Potomac.

Without official information at hand, the view prevailing among officials is that the United States now is confronted with proving the wilful destruction of the Sussex. The opinion prevails that a disclaimer by Germany will retard action by the United States rather than hasten it.

ASSURANCE HE DOES NOT NEED TO GIVE

Jagow Realizes Impossibility of Germany Attacking This Continent After War

Berlin, April 7.—Recent press dispatches have brought word of statements in the Canadian Parliament and Canadian newspapers that Germany was planning after this war to plunge upon the American continent, and particularly to demand cessation to Germany of the Dominion of Canada.

In a conversation with Herr von Jagow, minister of foreign affairs, the Associated Press correspondent referred to these rumors. The foreign minister's first reply was an outburst of laughter.

"How can people invent or believe such stories?" he asked. "To anyone not entirely blinded by passion it is evident beyond doubt that Germany never pursued such senseless aims and never contemplated doing so."

Of Course Not.

"Can any one imagine a state of affairs in Europe after the war such that we should have the leisure or a free enough hand to divert our strength and efforts to such a task on the American continent?"

"Equally ridiculous—though unfortunately this phase has a serious side—are rumors which I understand are current here and there in the United States, that Germany after the war will take revenge on the United States by pursuing an anti-American policy. It is even reported to me that some apprehensive souls in the United States, fearing from victorious Germany an attempt to break down the Monroe Doctrine, plant its flag in South Central America, or even a design to leap upon the United States and crush it in order to maintain mastery of both continents."

"I need hardly assure you such reports, which from time to time have been set afloat by enemies of Germany with the evident intention of stirring up feeling against it, are too absurd for denial. I need only recall that Germany has never placed itself in opposition to the American principle of the Monroe Doctrine."

Some Soft Soap.

"Again, I would ask American doubters to remember the attitude of Germany during the Mexican crisis. Although extensive German commercial interests were involved and although there was a strong demand for independent action to protect those interests during the protracted era of disorder, the imperial government at all times stood for leaving the United States a free hand in its policy toward Mexico. The Washington government was not left in doubt at any time as to the attitude of Germany."

It is unfortunately true that during the war, when the thoughts of every German are bound up with heart and soul in the struggle for German existence against a world-wide coalition, and when the attitude of the Washington government at times has been almost forced, even we think that there might be some basis for stories of an understanding of some sort between Washington and the allies. A strange feeling of resentment and bitterness against the United States has sprung up among the masses in Germany."

Some Talk Darkly.

"Unfortunately, too, there are foolish persons among us who talk darkly and foolishly of 'taking revenge' upon the United States after the war for its attitude, but no responsible official takes or can take such a view. We shall have quite enough to do at home to safeguard our own position in Europe, heal the wounds of the war, restore our industry and business life at home and repair and build up our foreign trade, without regressing our traditional policy in regard to the American continent and taking on a new and powerful enemy across the Atlantic."

SHOULD LEAVE MEXICO.

El Paso, April 8.—That the American troops have accomplished their object in destroying Villa's military power and therefore should withdraw from Mexico without delay, was the view expressed to-day by a well known member of the Carranza government, speaking unofficially.

HOLLAND MAY CALL UP CLASS OF 1917; EVENTS TO DECIDE

The Hague, April 8.—The cabinet has decided to introduce a bill calling to the colors the 1917 class of recruits "if necessary in view of prevailing extraordinary circumstances."

TO-DAY'S TRADING ON THE WINNIPEG MARKET

Winnipeg, April 8.—Winnipeg wheat closed at lower for May and July and 2c down for October. Oats were 2c down for May, and 1c down for July.

Winnipeg market would have been a shambles if a good class of buying had not appeared. There was an aggressive selling movement early in the day with everyone taking a knock at the market. A few stops were encountered to help the slump which took prices down about 2c. Export men checked the fall by buying all the way down. These men were not buying on speculation and it is a good sign to see them in the market for it is an indication of early export business.

Apart from this there was little to enthuse over. The market was professional otherwise and the rally later on was solely due to profit taking covering the shorts of the morning. In the cash business the trading was light with all interest taken up with the futures. The demand was fair at prevailing prices, with offerings also fair, but only an occasional car was traded. Spreads were unchanged from yesterday in wheat and oats. The feature of the week has been the good demand for feed oats and all lower grades. This was again shown to-day.

Wheat—	Open.	Close
May	115-115 1/2	115 1/2
July	115-115 1/2	115 1/2
Oct.	112-112 1/2	112 1/2
Oats—		
May	43-43 1/2	43 1/2
July	43-43 1/2	43 1/2
Oct.	40-40 1/2	40 1/2
Barley—		
May	20-20 1/2	20 1/2
Flax—		
May	185-185 1/2	185 1/2
July	185-185 1/2	185 1/2
Cash prices: Wheat—1 Apr., 112; 2 Apr., 112; 3 Apr., 112; 4 Apr., 112; 5 Apr., 112; 6 Apr., 112; 7 Apr., 112; 8 Apr., 112; 9 Apr., 112; 10 Apr., 112; 11 Apr., 112; 12 Apr., 112; 13 Apr., 112; 14 Apr., 112; 15 Apr., 112; 16 Apr., 112; 17 Apr., 112; 18 Apr., 112; 19 Apr., 112; 20 Apr., 112; 21 Apr., 112; 22 Apr., 112; 23 Apr., 112; 24 Apr., 112; 25 Apr., 112; 26 Apr., 112; 27 Apr., 112; 28 Apr., 112; 29 Apr., 112; 30 Apr., 112; 1 May, 112; 2 May, 112; 3 May, 112; 4 May, 112; 5 May, 112; 6 May, 112; 7 May, 112; 8 May, 112; 9 May, 112; 10 May, 112; 11 May, 112; 12 May, 112; 13 May, 112; 14 May, 112; 15 May, 112; 16 May, 112; 17 May, 112; 18 May, 112; 19 May, 112; 20 May, 112; 21 May, 112; 22 May, 112; 23 May, 112; 24 May, 112; 25 May, 112; 26 May, 112; 27 May, 112; 28 May, 112; 29 May, 112; 30 May, 112; 31 May, 112; 1 Jun., 112; 2 Jun., 112; 3 Jun., 112; 4 Jun., 112; 5 Jun., 112; 6 Jun., 112; 7 Jun., 112; 8 Jun., 112; 9 Jun., 112; 10 Jun., 112; 11 Jun., 112; 12 Jun., 112; 13 Jun., 112; 14 Jun., 112; 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-PTE. R. WEBB IN HOSPITAL IN GERMANY



This very interesting photograph was brought back to Victoria from Germany by Pte. R. Webb, an exchanged prisoner of war, who is now at the Esquimalt military convalescent hospital. Pte. Webb is seen lying on a stretcher in the centre of the picture, while in the foreground is the Russian surgeon who attended him throughout his stay. There is a French doctor in a dark uniform just behind him. The remainder are Canadian and French prisoners.

INSTRUCTION DAILY
IN BAYONET WORK

103rd is Holding Paper Chase
This Afternoon; Sports on
Easter Monday

The whole of the 103rd Battalion, Lieut.-Col. Henniker, officer commanding, is engaged for five hours every day in taking instruction in physical drill and bayonet fighting. The instruction is divided into two sections, one in the morning and one in the afternoon.

The work is the result of the attendance of some of the officers at the school at Winnipeg, where they took courses in physical drill and bayonet fighting. It is the intention of the officer commanding that this instruction shall be continued until all the men are proficient.

This afternoon the 103rd is holding a paper chase across country, and Lieut.-Col. Henniker has issued an invitation to any civilians who would like to complete in the run. The trail has been laid from McLeave's stables at the Willows in the direction of Mount Tolmie, to Cadboro Bay.

The 103rd will hold an athletic meeting on Easter Monday, the programme for which will be announced with full particulars of prizes and conditions in a few days.

A recruiting office for men desiring to join the artillery battery and ammunition column under Col. Ogilvie was opened this morning on Government street, next to the C. P. R. ticket office. A recruiting staff was in charge early getting the place in shape preparatory to seeking recruits.

Col. Ogilvie is at present in Vancouver in connection with the business of the 8th Battalion, Canadian Field Artillery, which has just been called on to supply a complete ammunition column of 3 officers and 173 men, in addition to a draft of 1 officer and 100 men for overseas service. The complement is being raised by Capt. H. E. Boorman, who announces he has authority to sign on practically an unlimited number of men for service in the Canadian Artillery. This unit will come to Victoria and go into camp at Macaulay Plains under canvas.

A large number of people were attracted to the old court house grounds, Hastings street, Vancouver, recently by an exhibition of physical drill given by 300 picked soldiers of the Vancouver regiments. The plan was organized by the central recruiting staff there, and the display met with much approbation, and drew a number of recruits. It has been suggested that the same plan be adopted here, by one of the Victoria regiments.

According to information received here the 5th Battalion, Western Scots, are at Montreal waiting orders to go forward. On the way east the Western Scot was published on the train, this being the only case on record of the kind. The issue thanks the people of Victoria for the splendid send-off given the troops, and contains a statement that the entraining at Vancouver from the boats was said by the officials of the C. P. R. to constitute a record for smartness and thoroughness.

REARRANGED PROGRAMME.

Mrs. R. Baird to Take the Place of
Duettists; Several Very Pleasing
Numbers Arranged.

A slight change has been made by the Fifth Regiment band for their programme to-morrow night owing to the impossibility of having the duet that has been announced. Mrs. R. Baird has kindly consented to take the place of the duettists, Mrs. Oiler and Mr. Macaulay, and her numbers are certain to please. Miss M. Fraser is the other lady vocalist, and J. Crook is also to sing.

The following is the programme in full:
God Save the King.
Overture—Stradella Flotow
Vocal Solo—Hushen Needham
Mrs. R. Baird.
Selection—Romance and Juliet Gounod
Vocal Solo—Selected Mrs. M. Fraser.
Grand Selection—Rigoletto Verdi
Vocal Solo—Selected J. Crook.
Potpourri of French-Canadian Melodies Laurendeau
Vocal Solo—For You Alone Gochel
March—Colonel Fitch Hall
Accompanist, Miss A. Muriel; conductor, W. J. Smith.

MILITARY NEWS IN
CANADA GAZETTE

Number of Appointments and
Promotions Announced in
Last Issue

The following military appointments are named in the last issue of the Canada Gazette:

Canadian Garrison Artillery.
5th (British Columbia) Regiment—To be provisional lieutenants (super-numerary): Sergt. Alexander MacRae Hall.

Provisional Lieut. B. G. Prior, from the 31st Regiment (British Columbia Horse), Sergt. Reginald Arthur Blyth, George Harold Pethick.
31st Regiment (British Columbia Horse)—Provisional Lieut. B. G. Prior is transferred to the 5th (British Columbia) Regiment, Canadian Garrison Artillery.

50th Regiment—Lieut. G. White-Fraser is permitted to resign his commission.

102nd Regiment (Rocky Mountain Rangers)—To be provisional lieutenants (super-numerary): Oswald Francis Drury Norrington, James Cyril Harding Benson, John Herbert Gray, Desmond Odum Vickers.

167th East Kootenay Regiment—To be captain: Lieut. J. A. Forin, vice provisional Capt. F. Richardson, retired.

To be provisional lieutenants (super-numerary): James Albert Roseberry, Edwy Kenny Stewart.
31st Regiment (British Columbia Horse)—Provisional Lieut. (super-numerary) W. C. Dailin is seconded.

To be provisional lieutenant (super-numerary): Alexander Gilbert Blair, William Norman Thacker, William Norman Thacker, Wyndham Edward Beckett Minchin, Colin Campbell Perrie, John Bewick Bailey.

To be captain: Lieut. A. E. Chadcock, 5th (British Columbia) Regiment, C. G. A., whilst employed as paymaster, billeted recruits and casualties, C. E. F.

KILLED IN ACTION



—Photo by Gibson.

CAPT. ALEC F. WHITESIDE
Of the 3rd Pioneer Battalion (late 48th), who was killed at the front on March 28. He was signalling officer for his unit, and was formerly chief operator at the Gonzales Hill wireless station here.

VICTORIA PLATOON.

A few application forms for entry in the B. C. Company, western Universities Battalion, can still be obtained at the Times and Colonist offices. A large number have already gone forward to the company headquarters at Vancouver, and it is hoped shortly to have enough men from this city to form a Victoria Platoon.

To the mean eye all things are trivial, as certainly to the jaundiced they are yellow—Carlyle.

To be great is to be misunderstood—Emerson.

APPOINTMENTS IN
MILITARY ORDERS

Men of 11th Get Certificates;
Several Pass in Musketry Test

In district orders issued yesterday by the district officer commanding the 11th Military District the following appointments are mentioned:

The following partial certificates have been granted: Lieuts. H. Blacklin and H. L. Colquhoun, No. 19 Co., C. A. S. C., theoretical subjects.

The following certificates, all in the 11th C.M.R., have been granted: Sergts. J. A. Fisher, W. Redfern, E. W. Hartman, S. W. G. Batten, W. F. G. Alanson, F. E. Trickett, P. F. McManus, C. D. Venables, C. L. Buller, B. A. Liddell, F. J. Sinclair, R. Shannon, C. L. Brusa, E. W. Bush, R. B. Carter, A. O. Thompson, E. H. Ballin, corporals, F. E. Groom, A. E. Bennett, W. Glover, E. J. Shaw, H. Gorman, R. V. Courte, E. Nash, E. Edwards, R. Tucker, J. Silverlight, C. A. Thomas, R. D. E. Duchesnay, E. M. Lawrence, E. Sanders, A. J. Mackay, T. Weir, A. S. Renne, G. A. L. Ellis, L. G. Foley, V. A. Ridgway, T. E. Godwin, J. A. MacDonald, sergeants, W. C. Mitchell, A. Jackson, F. H. Mills, D. M. Layton, H. Ruxton, E. P. Candy, corporals, M. S. Dick, L. McHarg, W. Fraser, E. St. Jorre, E. Grant, F. N. Witherspoon, L. Fairley, sergeants, H. Bragg, A. E. Nelson, S. E. Church, corporals, H. G. Scott, A. P. Bullock, sergeant, S. J. Ruffe.

Musketry School.
Provisional School of Musketry, Victoria. Results of examination, first course. The undermentioned officers and non-commissioned officers passed the final test of musketry on the 25th ultimo: Capt. S. Williams, 50th Regt.; Lieut. D. McGillivray, 72nd O. S. Battalion; Lieut. A. Gray, 11th O. S. Regt.; C. M. R.; Lieut. G. Benson, 88th O. S. Battalion; Lieut. R. W. Richards, 88th O. S. Battalion; Lieut. J. N. Whitehead, 102nd O. S. Battalion; Lieut. F. Layton, 121st O. S. Battalion; Lieut. H. C. Chamberlain, 134th O. S. Battalion; Lieut. J. A. Greenhill, 134th O. S. Battalion; Lieut. H. Heritage, 153 O. S. Battalion; Lieut. B. Salmon, 153th O. S. Battalion; Lieut. D. O. Vickers, 172nd O. S. Battalion; Lance-Corpl. A. D. Williams, 50th Regt.; Sergt. W. Ramsay, 72nd O. S. Battalion; Sergt. R. Calvert, 102nd O. S. Battalion; Sergt. A. Reek, 134th O. S. Battalion.

Board of examiners. Provisional School of Musketry, Victoria. The board of examiners detailed below will assemble at Clover Point range, Victoria, on the 10th instant and succeeding days, at hours to be fixed by the president, for the purpose of conducting the examinations to be held in connection with the school. President, Major M. A. Curran, 11th O. S. Regt. C.M.R., C.E.F.; members, Lieut. E. H. Price, C.E.F.; of M.; one subaltern of force (qualified in musketry); to be detailed by the officer commanding 11th Overseas Regt. C.M.R., C.E.F.

C. M. R. BAND CONCERT.

At the band concert to be given to-morrow night at the Variety theatre by the band of the 11th C. M. R. (Bandmaster Slater), Mrs. Roy Troup and Mark Sampson will assist. The following programme will be rendered:

God Save the King.
Opening Marches—
O Canada C. Franklin
Selvad C. Franklin
Overture—Marta P. Flotow
Song—Good-bye Tosti
Mark Sampson.
Song—There's a Long, Long Trail Z. O. Elliott
Mrs. Roy Troup.
Selection—The Mikado Sullivan
Song—Come, Sing to Me J. Thompson
Mark Sampson.
Cornet Solo—Alice, Where Art Thou J. Ascher
Corporal C. J. Oliver.
Quick Step—Are You From Dixie G. L. Cobb
Song—I Love You, Canada Morrison Manley
Mrs. Roy Troup.
Selection—In Conland Ridgood
Galop—Saddle Back Allen
God Save the King.

WANTS BANTAMS KEPT
HERE THIS SUMMER

Col. Powley Joins in Protest
Against Move of Soldiers
to Vernon

Lieut.-Col. Powley, officer commanding the 143rd B. C. Bantams this morning, added his protest to those of the other commanders of units stationed at Victoria against the proposal to move the soldiers from Victoria to Vernon for the summer training. Lieut.-Col. Henniker, commanding the 103rd Battalion, has made a public protest against his battalion going away from their present satisfactory quarters, and Lieut.-Col. Ross-Cullin, commanding the 88th, some time ago offered strenuous objection against his battalion being sent either to Vernon or Sewell, Man.

Several reasons are given by Lieut.-Colonel Powley why the Bantams should remain in Victoria. He says that he has been two months now recruiting his present strength of between four and five hundred small men, and believes that recruiting the remainder will take longer because the field has been once covered. The purpose in taking the soldiers to Vernon is for battalion and brigade drill instruction, but with the Bantams not up to strength they will not be ready for some time to take this class of training. The only work they can be taught now is company drill, and this can be given them quite as well at Beacon Hill as it can at Vernon.

To move the Bantams at present, he says, would entail considerable expense and would be unfair to the battalion and to the city, because the city has provided them with the lumber to build their modern barracks at Beacon Hill, and the members of the battalion have done the building. Every nail has been driven in by members of the battalion, and they look on the place now as their own home until they are called overseas. It would be unfair, says Col. Powley, to move the battalion and give the quarters the men have built to another battalion for recruiting purposes. He also asserts, in line with the statements of the other officers here, that Victoria offers quite as good a training ground as does Vernon, if not better, and that the battalion can be brought to efficiency here more speedily and at less expense.

In regard to a statement made that the 143rd is recruiting boys under the age of twenty-one, and a particular reference that there is one boy of 16 years weighing 50 pounds in the battalion, Col. Powley says that the only juveniles he has in the 143rd are the buglers. It is customary in all battalions to have young buglers, and it has been the custom in the British army in appointing boys in this capacity from time immemorial. Also on ships of war there are boy midjies who are below the age of twenty-one. In the case of the 143rd and other battalions, where boys are enlisted as buglers, he says, there is the difference that the bugler never goes near the firing line, while on the British men-of-war the midjy is right in the thick of the fight.

DIED IN FRANCE



MAJOR R. J. MUTRIE

Popular Second-in-Command of 2nd C. M. R., whose death was reported yesterday in the official casualty lists.

PLAN "TAG DAY"

Navy League Chapter Holds Special Meeting to Arrange Details of Collection on Saturday, April 15.

The Navy League Chapter, L.O.D.E., met yesterday in special session for the purpose of outlining plans for the Naval Tag Day that is to be held under their auspices on Saturday, April 15. Mrs. Edwards, the convener, was in the chair. During the meeting the committee decided on the districts that would be covered, and it was announced that quite a number of volunteer helpers had already handed in their names to assist during that day.

A great many more, however, are still required, and it is requested that any ladies who are interested in the work will send their names either to the secretary or any other member of the chapter at the Patriotic Service rooms, 732 Fort street. Individual members both of the Municipal and Primary chapters, L. O. D. E., are going to help the undertaking, and it is hoped that the public will give it their generous support.

The chapter yesterday decided that the "tag" would be in the design of the Navy League badge.

No one loves the man whom he fears—Aristotle.

He grieves more than is necessary who grieves before it is necessary—Seneca.

CONCERT FOR V. A. D.

Band of 88th Battalion to Play at Pantages Theatre To-morrow Night; Voluntary Aid to Take Up Collection.

Through the courtesy of Lieut.-Colonel Cullin and kindness of Bandmaster Rumsby the 88th band will give their concert to-morrow evening for the benefit of the Voluntary Aid detachment. The entertainment will take place at Pantages theatre, and the collection will be taken up by the ladies of the detachment, who will be in their uniforms. The following well-known artists have kindly consented to assist: Mrs. Macdonald Fahey, Mrs. J. R. Green, Mrs. R. H. Pooley, and F. Olivier. The accompanists will be Mrs. Conyers Bridgewater and Mrs. A. J. Gibson.

The following is the programme in full:
March—Old Comrades Telke
Overture—Zanetta Aubert
Song—"The Lord of My Light" Allittsen
Mrs. Macdonald Fahey.

Violin solo—Serenade Rondogger
Mrs. J. R. Green.

Song—Selected Mrs. R. H. Pooley.

Spanish Serenade Lola
Song—
(a) "Dawn in the Desert" Rows
(b) "The Lark Now Leaves His Watery Nest" Parlier
Mrs. Macdonald Fahey.

Violin solo—"Ave Maria" Schubert-Wilhelm
Mrs. J. R. Green.

Song—Marsellaise F. Olivier.

March—"The Nick o' Time" Alstyn
God Save the King.



Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and highly written. The longer an article the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by the paper for MSS. submitted to the Editor.

Y. M. C. A. AT WILLOWS.

To the Editor:—As a frequenter of the Military Branch of the Y. M. C. A., Willows Camp, for several months, I would like to express my appreciation of the very excellent work being carried on for the comfort, convenience and entertainment of our soldiers. During the winter months the warm and cheerful reading room, in which is always a good supply of magazines, periodicals and daily papers, has been used by the majority of men in camp, especially during the long evenings when many excellent concerts and lectures arranged by the secretary, and given gratuitously by the residents of Victoria, have greatly added to our pleasures.

The latest of these, a lecture on "The War," by W. M. Ritchie, and illustrated by lantern slides, was given last night, to a large and enthusiastic audience, who listened with marked attention to the speaker. In addition to the above privileges we have an excellent library containing, I understand, well over 1,000 books kindly donated by friends of the Y. M. C. A., who would, I am sure, be gratified could they see the number of volumes daily issued.

"WELLWISHER."

April 7.

A NAVAL TAG DAY.

To the Editor:—May I through your columns appeal to the people of Victoria for their support on our naval "Tag Day," to be held on April 15? This appeal is for the men in the dockyard who are waiting to be sent "at a few hours' notice, wherever they may be required," according to the oath they take when they enter the service; and for the men also who have guarded our coast and patrolled our harbors for the last twenty months, during the dark hours of the night. The Patriotic Society is looking after the men who have already gone to other ports, so that the fund to be collected on our "Tag Day" is to be devoted entirely to the men who are here.

It has been suggested that these men could take their discharge or transfer to the army if they cannot keep their families on their present pay. It is not for us to question whether they can get that discharge or not, but we who are interested in the navy do not wish them to leave the senior service. We must have the Canadian navy, and it is to the coast provinces of Canada that we look for encouragement.

FRANCES EDWARDS,
Convener of Naval Fund for Navy League Chapter of I. O. D. E.
April 8.

HOW HE WILL BE AFFECTED.

To the Editor:—I have observed by reports in the newspapers that the good and just prohibitionists demand that the government of the day put before the voters of this province a statute which, if agreed to by a majority of those who may vote, shall not contain any provision for compensation in any form. Let my reasonable, fair-minded reader think the position over, from a standpoint of justice, and ask him or herself if the request is in accordance with the precepts of the "Golden Rule." If truthful to one's self, the answer must be no.

Take my own case. I am a married man with wife and two children. I have followed the occupation of bar-keeper for the last sixteen years, and defy anyone to find a black mark against my character, by the police or any other persons. Being a young man and not what you might call strong, if my occupation should be gone, and not knowing any other line by which to make a living for my family and myself, I cannot, Cincinnatus-like, go to the plow, because I never plowed, but



WILL YOU HELP US

to keep OUR building open
till the BOYS come home?
SUBSCRIBE TO-DAY
"Victoria's Manhood Factory"
Y. M. C. A.
Blanchard and View Sts.
Tel. 2986.

have followed an occupation stamped by the law of the land as legitimate. Therefore I cannot believe, even yet, that the government of this day will so change the social conditions as must injure many people if compensation is not accorded. To say nothing of the number of men and women now engaged in the hotel trade and allied interests who will be set adrift without employment. But what do the prohibitionists care for others?

BERT REEVES.

April 6.

COMMON SENSE OF PROHIBITION.

To the Editor:—The proper solution of the temperance problem is of such vital importance to the best interests of this province, that it is eminently desirable that when the Prohibition plebiscite is submitted to the electors they shall have the opportunity of recording a vote founded not on prejudice but reason. Under these circumstances a brief statement of the main facts may not be out of place.

1. Alcoholism is a modern problem, and is mainly the creation of the modern distillery. It was not till the beginning of the last century (circa 1824 A. D.) that the wholesale distillation of grain, maize, potatoes, wheat, rye, etc., began. Since that time the commercializing of the liquor trade has increased by leaps and bounds; and the menace of alcoholism has grown in direct proportion. The reason is simple. Ethylic alcohol, which is produced from the juice of the grape, is comparatively innocuous. On the other hand the alcohols produced by the modern distillery, such as propylic, butylic, amyl and valeric alcohols, are of the most deadly character, and according to Dr. de Vaulcroix, the distinguished Belgian scientist, member of the Belgian Patriotic League for the suppression of alcoholism, amyl alcohol—which is also termed "oil of potatoes"—has an intoxicating power thirty times as great as that of Ethylic (vinous) alcohol.

2. Alcoholism does not exist, and never has existed, in purely wine-growing countries. Socrates and Christ, alike by the common consent of mankind the great examples of perfect temperance, drank respectively the wines of Greece and Palestine; and though the latter at least was accused by his enemies of being a wine-bibber, yet "wisdom is justified of all her children."

3. This terrible plague of alcoholism has been aggravated and increased by the method of licensing which has prevailed in English-speaking countries. Where a valuable monopoly is created, and then entrusted to the operation of private profit, the inevitable result must be the undue pushing of the sale of that particular commodity. It is for this reason that the abolition of the bar is by far the most important of any measure of temperance reform.

4. It is too often forgotten that the temperance problem is largely a social problem. Men primarily frequent the bar for the perfectly innocent and legitimate reason of social intercourse. While I am convinced that the bar is the cause of nine-tenths of existing intemperance, I am equally convinced that any scheme of reform which does not substitute for the bar some place of adequate and agreeable social intercourse, will be to some extent futile. The bar, however pernicious, exists because it to some extent supplies a want which is in itself laudable, namely, the desire for easy social intercourse, where neither party is host or guest.

5. If my previous statements are accepted, and I do not believe that any intelligent person who has really studied this problem will dispute them, there is the gravest danger that any attempt to suppress the liquor traffic at one blow will lead to the continuation of the evil under another and more dangerous form. There is no greater torture than the torture of laws; and unless prohibition can be made to absolutely prohibit "blind pigs" are certain to take the place of licensed houses.

6. But even more alarming is the danger which, the use of alcohol can be entirely suppressed, menaces our community from the expansion of the bar-habit. The "cocaine-fiend" is far worse even than the "whisky-fiend," and the experience of the southern prohibition states should serve as a warning to British Columbia. According to the testimony of an impartial medical eye-witness, "the south, in trying to correct a bad condition, has created one infinitely worse, and one absolutely beyond the power of the authorities to suppress or even to control."

Though I should personally prefer the general application of the Norwegian system to all licenses, whether wholesale, retail, or hotel—in which case the vexed question of compensation could not arise—I am prepared to vote for the total prohibition of the bar, and the total prohibition of the distillery. But I submit that reason and experience alike show that some safety-valve is absolutely necessary:

There are two great causes of biliousness—they are constipation and defective liver action. When Dr. Hamilton's Pills are taken, they are not only correct constipated bowels, but act upon the liver as well. Quite unlike ordinary medicines which purge and give temporary relief, Dr. Hamilton's Pills remove the conditions which cause biliousness, and thus permanent cure are effected. No person who occasionally uses Dr. Hamilton's Pills will ever suffer from the headache, bad stomach or bilious complaint. Get a 25c. box to-day.

Be brief; for it is with words as with sunbeams—the more they are combined, the deeper they burn—Southey.

How is it possible to expect that mankind will take advice, when they will not so much as take warning?—Swift.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, April 8.—5 a. m.—The barometer has fallen over Northern B. C., accompanied by rain there and on the Washington coast. Mild weather is general over the Pacific slope and eastward to Alberta, while in Saskatchewan and Manitoba wintry weather continues.

Forecasts.
For 24 hours ending 5 p. m., Sunday.
Victoria and vicinity: Light to moderate winds, mostly cloudy and mild, with showers.

Lower Mainland—Light to moderate winds, mostly cloudy and mild, with showers.

Reports.
Victoria—Barometer, 30.55; temperature, maximum yesterday, 58; minimum, 46; wind, 8 miles S. W.; weather, fair.

Vancouver—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, maximum yesterday, 62; minimum, 47; wind, 5 miles E.; weather, fair.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, maximum yesterday, 60; minimum, 44; wind, calm; weather, clear.

Barkerville—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, maximum yesterday, 45; minimum, 28; wind, calm; weather, cloudy.

Prince Rupert—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, maximum yesterday, 60; minimum, 38; wind, 4 miles E.; rain, 40; weather, fair.

Tatoosh—Barometer, 30.24; temperature, maximum yesterday, 48; minimum, 40; wind, 12 miles S. E.; rain, trace; weather, fair.

Portland, Ore.—Barometer, 30.26; temperature, maximum yesterday, 74; minimum, 48; wind, 4 miles S. E.; weather, cloudy.

Seattle—Barometer, 30.35; temperature, maximum yesterday, 68; minimum, 46; wind, 10 miles S. E.; rain, trace; weather, rain.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, maximum yesterday, 76; minimum, 50; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, cloudy.

Temperature. Max. Min.

Entrance 62 ..

Panhook 64 ..

Penticton 65 ..

Nelson 64 ..

Prince George 62 ..

Calgary 60 ..

Edmonton 56 ..

Qu'Appelle 56 ..

Winnipeg 50 ..

Toronto 40 ..

Ottawa 40 ..

Montreal 28 ..

St. John 45 ..

Halifax 50 ..

Victoria Daily Weather.

Observations taken 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m., Friday.

Temperature.

Highest 58

Lowest 43

Average 50

Minimum on grass 37

Maximum in sun 115

Bright sunshine, 7 hours 4 minutes.

General state of weather, fair.

Wonderful Bilious Remedy
Actually Prevents Attacks

There are two great causes of biliousness—they are constipation and defective liver action.

DIXIE H. ROSS

Golden Loaf
Flour, sack... \$1.50
Tuckfield's Worcester Sauce,
3 bottles
for 25c

Rowat's Worcester Sauce
3 bottles
for 25c
Monarch Tomato
Catsup 20c

Fig Marmalade
Peach Marmalade
Orange Marmalade

3 for 50c

THE EXCHANGE

FOR BARGAINS IN BOUND
BOOKS AND INDIAN BASKET-
WARE.
718 FORT STREET.

W. J. Maynard (Bill)

Auctioneer and Appraiser
I am now located at 338 Yates street,
and am open to receive sales of any de-
scription.
New and second-hand furniture always
on hand.
Phone 4218. Night phone 3506

BILL MAYNARD

AUCTIONEERS
Instructed by the owner, I will sell at
319 Irving Road, Fowl Bay.

TUESDAY, APRIL 11

The contents of a well finished bung-
low. Particulars later.

BILL MAYNARD
Auctioneer, Phone 4218

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly instructed by the owners, will
sell by Public Auction, at 1827 Chest-
nut avenue, off Fort street, near St.
Margaret's School, on

TUESDAY, APRIL 11

at 2 o'clock, a quantity of first-class

Furniture and Effects

DRAWING ROOM—Piano by Upton,
of Chicago; piano stool, mahogany
drawing room suite, mahogany rocker,
2 mahogany occasional tables, electric
lamp, grass chairs, several very fine
specimens of old Dresden cups and sauc-
ers, mirror in Dresden China frame,
curtains, pictures, Turkey pattern car-
pet, etc.

DINING ROOM—Mission oak ex-
tension table, 6 mission oak diners,
oakavenport, grass chairs, gram-
ophone, drop-head Singer sewing ma-
chine, very handsome Angola table
cloth, handsome English claret colored
cloth curtains, E. P. tea and coffee set,
3 very fine oil paintings by Morris Ash,
clock, pair of Cloisonne vases, orna-
ments, Axminster carpet, and rugs, etc.

HALL—Oak occasional table, Cloi-
sonne jardiniere, grass chairs, mirror,
Axminster rug, etc.

KITCHEN—"Ohio" range, cooking
utensils, crockery, glassware, kitchen
table and chairs, carpet sweeper,
brooms, jam jars, contents of pantry,
linoleum, steps, mowing machine, etc.

BEDROOMS—Iron and brass bed-
steads, spring and top mattresses, good
feather mattress pillows, elderdown
quilts, bird's eye maple bureau, child's
cot, mahogany bureau, mahogany chif-
foniere, linoleum, rugs, Kensington
squares, chairs, and other goods too
numerous to mention. On view Mon-
day, April 10.

Take the Willows or Uplands car,
and get out at Chestnut avenue.

The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams
410 and 411 Sayward Block.



Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly instructed by the D. O. C. No. 11,
will sell by Public Auction at Dick
Bray's stables, 728 Johnson street, on

Wednesday, April 12

at 10 o'clock sharp.

Eight Mares and Geldings

For further particulars apply to
The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams
410 and 411 Sayward Blk. Phone 1824

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere

Phone your or-
der to 4253
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.
WINE DEPARTMENT
1822 Douglas St. Open till 10 p. m.

To the educated ad reader,
QUALITY OF GOODS is of first
importance—price concessions sec-
ondary.

CONCERT TO FURNISH VETERANS' CLUB

Popular Programme Being
Given at Royal Victoria
Theatre on April 18

Everyone wants to see every comfort
possible placed in the way of the re-
turned wounded soldiers and those who
are still to come back from the fight-
ing zone. It is in order to furnish the
Veterans' Club comfortably and make
it a pleasant place for the younger and
older veterans alike of this great year
to foregather that a concert has been
arranged to take place at the Royal
Victoria theatre on Tuesday, April 18.
The proceeds of the entertainment will
be given to the purpose of furnishing
and equipping the club with billiard
tables, comfortable chairs, smoking
room, etc. Col. Haggard and Major
Rowlinson are two of the leading
spirits in the movement to equip the
club, the latter himself being a returned
soldier.

The programme is a most attractive
one, having been placed by the com-
mittee in the very capable hands of
Mrs. R. Baird. It will be of a thor-
oughly popular character throughout,
and will be entirely musical, one of the
features being that the band of the
5th Battalion will accompany a num-
ber of the singers and chorists.
Among those who are taking part are
Miss Eva Hart, who has kindly con-
sented to sing "A Little Pink Pet" from
"The Little Pink Pet" from Miss Hook of Hol-
land (in costume); H. J. Davis, who
is singing a new song by Mr. Tripp;
Mrs. Rochford, who will give a song
and dance; Miss Peggy Pearce, who in
concert with Mr. Davis will sing "You
Don't Believe Me"; Mrs. J. R.
Green, who will play on the violin songs
from the Gilbert and Sullivan
operas; Mrs. Roy Troup, who will sing
"The Amorous Goldfish" from
"The Geisha"; Miss Mamie Fraser, Irish song,
with chorus in costume.
Most of the above artists will render
their parts in costume. There are addi-
tional numbers, including the "Madrigal"
from Tom Jones, to be sung by
Miss Hart, Mrs. Baird, E. Petch and
H. J. Davis. The artists who appeared
in the charming sextette from "Patience"
presented at their last concert at
the Empress by the Ladies Musical
Club, will repeat this number; and one
of the final numbers on the programme
will be the "Tally Ho" chorus from
"Dorothy."
Mrs. A. J. Gibson will act as accom-
panist.

FUEL SUPPLY

Denial is Given to Allegation of
Oriental Control Here.

Objection is taken by city wood
merchants to a statement attributed to
Reeve Winram, of South Vancouver, at
a meeting of the inter-municipal com-
mittee of the lower mainland, that the
wood supply of Victoria is in the
hands of Asiatics.
Mr. Winram was speaking to a mo-
tion pledging the opposition of the
municipalities to an alleged combine of
East Indians in the Vancouver district
to control the wood supply of the dis-
trict for domestic consumption. He
hoped they would not permit the same
conditions as prevailed in Victoria.

The fairweights and measure officer
(Mr. Robertson) states there is no
truth in the statement. In the past
some Hindus had two-year contracts
with the sawmills to handle their out-
put of kindling wood, but these con-
tracts have expired, and the Hindus
are buying wholesale, retailing later to
consumers at a slightly higher price.
However the production, he says, is in
the hands of the whites, and Asiatic
control is not threatened.

A Real Flesh Builder For Thin People

This men and women—that big, hearty,
filling dinner you ate last night. What
cause of all the fat-producing nourish-
ment it contained? You haven't gained
weight, or your muscles are wasted, or
your body like unburned coal
through an open grate. The material was
there, but your food didn't work and
stick, and the plain truth is you hadn't
got enough nourishment from your meals
to pay for the cost of cooking. This is
the fact, the fact is, your food, your
nutritive organs, your functions of as-
similation, are probably sadly out of
gear and need reconstruction.

Cut out the foolish, food-funny
sawdust diets. Cut out everything but
the meals you are eating and eat with
every one of those single Sargol tab-
lets. In two weeks note the difference.
Let the scales be the judge. Five to
eight good solid pounds of healthy, "stay-
there" fat may be the net result. Sargol
aims to charge waste, stagnant blood with
millions of fresh new red blood corpuscles
—to give the blood the carrying power
to deliver every ounce of fat-making ma-
terial in your food to every part of your
body. Sargol, too, mixes with your food,
to prepare it for the blood in an easily
assimilated form. This people tell how
they have gained all the way from 10
to 15 pounds a month while taking Sargol
and say that the new flesh stays put.
Sargol tablets are a careful combination
of six of the best assimilative elements
known to chemistry. They come dis-
tributed in a package, are harmless,
and all other good druggists in this vicin-
ity sell them subject to an absolute guar-
antee of weight increase or money back
as found in every large package.

If you find a druggist who is unable to
supply you, send \$1.00 money order or
registered letter to the National
Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine St. Montreal,
and a complete ten days' treatment will
be sent you post paid in plain wrapper.

First Aid Class.—A few more names
are still required for the men's class
in first aid to the injured, which is
being formed under the auspices of the
St. John Ambulance Association. Gen-
tlemen desirous of attending the class
are requested to register promptly as
the membership of the class is limited.
Names may be sent to W. James King,
class secretary, 1809 Fernwood road,
Telephone 4260-L, or left either at the
Times office, or Y. M. C. A. office.

TIME FOR REPLY EXPIRES MONDAY

Attitude of Company to Bridge
Question Soon Will Be
Ascertained

The time set by the city council, in
which a reply must be received from the
Esquimalt & Nanaimo railway with
regard to the Johnson street bridge
expires on Monday. The harbor com-
mittee, as late as last Monday, report-
ed that the negotiations with the com-
pany are of an unsatisfactory nature,
and are "aiming" continuing the ex-
perience of the bridge committees of
the past two years. The resolution,
which was ordered to be forwarded to
the company, stated that if a satisfac-
tory agreement had not been signed by
April 10, the city would consider that
the railway company did not wish to
enter into an agreement on the mat-
ter.

The controller will submit to coun-
cil, in addition to the monthly financial
statement, a report upon the recent
financial proceedings for taking up
treasury certificates. It will show a
substantial profit on the negotiation,
and one that will reflect credit on the
advice tendered to the council by the
controller and Dominion Securities
Corporation, the city's fiscal brokers.

Some tenders for supplies for the
engineering department will be opened
at this meeting. The requirements for
the asphalt plant will be tendered for
up till the week following. Those ten-
ders which close Monday are for sand
and gravel, road and fuel oil, cement,
etc.

With regard to the bread situation,
a complaint will be read, and special
emphasis will be laid on Hamilton's
declared intentions to operate a munici-
pal bakery. The fair weights and
measures officer explains that the
actual price per 16 ounces of bread
here is 5 1/2 cents, as against 7 cents in
Hamilton, in spite of cheaper flour,
and lower cost of production in the
Ontario city. He does not see any
parallel with the circumstances in the
western city.

The civil expenditure by-law has
been waiting for some days to resolve
the attention of the city council.
Whether it will be passed on Monday,
in view of the decision yesterday fur-
ther to delay action on this matter,
remains to be seen.

The intermunicipal committee will
meet on Monday morning with regard
to the preparation of a uniform sys-
tem of regulating the milk supply of
the lower portion of the island. The
gathering has been summoned at the
request of the Saanich council. In re-
gard to the recent destruction of pre-
mises used by Hindu dairymen on
Maplewood avenue, two letters will be
read to council Monday evening.

HELD ANNUAL MEETING.

St. John's Women's Auxiliary to Mis-
sions Has Reports and Holds
Election of Officers.

The annual meeting of the St. John's
Woman's Auxiliary to Missions was
held on Tuesday last, there being a
good attendance of members present.
Rev. F. A. P. Chadwick announced the
resignation of Mrs. R. H. Walker, the
president, and paid a very warm tri-
bute to the splendid spirit in which
she had carried out her duties for the
past five years.

The reports of the recording secre-
tary, Mrs. T. Walker, and the treas-
urer, Mrs. Hawkins, showed that very
fine work had been done during the
year, and all pledges kept. The Dorcas
secretary, Mrs. Norrish, showed
that the St. John's branch had done
its share in supporting the hospitals
and schools of the Columbia Coast
Mission. The "Thankoffering" secre-
tary, Mrs. Duncan, reported that a
large thankoffering had been given than
last year. A very interesting address
was given by Mrs. Schofield, who ex-
pressed her pleasure at being able to
be present, and referred to the interest
which she had taken in the reports.
The possibilities of good in the society
were pointed out, and the speaker elo-
quently urged the members to work
with greater enthusiasm in the com-
ing year. Resolutions of thanks were
passed to the retiring officers.

The following officers were elected
for the coming year: Honorary presi-
dent, Mrs. Chadwick; honorary vice-
president, Mrs. R. H. Walker; presi-
dent, Miss Chadwick; vice-president,
Mrs. Penketh; recording secretary,
Mrs. T. Walker; treasurer, Mrs. Haw-
kins; Dorcas secretary, Mrs. Duncan;
corresponding secretary, Mrs. Crook;
thankoffering secretary, Mrs. Witter-
ton; baby branch secretary, Mrs. Kirk;
leisure secretary, Miss Ward; E. C. D.
secretary, Mrs. Gilliam; literature se-
cretary, Mrs. Oliver; flower fund, Mrs.
Garnham; delegates to diocesan board,
Mrs. Vigor and Mrs. Coulter.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Number of Matters Due for Attention
of Trustees at Monthly Meeting.

At the monthly meeting of the city
school board to be held on Wednesday,
a date will be set for the annual sing-
ing competitions in the schools in com-
petition for the Paterson senior and
junior shields.
Last year the contest took place in
April, but this year the date probably
will be about the middle of May. The
competition was very close last year,
and keen rivalry is again expected.
The judges last year were Mrs. Saun-
ders and Messrs. Kent and Macey.
Tenders are in for building cinders a-
repair the Victoria West school
grounds. Some matters with reference
to school gardens at other schools will
be before the trustees.

There will be a considerable amount
of routine business to transact.
Men are more unwilling to have their
imperfections known than their crimes—
Chesterfield.

Special Value
in Corsets,
\$1.00 Pair

Gordons
739 YATES ST. PHONE 5510

Special Value
in Nightgowns
\$1.00

Easter Shoppers Will Be Busy at This Store To-night



Dressy Silk Suits

We have a collection of the
very finest Suits of taffeta in
many exclusive styles. Prices
range from

\$32.50 to
\$40

Taffeta Silk Underskirts

Taffeta Silk Underskirts are
necessary to give the re-
quired fullness to the new
skirts. We have a fine stock
in navy, black, sage and grey.
They are made of a special
quality silk, in neat styles,
and have the necessary full-
ness. Prices \$3.90
to \$5.00

Our Popular-Priced
Millinery is Attract-
ing More Than Us-
ual Interest

—And no wonder,
considering the
beautiful showing
we are making of
Hats that are clever
reproductions of the
best imported mod-
els, at prices up
from

\$4.75

Just In! They Go
On Sale To-day



Women's Black Silk
Lisle Hose, Pair

25c

Well made, with
wide double garter
top

New Fibre Silk Sweater Coats

Fresh from the makers, in
the newest colors for
Spring—cherry, rose,
canary, purple, white, sage
and black. They are well
made in a good style, with
a girdle to tie at the waist.
Price, each \$12.50

Women's Knitted Underwear

Vests—Cotton Lisle Vests,
low neck, short or no
sleeves. Price 20c
Cotton Lisle Vests, plain or
rib knit, short or no
sleeves, plain or lace yoke.
Price 25c
Better Quality, in plain, rib
or porous knit, at 35c
and 50c
Combinations—Fine gar-
ments of cotton lisle, in
plain or rib knit, low neck,
short or no sleeves, tight
or loose knee 50c

New Waists Selling at

\$1 to \$3

Beautiful Waists in
dozens of styles that in-
clude all the newest
features of the season.
These represent the
greatest values we have
been able to offer for
some time. On sale in
the Bargain Basement.

LADIES' MUSICAL CLUB

STUDENTS' RECITAL

Annual Event Will Take Place
Next Thursday Night at
Empress Ballroom

The students' recital held annually
by the Ladies' Musical Club has al-
ways proved an interesting event to
teachers, pupils, and parents, while the
public generally have not been indis-
ferent to the event. The 1915-16 re-
cital is to take place next Thursday
evening in the Empress ballroom, com-
mencing at 8.30 o'clock, and there are
more selections than usual of an es-
pecially interesting character on the
programme. In all there are sixteen num-
bers. The first does not come properly
within the category of "students' work," as it is a little Chamade com-
position to be sung by the ladies' chorus, Mrs. R. Bennett to take the so-
lo part. But thereafter all the items
on the programme will be by pupils
of some of the well known teachers of the
city.

Piano pupils who will appear on the
programme include Miss Mona Gram-
ham, a student of Miss F. Goodwin
ton and Miss Thelma Jones, students of
Miss M. V. Clark; Miss Bertha Woot-
ton and Miss Thelma Jones, student of
Miss Norah Dod, A. R. C. M.; Mohra
Terry, student of Miss Saunders; Eva
Neal, student of Miss Long, L. R. A.
M.; Miss Griffin, student of Mrs. Sem-
ple; Hilda Anderson, student of St.
George's School; Harold Hudson, stu-
dent of Mr. A. Dobson; and Miss Lois
Cassell, student of Miss Homing.

The vocal students who will appear
are Miss Peggy Pearce, a pupil of Mrs.
R. Baird; Miss Ilma Duck, a pupil of
Mrs. MacDonald-Fahney; Mrs. D. B.
McConnan, a pupil of Miss Eva Hart.
Only two violin students are to ap-
pear. They are Colville Graham, a pu-
pil of Benedict Bantly, and Miss Meva
Stuart, a pupil of Miss Shrapnel.

The programme will be concluded by
a solo by Mr. Petch and the National
Anthem. The accompanists are to be
Mrs. Bridgewater, Miss Shrapnel, and
Mr. Dobson.

Prince Edward is the first Prince of
Wales to go on active service abroad
since the Black Prince fought in France.
No two squirrels, of whatever age or
sex, will feed peacefully alongside each
other.
The imagination gallops; judgment only
goes a footpace—French Motto.

CHIEF LANGLEY MAKES STATEMENT ON CASE

Says C. E. Mallory and G. H.
Barnard, M. P., Consulted
Him About Alleged Assault

The statement made yesterday by
C. E. Mallory before the federal public
accounts committee with regard to in-
cidents which are stated to have oc-
curred at a local hotel in connection
with the piers contract are supple-
mented by Chief Langley to-day.

He says that some time ago G. H.
Barnard, M. P., and Mallory came to
his office in company with a third man
whom he does not know, nor was he
introduced. Mallory made the com-
plaint with regard to the threats of
personal violence by the two men

named in his depositions yesterday.
As the part of the hotel where the in-
cident occurred is not a public place,
and no police officer was present, he
told Mallory the only course he could
adopt was to swear out a warrant per-
sonally. This Mallory appeared at the
time reluctant to carry out.

Mr. Barnard made a full statement
of the differences between the men
mentioned in the proceedings, and they
went away without a warrant being
applied for. The chief says he dis-
cussed the matter with the chief of de-
tectives, but the information about lo-
cating the men who had molested
Mallory was somewhat indefinite and
he felt the local police could not take
action without Mallory helping the po-
lice to locate the men complained of.

Col. Duft Stuart, district officer com-
manding, left last night for Vancouver
to stay the week-end. He will return
to Work Point on Monday.

Col. Ogilvie, who went to Vancouver
in connection with the formation there
of part of his ammunition column for
the Artillery Brigade which he is to
command, has returned to Victoria.

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